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HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

The World's Best Cycles and Motor Cars can be obtained from
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
OF THE HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

VOL. II NO. 199 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, AUGUST 22, 1914 ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

Date of Sailing.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting Aden with	Tons.
29th Aug.	Egypt	8000	....	..
5th Sept	Arabia	8000	....	..
12th ,,	Malwa	11000	....	..
19th ,,	Simla	8000	....	..
26th ,,	Morea	11000	....	..
3rd Oct.	Persia	8000	....	..
10th ,,	Maloja	125000	....	..
17th ,,	Caledonia	8000	....	..
24th ,,	Salsette	6000	Mooltan	10000
31st ,,	India	8000	....	..
7th Nov.	Salsette	6000	Macedonia	10500
14th ,,	Arabia	8000	....	..
21st ,,	Salsette	6000	Moldavia	10000
28th ,,	Malwa	11000	....	..
5th Dec.	China	8000	Medina	12500
12th ,,	Persia	8000	....	..
19th ,,	Salsette	6000	Mongolia	10000
26th ,,	Kaisar-i-Hind	11400	—	—

Tenders leave CARNAC BUNDER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at the place at 1 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN and NEW ZEALAND.

These Steamers leave Bombay usually fortnightly, on WEDNESDAY. Single and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to—

A. R. BURNEY,
Acting Superintendent,
Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

(Japan Mail Steamership Co., Ltd.)
Incorporated in Japan.
To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commander.	Ton.	Arrival.	Departure.
Penang Maru	S. Murazumi	4965	....	27th Aug.
Jinsen Maru	T. Terada	3785	28th Aug.	4th Sept.
Colombo Maru	O. Sakamoto	4709	17th Sept.	24th ,,
Rangoon Maru	H. Nomura	5143	4th Oct.	16th Oct.
Kirin Maru	M. Nakamura	3808	18th ,,	30th ,,

For Freight apply to—

T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager,
NIPPON YUSEN-KAI-SHA,
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

PHILLIPS & Co., Ltd.,

WHOLESALE & MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS.

BOMBAY & POONA.

Import Drugs, Chemicals, Surgical instruments, Chemical apparatus, Patent medicines and Druggists' sundries of every description direct from the makers, thus ensuring the best of material, from first sources—

Orders are solicited from Railways, Municipalities, Native States, Schools, Dispensaries and Families.

When you go visiting—don't have a headache and be out of sorts. Carry Stearn's Headache Cure, make your stay pleasant. Headache relieved immediately.

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES,

(JOINT SERVICE).

SAILINGS 1914.

HOMEWARD.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay about	Leave Karachi about
City of Lahore ... A&C	6875	——	1st Sept.
City of Sparta ... A&C	5415	27th Aug	——

*These steamers call at Port Sudan.

SPRING 1915

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Karachi about.	Leave Bomb about.
City of Marseilles A&C	8250	3rd Feb.	....
City of Glasgow A&C	6545	....	6th Feb.
City of Poona A&C	7474	3rd March.	....
City of Paris A&C	9239	15th ,,	17th March
City of Lahore A&C	6947	24th	....
Trafford Hall A&C	5921	—— ——	29th March
City of Manchester A&C	5551	31st March.	—— ——
City of Nagpur A&C	7500	12th April	14th Apl
City of Cairo A&C		21st ,,	—— ——
City of Benares A&C	6984	....	27th ,,
City of Marseilles A&C	8250	8th May	10th ,,
City of Poona A&C	7474	7th June	—— ——

"Trafford Hall," carries 1st Class passengers only all other steamers have accommodation for 1st and 2nd Classes.

FARES.	1st.class Singles.	1st class Returns.	2nd class Singles	2nd class Returns
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles ..... London via Marseilles.....	578	891	429	640
Liverpool ..... London via Marseilles cut from Liverpool	658	1,091	489	809
	605	957	462	704
	——	999	——	737

Concession granted to Families Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A and C Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A and C Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

Most of the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passages and full particulars apply to:—

Bombay.—Messrs. Ed. Bate & Sons, Agency.

KILLICK NIXON & Co.,

Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY-AMERICAN LINE

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
TURNER, MORRISON & CO., LTD.,
391 Agen

BANKING.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(INCORPORATED IN HONGKONG.)

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $17,650,000
Gold Reserve Fund £1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD IN HONGKONG.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Amoy.	Ipoh.	Rangoon.
Bangkok.	Johore.	Saigon.
Batavia.	Kobe.	San Francisco.
Bombay.	Kwala-Lumpur.	Shanghai.
Calcutta.	London.	Do. Hongkew.
Canton.	Lyons.	Singapore.
Colombo.	Malacca.	Sourabaya.
Foochow.	Manila.	Taipeh.
Hamburg	Nagasaki.	Tientsin.
Hankow.	New York.	Tsingtau.
Harbin.	Peking.	Yokohama.
Hongkong.	Penang.	Yloilo.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

40, Churchgate Street.

Are you losing weight? Muscles weak and flabby? Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract builds up broken-down tissues and produces sound healthy flesh—increases your weight.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS as follows:—

FOR KARACHI.

WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessels. Tons. Sailing Date Time Routes.

DWARKA, 1695 Thursday 27th Aug. Direct.
LUASA, 2144 Fri. 28th Aug. *6 a.m. Direct.

*or on arrival of English mail steamer

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

(Weekly.)

S. S. "DWARKA" 1695 tons, on Thursday 27th August, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Henjam Linga, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

Extra sailings at frequent intervals.

FOR SEYCHELLES EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

(Fortnightly.)

A STEAMER to be named later.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA.

(Direct.)

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Strait Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier,
Bombay.

22nd Aug. 1914.

SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.

LIST OF HOMEWARD SAILINGS 1914-1915.

Steam	Tonnage	Captain.	Leave Bombay about.
Elysia	6368	J. Kinnaird	24th Aug. 1914
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	12th Sept. 1914
Olympia	5124	J. L. Henderson	23rd Sept 1914
Circassia	6722	C.F. Osborne R.D.R. N.R.	10th Oct. 1914
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st Oct. 1914
Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	6th Nov. 1914
Elysia	6368	J. Kinnaird	21st Nov. 1914
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	7th Dec. 1914
Olympia	5124	J. L. Henderson	22nd Dec. 1914
Circassia	6722	C.F. Osborne R.D.R. N.R.	7th Jan. 1915
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	2nd Jan. 1915
Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	9th Feb. 1915

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FOR HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON.

Elysia	6368	J. Kinnaird	24th Feb. 1915
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	15th March 1915
Olympia	5124	J. L. Henderson	20th March 1915
Circassia	6722	C.F. Osborne R.D.R. N.R.	15th April 1915
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	27th April 1915
Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	8th May 1915
Elysia	6368	J. Kinnaird	20th May 1915

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413	627
Bombay to Port Said	448	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	578	924
Bombay to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	596	891
Bombay to Liverpool	605	957
Bombay to New York	841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fares from Suez	446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to Families. Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include free passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

POONA SEASON.

Visitors to Poona will Find the most Up-to-date place for BREAKFAST, TIFFIN, DINNER AND AFTERNOON TEA AT

F. CORNAGLIA'S,

Leading Confectioner and Caterer of Western India.

Local and Mofussil Orders promptly and carefully executed.

All Caterings in the most recherche Style.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

F. CORNAGLIA,

83, Medow Street,
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And 6, Arsena. Road; POONA.

Telegrams 'Cornaglia.' Telephone No. 42.

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NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

Esplanade Road, Fort BOMBAY.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,100,000

Head Office.
26, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.

Branches.

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombasa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisumu
Amritsar	Newera-Eliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

are opened for Approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS.

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia.

Remittances may be by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

JAMES SMITH,
Acting Manager.

Post Box 121.

(Incorporated in Great Britain.)

TOTAL FUNDS.....£19,618,135

ANNUAL INCOME.....£7,542,708

FIRE, LIFE, MARINE, PROFITS AND MOTOR CAR INSURANCE

Send for Prospectus and Particulars to:—

G. M. ROSS, Resident Secretary

Royal Insurance Buildings, BOMBAY.

Or, T. H. MOORE & Co., Chief Agents

Hummum St., Fort,

BOMBAY.

THE BURMAH OIL Co., Ltd.

SCOTLAND.)

B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS.

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NOTE:—NAVAL and MILITARY OFFICERS proceeding on WAR SERVICE are offered a special discount of 20 per cent on our usual Prices on

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FOR THE ARMY

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For Wrist wear or for the pocket, we can supply the BEST and therefore the cheapest from Rs. 15.

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The BEST again, in GOERZ PRISMS & BUSCH PRISMS also ENGLISH PRISMS at Rs. 90.

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GOERZ ANSCHUTZ or the TENAX POCKET cameras weighing from 8½ Ozs. All fitted with GOERZ' world renowned lenses. From Rs. 112.

MARCKS & Co., Ltd.,

BOMBAY & POONA.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan.)

ESTABLISHED 1880.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... ,, 60,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... ,, 16,980,000
HEAD OFFICE YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsien	Liaoyang	Osaka
Changchun	Calcutta	Pekin
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Kobe	New York	Tokyo
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

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THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.)

Capital Authorised ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Issued and Subscribed ... Rs. 19,36,700
Capital Paid up ..... Rs. 11,24,978
Reserve Fund (In G. P. Notes) 10,40,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches—

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Bhan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lylpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkote, and Srinagar.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS, and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to—

SRI RAM, B.A.,
Manager.

THE MOTOR UNION.

INSURANCE Co., Ld.,

WHICH WAS

Founded by Motorists for Motorists

OFFERS

Special Comprehensive Policy

Some special features are:

No Limit to Number of Claims in year.
Prompt and Liberal Settlement of Claims.
Complete Cover and Absolute Security.
Moderate Premium and Equitable Treatment.

Prospectus and rates on application to—

E. F. HALLIWELL.

General Agent,
"BIBLE HOUSE", 166, Hornby Road,
FORT, BOMBAY.

Telephone: 2352. Tel. Address "Baltic".
11, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

BY APPOINTMENT.

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ACCIDENT FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION, LTD.

(INCORPORATED IN GREAT BRITAIN.)

Assets Exceed.....Rs. 3,75,00,000
Claims Paid.....Rs. 10,50,00,000

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Special Policies and Low Quotations for—

FIRE
BURGLARY
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BICYCLE
LIVE STOCK

ACCIDENT & SICKNESS
FIDELITY GUARANTEE
PLATE GLASS
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INSURANCES.

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INDIAN BRANCH:—

12-18, Church Gate St., BOMBAY.
(P. O. Box 112.)

Manager for India—G. M. ROSE.

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ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words, Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.
Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.
Advertiser are requested to note that the Publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.
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may be had on application to—
The Manager "Bombay Chronicle."

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ENGLISH dessert PEARS & APPLES 9 lbs. nett, by V. P. parcel post, Rs.3/8 all charges included. Apply to CAPTAIN BANON. The Manali Orchards, Kulu-Panjab, Telegrams "Banon-Kulu." 3031

THE CARLTON HOTEL.—Exclusively for Europeans, the premier Residential Hotel of Bombay. Reputedly the finest cuisine. Every modern convenience and comfort; suites or single rooms from Rs. 5 per day. Special terms on application to the MANAGER. 416

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workmen at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona, Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos.

LATEST MODEL OVERLAND MOTOR CARS—We can OFFER balance of stock at very low prices to clear 25-30 h.-p. 4 cylinder, quick detachable rims, fully equipped, silent running, economical upkeep, going at bargain prices. Only a limited number, apply immediately:—
AMERICAN AUTOMOBILE COMPANY,
35, Medows Street,
Bombay.
3058

ROSSKOPE & CO.'S Genuine first class Watches, The "Ashkara," holding several gold medals for the improved and newly patented reliable mechanism with maker's original guarantee.
Nicket 18"', 19"', or 21"', Rs. 9-12 each.
Nicket 18"', with seconds, Rs. 10-2 each.
Silver 17"', Rs. 16-12 each.
R. H. PATUCK & Co.,
14, Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay.

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WANTED LADIES AND GENTLEMEN going abroad to advantageously sell their Furniture, etc., in one lot No. 100 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3456

WANTED WELL EXPERIENCED MECHANICAL ENGINEER to give lessons, Practical and Theoretical, in Cotton Ginning. For particulars, apply to Box No. 817 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 3...

WANTED an EXPERT for POTTE... WORKS must understand manufacturing of pipes, Tiles and Electrical Trunships, etc., Apply with copies of certificates to PARASHRAM BALWANT GUNPULE Proprietor BRICK FACTORY BHIMANATH Baroda. 6501

REQUIRED for Girls' Hospital, in the Lawrence Memorial School, a HOSPITAL MATRON. Salary Rs. 45-1-50 p.m. with free quarters, uniform and board, or an allowance of Rs. 20 in lieu of board.
Also a COMPOUNDER on Rs. 17 p.m. plus Rs. 3 Hill allowance plus free quarters.
Appointments will be in first instance on 6 months' probation. Apply, with copies of testimonials to the PRINCIPAL, Lovedale, Nilgiri Hills. 2408

WANTED—An energetic, painstaking and honest Secretary for the Upper India Couper Paper Mills Company, Limited, Lucknow. Preference will be given to men possessing business aptitude, force of character, executive, administrative and intellectual capacity, with ability to enforce discipline and to control subordinates. A thorough knowledge of accounts and book-keeping a great recommendation. Salary Rs. 250 to Rs. 300 according to qualifications Bungalow and medical attendance free. Punkah and Tatti allowances during the hot weather.
Applications, with copies of testimonials, to be addressed up to the 31st August, to the MANAGER, U. I. Couper Paper Mills Co., Ld., Lucknow. 2411

WANTED AMBITIOUS MEN

Desirous of qualifying themselves for good position to read this carefully, as vacancies are constantly occurring for men in all professions.
We can prepare you in your own home, privately, in your spare time, at a reasonable cost, to obtain a well-paid position, improve your present position, or increase your salary. You need not leave your present employment. Over 120 Courses taught in the following professions and trades:—

Accountancy	Engineering in all branches.
Advertising	Salesmanship
Agricultural	Poultry Farming
Analytical Chemistry	Mining
Applied Art	Dairy Farming
Business Training	

Mention profession in which you are interested and write for free prospectus to:—
THE REGISTRAR
International Correspondence School, Dept. A/ES.
11, Hamam Street, Bombay.

WANTED.

WANTED:—CANVASSERS for DOOR NAME-PLATES, salary Rs. 60, or good commission given. The STAR INDUSTRIAL WORKS, Opp. Mahomedi Mahal, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. 3601

WANTED SECOND HAND DE DION Four seater one, two or four CYLINDERS. State Car Register No. Apply to Box No. 822, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3610

WANTED. ONE INTERMEDIATE FRAME in perfect working order new or second-hand by PLATT or TWEEDALES and SMALLEY. Apply to Box No. 816, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3585

LADY HAVING COMFORTABLE HOME with her daughter at Byculla Has room for Lady or Gentleman boarder. Terms Rs. 30/- only, cot and bedding supplied. Apply to Box No. 821, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3604

WANTED AT ONCE—An EXPERIENCED URDU KNOWING HINDU GRADUATE teacher, must be above 30 years of age. Free lodging and salary between Rs. 40 and 60, according to qualifications.—Apply with full particulars to INSPECTOR of EDUCATION, Datia (Bundelkhand). 2413

WANTED A CHIEF ACCOUNTANT for a LARGE CONTRACTING FIRM in Bombay. Only fully qualified and experienced men need apply. Pay according to ability. Deposit required. Apply to Box No. 819, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3598

WANTED—For the Sir D. M. Petit School of Industrial Arts, Ahmednagar, a SUPERINTENDENT. Salary Rs. 175-15-250. Applicants must be practical men, and have a thorough knowledge of carpentry. Industries followed at present are Carpentry. Metal-hammering, Cloth-weaving and Carpet-making. Apply to the PRINCIPAL. 2407

WANTED—A qualified Manager to supervise the felling and conservation of trees in the Hazara forests. Must be young and of active habits. Pay Rs. 250 to Rs. 350. Only experienced hands need apply to—
RAI SAHIB TIRATH RAM SHAH,
2414 Nawashehr, via Abbottabad.

WANTED for the Larkana Municipality a SANITARY INSPECTOR on Rs. 50—2—70. Applicants should state their age, qualifications and experience. Preference will be given to a Sub-Assistant Surgeon or Suboverseer who has taken a course in Sanitation at a recognised school. Applications should be submitted to the President, Larkana Municipality.
CHANDIRAM B.,
Chairman, Managing Committee,
2407 Larkana Municipality.

WANTED AN ENGINEER for the DEWAS STATE 2, Central India, on a salary of Rs. 100/- plus Rs. 10/- as conveyance allowance and quarters. None who are not L. C. E's and MECHANICAL ENGINEERS need apply. The appointment will be probationary for six months. Applications should be sent not later than the 1st of SEPTEMBER 1914, to the SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL, Dewas State 2, C. I. 3611

REQUIRED—A CONTROLLER of the Palace Household. Must be a European of the Gazetted Officers class interested in house decoration, and catering arrangements. Pay up to Rs. 800 vide qualifications, free house and conveyance. Apply before 1st September and send photograph with application (which will not be returned) to
THE HOME MINISTER,
To His Highness' Government,
Alwar State, Rajputana.

AN ENERGETIC GENTLEMAN, having over 20 years' all-round practical experience in Piecegoods and Sundries of the Bombay, Punjab and Calcutta Markets, at present in charge of the Piecegoods Department of a large European Firm, will SHORTLY BE OPEN for engagement. Confident of initiating new or developing existing business. Reasonable salary with participation in profits required. Apply to Box No. 810, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3561

APPLICATIONS are INVITED for the POST of 10th COMPILER in the office of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, W. R. D. Nasik.
The pay is Rs. 15 per mensem rising by an annual increment of Re. 1 to a maximum of Rs. 25.
The compilers stand a chance of rising gradually according to seniority and merit to the post of Head Clerk of the office on Rs. 70 per month.
Only candidates that have passed the school final examination and possessing a knowledge of Marathi and Typewriting need apply.
Applications should be sent to the undersigned before the end of the month giving the age of the applicant with copies of testimonials and certificates.
J. F. D'MELLO,
L.M.S., D.P.H., D.T.M., & H.,
Ag. Deputy Sanitary Commissioner,
W. R. D.

FOR THE
REMOVAL OF GOODS
OF ANY DESCRIPTION
Apply to the MANAGER:
THE KING EDWARD
INDUSTRIAL HOME.
CLARE ROAD, BYCULLA.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Very cheap, owner leaving Bombay. A CABINET SIZE CAMERA, in very good order. 41, Medow Street, Fort. 3608

FOR SALE.—REMINGTON VISIBLE TYPEWRITER No. 10, absolutely new with accessories. Rs. 300 no offers. Apply "B. C." c/o Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2406

FOR SALE:—THREE WOOD WORKING MACHINES, SAND PAPERING MACHINE MORTISER, and wood turning lathe. THE STAR INDUSTRIAL WORKS, 13-17, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. 3601

FOR SALE.—A PLAYER-PIANO of special design, absolutely perfect nearly new, suitable for large hall or palace, cost Rs. 2,150. Inclusive of fine collection of rolls, price Rs. 1,400. Apply Box No. 814, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3581

TO BE LET.

TO SUBLET DAVAR VILLA Sea Side Bandra, reasonable terms till end of October. Apply Mr. M. V. MERCHANT, Secretariat, Bombay. 3541

TO BE LET.—An up to date GODOWN recently built by Messrs. RICHARDSON and CRUDDAS, size 100ft. X 80 X 16 near the docks. For further particulars apply to Messrs. RUTTONJI BOMONJI & Co., 1 Forbes Street. 3574

TO BE LET.—Immediate occupation PART FLAT fully furnished at Colaba, containing 3 rooms, 2 baths, electric lights and fans suitable for 2 bachelors or married couple. Apply to Box No. 541, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2415

TO LET—FIRST FLOOR of BAMANJI CASINATH'S, Nepeansea Road, BUNGLOW having big Hall, 4 rooms, whole veranda, separate servant room and Godown, one stall for carriage and horse with coachman's room; gas fitting everywhere. Also —4 STABLES STALLS at GOA STREET rent Rs. 12. Write or call for both at tris office, 13-15 Oak Lane, Fort Bombay. 3486

NOTICES.

EDUCATIONAL APPOINTMENT.

UNDER THE POLITICAL AGENCY OF KATHIAWAR, BOMBAY GOVERNMENT.

WANTED, early for the Talukdari Girassia School (school for sons of petty Chiefs and Estate holders, at present 67 boarders) at Wadhwan Camp, Kathiawar, India.
A SUPERINTENDENT. Salary Rs. 350 p.m. (£1 sterling—Rs. 15) rising by biennial increments of Rs. 50 to Rs. 600 p.m.; house (unfurnished) provided free; the appointment is pensionable (maximum pension Rs. 300 p.m. on reaching 55 years of age after 30 years' service); first year on probation within which period Gujarati language, according to the lower standard examination to be passed and higher standard in second year; an Englishman, English University graduate, about 25 years' age (married or unmarried), good at games preferred; on appointment first class railway fare in India and 2nd class P. and O. fare, if from England, will be allowed with return fare, if unconfirmed. Candidates should apply with copies of testimonials, which will not be returned, to THE POLITICAL AGENT, Halar, Rajkot, Kathiawar, India. 2500

WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS.

THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the CLUB MEMBERS of the WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB will be held in the Members' Stand at the Race Course, Poona, at 8-30 a.m. on SATURDAY, 26TH SEPTEMBER, 1914.
BUSINESS.
1. To pass the accounts for the year ending 31st March 1914.
2. To consider the grant of a donation of Rs. 50,000 to one of the War Funds now being organised.
3. To consider certain alterations to the Club Rules of the Club.
4. To discuss any other business brought forward.

By Order,
J. E. HUGHES,
Major.
Secretary,
Western India Turf Club.
Poona, 22nd August, 1914, 3603

NOTICE.

Re: Insolvency of VELJI NARPAL & Co., VASANJI VELJI & Co., and VASANJI PASSU & Co.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Trustees appointed by the High Court of Bombay, in Insolvency, by Order dated the 8th day of February, 1914, have declared a SECOND DIVIDEND of one and a half annas in the rupee to be paid on and from WEDNESDAY the 26th August 1914, to such creditors of the abovenamed firms who have proved their claims before the Trustees.
Bombay 19th August, 1914.
JAMSEDJEE RUSTOMJEE & DEVIDAS,
3584 Attorneys for the Trustees.

THE BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK WILL BE CLOSED ON MONDAY the 24th instant that day being a Public Holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act 1881.
J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 17th August, 1914. 3572

NOTICE.

DUPLICATION OF TANSA WATER WORKS.

TENDERS are invited for clearing 36" and 48" C. I. PIPES and Specials from Docks and delivering them at various places in Bombay and at Coorla. For further particulars apply to Turner, Hoare & Co., Bombay. 3602

NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT NO. 352 OF 1913.
MANCHERJI PALLONJI CONTRACTOR .....Plaintiff.
V/S
DHANJIBHOY BOMANJI CAMA ...Defendant

PURSUANT to the Decree made in the above Suit and bearing date the 29th day of January, 1914, and the Judge's Order, dated the 24th day of February, 1914, in the said suit the following immoveable properties will be sold by Public Auction in five separate lots by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court on the premises on SATURDAY the 5th day of SEPTEMBER, 1914 at the hour of four o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).
PARTICULARS.
All the right title and interest of the Plaintiff and the Defendant abovenamed in the following properties:—
Lot No. 1:—All that the moiety of a piece of land being a portion of Survey No. 59 Pot No. 1 in the village of Kerole Taluka Salsette Jilla Thana in the registration sub-district of Thana now that of Kurla commonly known as Plots Nos. 1 and 2 of the Diana Park estate and admeasuring about three thousand two hundred and fifty-one square yards and one half of another square yard or thereabouts beginning from the west side of the said Plot.
Lot No. 2:—All that the moiety of a piece of land being a portion of survey No.73 Pot No. 1 in the village of Kerole Taluka Salsette Jilla Thana in the Registration sub-district of Thana now that of Kurla commonly known by Plot No. 22 of the Diana Park estate and admeasuring about one thousand six hundred and thirty seven yards or thereabouts beginning from the North side of the said Plot by the side of the Road U of the said estate.
Lot No. 3:—All that piece of land being a portion of Survey No. 59 Pot No. 1 in the village of Kerole Taluka Salsette Jilla Thana in the registration sub-district of Thana now that of Kurla commonly known by plot No. 13 of the Diana Park estate and admeasuring about one thousand six hundred and twenty-one square yards or thereabouts.
Lot No. 4:—All that the moiety of a piece of land being a portion of Survery No. 73 Pot No. 1 in the village of Kerole Taluka Salsette Jilla Thana in the registration sub-district of Thana now that of Kurla commonly known by Plot No. 23 of Diana Park estate and admeasuring about five hundred and seventy-eight square yards or thereabouts.
Lot No. 5:—All that the moiety of a piece of land being a portion of Survey No. 73 Pot No. 1 in the village of Kerole Taluka Salsette Jilla Thana in the registration sub-district of Thana now that of Kurla commonly known by Plot No. 25 of the Diana Park estate and admeasuring about nine hundred and twenty two square yards or thereabouts.
For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Manchershah and Narmadashankar, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 13, Military Square Lane, Fort, Bombay.
Dated this 21st day of July, 1914.
(Sd.) J. E. MODI,
3438 Commissioner.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that MIYA UMAR BIN NAKHODA USMANBHAI has agreed to sell to our clients Pathan Bahadurkhan Mahomedkhan and Bai Salambibi widow of Nakhoda Abdulabhai Umarbhai the undermentioned properties. Any person or persons having any claim to or upon the said properties by way of sale, gift, trust, mortgage, lease, lien or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 135 Esplanade Road, Fort and to the Collector of Bombay and the Assessor and Collector of Assessment within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed after the expiration of the said period without regard to any such claim which will thereafter be considered as waived and void.
PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES.
Firstly:—All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land of which Nursoo Sayaboo is the present Fazendar containing by admeasurement 188 1/9 square yards or thereabouts with the messuage tenement or dwelling house or Range or Chawl of Buildings and premises standing thereon assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Ward D No. 2192 Street Nos. 288, 290 and 296 situate at Falkland Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the said Falkland Road, on or towards the West by a Gully and the property of Sha Maneckchand Rajaram on or towards the North by a passage and on or towards the South by the property of Goolam Nubee and which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Miya Umar bin Nakhoda Usmanbhai.
Secondly:—All that piece of Fazendari land or ground of which Nursoo Sayaboo is the Fazendar containing by admeasurement 34 4/9 square yards with the two privies standing thereon fronting on the North side of a private passage opening on the West side of Falkland Road and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the property of Memon Saley Mahomed Shutriwalla, on or towards the West by a Gully and beyond which is the property of Memon Abba Mewa, on or towards the North by the property of Nagoo Sayajee and on or towards the South by a passage both of which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Miya Umar bin Nakhoda Usmanbhai.
Thirdly:—All that piece of Fazendari land or ground containing by admeasurement 319 7/9 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house together with the Chawls and a privy adjacent thereto standing thereon situate lying and being without the Fort of Bombay at the Southern side of Falkland Road or otherwise called Duncan Road on the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 2177 and Street Nos. 198 and 206 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the property of Dhunbai widow of Parsi Rustomjee on or towards the West by the property of Khoja Hassam Purdham on or towards the North by Falkland Road aforesaid and on or towards the South by the property of Bowa Shankardas Gopaldas together with the right of Sweepers passage leading from the South side of the said property and also together with the gully or passage on the East and West of the said property, and which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Miya Umar bin Nakhoda Usmanbhai.
Dated this 21st day of August, 1914.
TYABJI DAYABHAI & CO.,
3609 Purchasers' Attorneys.

NOTICE.

A BRANCH OFFICE of the INDIAN ECONOMICAL and The STANDARD RELIANCE ASSURANCE CO., LTD., of Calcutta is opened at 63-71, Kalbadevi Road (No. 2) Princess Street, Bombay. 3415

When you go visiting—don't have a headache and be out of sorts. Carry Stearn Headache Cure, make your stay pleasant. Headache relieved immediately.

NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE. JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.
Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of CHUNILAL MOKAMCHAND widower late of Poona Jain Hindu Inhabitant ..... Deceased.
1. FULCHAND GULABCHAND. 2. POPATLAL BHAICHAND and 3 PURSHOTTAMDAS BHAICHAND all of Ahmedabad Jain Hindu Inhabitants, Shroffs carrying on business at Ahmedabad at present residing at Champa Gulli outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioners.
ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.
Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this nineteenth day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and fourteen and in the fifth year of our Reign.
(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Seal of the High Court at Bombay
Registrar.
(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
The 19th day of August, 1914.
Messrs. MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS,
Petitioners Attorneys.
3615

NOTICE.

WE now invite applications from Ladies of all nationalities wishing to have admittance in the SINGER SEWING SCHOOL to be started early in September in the Ibrahim Rahimtulla Buildings, next to Ajay House, Princess Street, where instruction in cutting-out, dress-making in all its branches and art embroidery will be efficiently imparted by EXPERIENCED LADY INSTRUCTRESSES employing all modern methods.
The location of the School is central and convenient being accessible both by Train and Tram in two minutes.
For particulars of the hours of attendance and Fees please apply to
SINGER SEWING MACHINE COMPANY,
Hornby Road, Fort,
3613 Bombay.

AUCTION SALE.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24, 26, Bank Street, Fort.
BONA-FIDE SALE.
IMPORTANT TO TAILORS, MERCHANTS AND GENTLEMEN.
AUCTION SALE of Pieces of Superior Venetians and Corded Coatings, Suiting Flannels, Tweeds, Whip Cords, and Fancy Suiting Worsteds, White and Knitted Serge, super-coloured Pinhead and Venetian Coatings, etc., suitable for the occasion of the coming Parsi New Year's Day.
THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 22nd day of August, 1914, at 2-30 p. m., Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction in the shop, opposite Messrs. Treacher and Co., on Esplanade Road, and next to Messrs. Dunnett and Co., at the corner of Medows Street, Fort, by order of the firm concerned a consignment of superior woollen piece-goods received per S. S. "Macedonia," comprising:—
Fancy checked, vicuna, covert and worsted coatings, black and blue superior venetians and corded coatings, blue twill serge coatings, fancy coloured superior whipcord coatings, fancy coloured pinhead and venetian coatings, suiting and tennis flannels, tweeds, white twill and knitted serge, fancy trouserings, white striped serge, etc. of 3 to 10 yards in length.
The remnants will be sold singly to suit the requirements of the purchasers.
The above is on view.
J. S. MODY, & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, August 22nd, 1914.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS, 21, MEDOWS STREET,
POSTPONEMENT OF SALE.
The Sale of Immoveable Property known as "Minocher Villa," situate at Sassoon Dock, Colaba, advertised to take place, THIS DAY, by order of Mr. Cowasji Muncheherji Daver, is postponed till further notice.
SALE OF HACKNEY VICTORIAS AND HORSES.
Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI & Co., will by order of the Owners sell by public auction on WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of August, 1914, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), at the stable of Mr. Nensey Khairaj opposite Government Telegraph Store Depot, Mazagaon the following:—
4 Hackney Licensed Victorias bearing No. 58, 501, 655, and 1446
8 Horses Arab country bred and Australian, and sets of harness.
The victorias are recently fitted with new rubber tyres and are in good working condition. License fee is paid for plying upto 31st December, 1914.
May be viewed on or before the day of sale.
SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, August 22nd, 1914.

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.
THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 3-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.
By order of the Bank and on account and risk of the concerned—
C.B.C. and Co., 2482 No.24, 46—23 cases empty bottles.
3 casks, about 150 lbs. cocoa.
AT 2 p.m., (S. T.)
1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature office brougham.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria in good order.
1 bay pony, quiet in harness.
1 grey Arab, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 handsome strong English built rubber-tyred victoria with a punch cullian Arab horse and a set of harness.
AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT PRINCESS STREET.
Under instruction from Messrs. Khunderao Laud and Mehta, Attorneys for Messrs. Khumaji Gujaji and Co., the mortgagee under an indenture of mortgage bearing date the 17th day of April 1914 and in exercise of the Power of Sale reserved under the said mortgage, Messrs. BENNET and Co., will sell off by Public Auction, the immoveable property at Princess Street, on Thursday the 3rd day of September, 1914, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), on account and at the risk of the mortgagor at the premises:—
All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate lying and being on the south side of the Princess Street on the Princess Street Estate Scheme No. 11. being Plot No. 3 in the Town and Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement six hundred and twenty-three (623) square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey Nos. 8243, 8244 and 8246 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under Ward C. Nos. 2943, 2947—2952 and 2941—2942 Street Nos. 72, 81, 85—90 and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the North by the Princess Street, on or towards the East by Plot No. 4 of the Improvement Trust Estate agreed to be leased to Chaturbhuj Jeewandas, on or towards the South by the land of the Board laid out as a service passage and on or towards the West by a position of the said estate leased to the city of Bombay Building Company Limited.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Khunderao Laud and Mehta Solicitors at their office No. 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.
BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 22nd August, 1914.

MEHTA & CO.

ON GOVERNMENT & G. I. P. RAILWAY LISTS.
53, Medows Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 1285.
NOTICE.
Messrs. MEHTA and CO., Auctioneers, beg to inform the public that they hold their usual weekly sales every Tuesday where they sell furniture, piece goods and other sundry goods on very reasonable commission. Enquiries about sales solicited, prompt attention and best results guaranteed.
WEEKLY SALE.
On TUESDAY, the 25th day of August, 1914, at 3 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at their rooms No. 53. Medows Street, Fort, a lot of sundry articles, furniture &c., such as:—
Drawing room suits of sofas and chairs, single and double almyrahs, wooden bedsteads, cupboards, chairs, easychairs, babacars, baba motor carts, hat stands, wall-blocks, phonographs and records, iron safes, tiled teapoys, &c., &c.
A lot of electro plated ware, such as teapot, coffeepot, trays, butterpot, fancy carving knife sets, and cutlery, &c.
1 large icebox with refrigerator.
1 chesterfield sofa.
10 casks liquor Ammonia, 3 cases assorted essences, &c., &c.
7 fancy lady's hats.
At 3-30 p.m., (S. T.)
Several gents' cycles by different makers.
MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, August 22nd, 1914.

THE SOUND INVESTMENT AGENCY.

EVERY description of Shares and Securities bought and sold at the most favourable rates. Expert and reliable advice and information given free of charge to Investors. The Investors' Referee, a monthly guide giving quotations of shares and securities, sent gratis on application. List of daily quotations forwarded if required. Great facility afforded to mofussil customers. Orders of any amount promptly executed and thorough satisfaction guaranteed. Highest references given.
Telegraphic Address: "SURETY," Bombay.
61, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

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AUCTION SALE.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
16, Apollo Street, Fort.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF THE STOCK-IN-TRADE (PHOTO-MATERIALS) SHOP FURNITURE, AND THE GOOD-WILL OF THE SHOP OF MESSRS. D. M. DUKLE & CO., (THE OLD-STANDING FIRM ESTABLISHED 1871).

Under instructions from Messrs. D. M. Dukle & Co., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 22nd August, 1914, at 2-30 p. m., (S. T.), at the shop of Messrs. D. M. Dukle & Co. in Hummum Street, all the stock-in-trade of Photo-materials consisting of hand and stand cameras, extra slides, lenses, camera cases, dark room lamps, tripod stands, dishes of various sorts, photographic books, chemicals, printing frames, albums, paste mounts, and slip-in, cupboards, sliding door cupboards, show cases, tables, copying press, platform scale with weights, chairs, stools and sundry articles.

The above is on view.

N.B.—Firstly all the stock-in-trade with the good-will of the shop will be put up to auction in one lot and if there be no purchasers for the whole concern in one lot, the photo-materials &c., will be sold on the same day in small lots to suit the purchasers' convenience.

BONA FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE of Real Satsuma-ware. Japanese Vases, Tea and Coffee Sets, English Leather Goods, Oleographs, Engravings and Pictures in Frame. Perfumery, Lady's Hats, etc., suitable for Presentations and Shop Furniture.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 23rd and WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), each day, by Public Auction at the shop lately occupied by Messrs. Hardinge and Co., at the Mahomedi Mahal Buildings, Dhobi Talao, all the Stock-in-Trade of a merchant closing his business, such as:—

A lot of real satsumaware suitable for presentation, Japanese vases, tea and coffee sets, large jars, English leather goods, such as hand-bags, suit cases, solid linen bags, oleographs engravings and pictures in frame, a lot of perfumery, scents, shaving sticks, smoking pipes, lady's hats, shop furniture, such as tables, chairs, glass door show cases, hat stands, tiled top teapoys, etc.

The above is on view.

NOTICE.

MONDAY next the 24th instant being a Public Holiday, our usual weekly sale will be held on Tuesday the 25th instant.

WEEKLY SALE.

On TUESDAY the 25th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by public auction at their Rooms No 16, Apollo Street, Fort, a great quantity of grey, coloured and woolen piece-goode and the following:—

Furniture such as mirrored door single and double almiras, chest-of-drawers, fancy tiled top teapoys, arm and armless chairs, easy and rocking chairs, marble top round and octagon tables, dressing and writing and wash-hand tables, bookstands, hatstands, towel horses, show cases, drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, phonographs with records, etc.

By order of the office concerned:—

20 years old X X X Chestenet Brandy will be sold in each lot of one box.

The property of a European lady:—

Wearing apparels such as dresses, petticoats, frocks, gowns, combinations, corsets, belts, stockings, coats, skirts, boots and shoes, etc.

The property of a European gentleman:—

1 gramophone (Cabinet) standing 3 ft. 6 inches with its best selected 30 records.

By order of the Insurance Company concerned:—

4 bales grey American Pepprell Drills ex S. S. Kalinga: bales Nos. 99115, 99157 99131, 99125.

By order of B. N. Lang Esq., the Official Assignee Bombay and the Assignee of the estate and effects of the following insolvents:—

Re:—Ghelabhai Denji Shah, and others:—

15 bags white Teel-seeds, beam scale with weights, Mehta box, gadla, one cask and tins containing sweet oil, empty casks, and tins for oil.

Re:—Ebrahim Esmail Memon:—

Cupboard, bench, beam scales with weights.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

2 rubber-tyred victoria.
2 rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 rubber-tyred brougham.

By order of B. N. Lang Esq., the Official Assignee Bombay and the Assignee of the estate of Abdulkader Mulla Essabhoy and ors., traded in Bombay in the name of Motabhoy Mulla Essabhoy:—

1 rubber-tyred victoria.
1 rubber-tyred shigram.
2 Arab horses.
1 Surti jecka and a pony.

AT 3 P.M. (S.T.)

Several gent's second-hand bicycles.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

SALE ON FRIDAY, THE 28TH AUGUST, 1914, AT 2-30 P. M. (S. T.).

On FRIDAY, the 28th August 1914, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at No. 5, Colaba Causeway, opposite the Church near Apollo Hotel, very valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved (made to order) household furniture, consisting of sliding dining table, arm and armless chairs, mirror back sideboard, dinner waggons, dumbwaiters, meatsafes, upholstered drawing room cushioned and silk-lined suite of sofas and chairs, handsome side and corner cabinets, fancy tiled top teapoys, marble top tables, rich engraving, table ornaments, vases, wall clocks, wall brackets, single and double mirror door almyrahs, iron single and double bedsteads, dressing and wash-hand tables, clothes and gown presses, reclining sofas, sweet-toned cottage piano, Milner's special-made safe, sweet-toned phonograph with records, rich glass and porcelainware, platedware, ice-box, etc., the property of E. N. Mistry, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, August 22nd, 1914.

AUCTION SALE.

CRAWFORD & Co.—(*Continued.*)

sisting of sliding dining table, arm and armless chairs, mirror back sideboard, dinner waggons, dumbwaiters, meatsafes, upholstered drawing room cushioned and silk-lined suite of sofas and chairs, handsome side and corner cabinets, fancy tiled top teapoys, marble top tables, rich engraving, table ornaments, vases, wall clocks, wall brackets, single and double mirror door almyrahs, iron single and double bedsteads, dressing and wash-hand tables, clothes and gown presses, reclining sofas, sweet-toned cottage piano, Milner's special-made safe, sweet-toned phonograph with records, rich glass and porcelainware, platedware, ice-box, etc., the property of E. N. Mistry, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, August 22nd, 1914.

AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL CINEMATOGRAPH

CHARNI ROAD.

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TO-NIGHT

We shall present that great and striking film

NAPOLEON

FOREWORD

The life story of Napoleon Bonaparte has been often retold and indeed it is a well-nigh inexhaustible subject. His character was so many-sided that to judge every aspect of it is impossible—a brave soldier, a brilliant strategist, a far-seeing law-giver; equally great amid the calm splendour of a court as among the horrors and discomforts of a martial camp; absolutely unique, yet intensely human: such was Napoleon Bonaparte. A boundless passion for power, domination and greatness ruled his life. He was a link between two ages: the age of the sword and our present age of prosaic industrialism.

The film is published by
PATHE FRERES.

4,500 FEET 4,500

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Napoleon in Egypt.
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"O fading honours of the dead!
Of high ambition, lowly laid!"

The Imperial Management leave their patrons to judge the magnificent film with every confidence in their verdict.

3 Shows Nightly 3

7-0 to 8-30, 8-45 to 10-15, 10-30 to 12.
Prize Shows Saturday and Sunday 5 to 6-30.
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SENSATIONAL, EXCITING AND HIGHLY INTERESTING FILMS.

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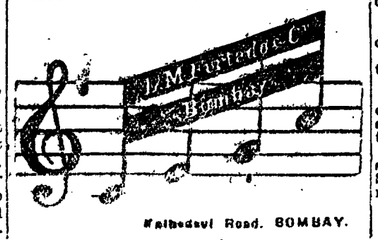
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6-30 TWICE NIGHTLY **10 p.m.**

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The Big Vaudeville Show
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BAU MALAGAS
Whirlwind Spanish Dancers
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An Artiste who 'can" Sing
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3,000 FEET—IN 3 PARTS.

A Tale of a Lover and a Gang of desperate Diamond Thieves.

SEE DEATH CHEATED EVERY TIME.

See the jump from a high bridge into a barge passing on the river below.

THRILLS!
THRILLS!
THRILLS!

See the jump from a galloping horse into a motor-car racing by

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A New Weekly Feature
By FRANK LEAH,
The Famous Cartoonist of Calcutta.

***3 Shows Nightly*—7 to 8-15, 8-30 to 9-45, 10 to 11-15.**

Saturday & Sunday. Prize Show—5-30 to 6-45. Extra Show—11-15 to 12-30.

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(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter).

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund £1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £1,200,000

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Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. p.a. on the minimum monthly balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 100,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

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Are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER,
Agent.

Post Box No. 34,
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
82, ESPLANADE ROAD.

Subscribed Capital £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital £562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders. £562,500
Reserve Fund £465,000
Head Office Grace Church Street London E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:
THE BANK OF ENGLAND.
THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LTD.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta, Sub-Branch Howrah (Calcutta), Delhi, Rangoon, Madras, Colombo, Kandy, Galle, Kuala-Lumpur, Kota-Bharu, (Kolantan), Penang, Singapur, Hongkong, and Shanghai.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the actual daily balance up to Rs. 1, lakh.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Interest, at 4 per cent. per annum allowed on deposits fixed for 12 months. Rates for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising interest and Dividends when due.

A SCOTT SMITH,
Manager.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE: 4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.

Branches at: Bombay, Calcutta and Baghdad.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called-up Capital ..... £ 600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders... 900,000
Reserve Fund ..... £ 55,000

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Emile Francqui, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique.)
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A. J. Raymond, Esq.
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BOMBAY OFFICE.

Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

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BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES AND SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms. SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager

THE EMPIRE BANK, LIMITED.

17-19, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. p. a. on minimum daily balances of Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS for 12 months at 5 per cent. p. a.

SAVINGS BANK deposits at 4 per cent p. a.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved security.

SECURITIES AND STOCKS Received for safe custody and dividends and interest thereon collected. Also bought and sold for constituents at market rates.

All kinds of Banking business transacted. Further particulars on application.

HEREDIA & Co.,
Agents

BANKING.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906. INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VI OF 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 5,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted, rules for which can be obtained on application.

J. A. STEWART,
Asst. Manager.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:—APOLLO STREET.

BRANCHES:—

Mumbadevi (Bombay) and Ahmedabad.

Interest on fixed deposits for 12 months at 5 per cent., p. a. Savings Bank 4 per cent. Current accounts on daily balances 3 per cent. at Bombay.

Rates for short deposits and information regarding terms of any other Banking business to be ascertained on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

STANDARD OIL CO., OF NEW YORK

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND.	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg	6 0	2 per case.
White Rose 150 deg	5 12	2 per case.
Chester Brand 125 deg	5 2	2 per case.
Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg	5 0	2 per case.
Tiger Brand 125 deg	4 15	2 per case.
Monkey Brand 125 deg	4 15	2 per case.
White Camelia 125 deg (in tins)	4 6	0 per 2 tins.
Camel Brand 125 deg (in tins)	4 6	0 per 2 tins.
Elephant Brand 125 deg (in tins)	4 6	0 per 2 tins.
Elephant Brand 125 deg (in bulk)	3 12	0 per 8 Imp. galns.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil, on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill, are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

In all cases oil sold by Standard Oil Co., New York, IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

The Thana agent adds one anna to Bulk Oil price and Rs. 0-2-6 per case to above case oil prices.

Coorla, Andheri and Bandra agents add one anna to above prices excepting for Bulk.

Order books supplied gratis on application to

THE MANAGER.

REASONABLE OFFERS & CASH ON DELIVERY.

Gentlemen proceeding Home or Abroad.

Wishing to dispose of their furniture and effects such as glass and porcelainware, silverware, furniture, piano, horses and carriages, nic-nacks, garden &c. &c. should apply to the undersigned for reasonable offers and prompt cash on delivery. Advances paid on the same.

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OF

English and Continental firms, Manufacturers' Agents &c. purchased at reasonable offers.

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The Universal Assurance Co Limited.

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Over 1,25,000. Members on Register

Minimum investment with Maximum of Profit. Latest experience Tables of Premia.

Just call or drop a line and you will know something to your advantage.

Wanted capable and energetic agents and Canvassers on salary and commission.

ELKRISHN BROS.,
Agents.

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DO YOU KNOW THIS MAN?

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THE WORLD-RENOWNED

ASTROLOGER AND PALMIST

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THE GRAPHIC (London) says:—"His delineations are nothing short of marvellous."

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Professor LEON KENDAL.

The Special Forecast of the War made for the English and Indian Press will be sent free on receipt of stamped addressed envelope.

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Electric Safety Torches.

THE SAFEST LIGHT EXTANT.

Most useful about the house, garage, Motor Car, Mines, Factories, Gas Works, Bed Rooms, Bath Rooms, in Tour, on Railway and in Jungles or Streets.

PRICES.

No.		
177	6½" Press Contact .. Rs.	3-0
178	6½" Switch Contact.. ,,	3-4
179	8½" Press Contact .. ,,	4-0
179a	8½" American type.. ,,	5-0
180	9" Ring Contact .. ,,	6-0
180 b	10" Superior finish 2½" Bull's eye Lens, Switch Contact.. ,,	10-0
180b	with Double Lens .. ,,	15-0

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Electric Pocket Lamps, Hand Lamps, Table Lamps, Reading Lamps, also in Stock.

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Commission Agents everywhere.
No Capital and no qualifications needed.
Liberal Commission. Easy Terms.
Write at once.

EASTERN ELECTRIC & TRADING Co.,
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The Largest and therefore the cheapest house for Electrical Novelties in India.
RETAIL AND WHOLESALE.
Send for List.

FLEURS de FRANCE PERFUMES

are the perfect scents of the French Flowers.

LILY OF THE VALLEY, JASMINE, ROSE, VIOLETTE, CARNATION, CHYPRE,

And Six other kinds.

Used by the **Fashionables** all over the world

ROSE SUPREME

(A Boquet of the sweetest Rose)

A dozen lovely bottles with a glass feeder and Silver plated Caps on each Card.

ANNAS TWELVE 0-12-0 ANNAS TWELVE
PER BOTTLE.

Sold every where. Agents Wanted.

FLEURS de FRANCE Coy.
ISMAIL BUILDING, CHURCH GATE STREET,
Fort, BOMBAY.

MAXIMUM of Insurance protecation
MINIMUM of cost granted by the

BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE

Company, Limited.

For particulars apply to:—
FRAMROZE R. JOSHI, J.
Managing Director.
67, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
AGENTS WANTED.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND Ltd., ESTABLISHED 1876.
No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.
Funded Capital of Rs. 1,88,600.
Bankers—The Bank of Bombay.

OBJECT.—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very low scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent. of the total subscription is refunded to a subscriber in the event of his wife pre-deceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

CROMPTONS FANS.

THREE ALUMINIUM BLADES, 60 INCHES SWEEP,

Rs. 83 each.

THREE ALUMINIUM BLADES, 36 INCHES SWEEP,

Rs. 45 each.

THE MOST ECONOMICAL FANS OBTAINABLE

CROMPTONS BOMBAY, Ld.,

35-37, APOLLO STREET,

COMMERCIAL.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

London, Thursday, August 20th.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results.

Total Bullion £ 19,250,000 Dec. £ 13,750,000
Public Deposits £ 13,750,000 Inc. £ 6,000,000
Other do. £ 108,000,000 Inc. £ 24,750,000
in consequence premoratorium bills.
Other Securities £ 94,750,000 Inc. £ 24,000,000

The Bank Reserve is 15.80 % of the liabilities.

London, August 20th.

The French Bank rate of discount is now reduced to five per cent.

London, August 20th.

Silver Spot:—
Relapsed 26
Private Discount .. .. 5⅛ active.
Paid into the Bank of England £1,500,000 good.

Liverpool, August 20th.

	Bales.
Cotton Sales	1,900

BANK OF ENGLAND,

London Thursday August 20.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS for the week ending yesterday show the following result.

	£
Total Bullion	38,000,000
Public Deposits	13,500,000
Other do.	103,000,000
Govt. Securities	26,000,000
Other Securities	94,750,000
Notes and Gold	19,250,000

THE BANK RESERVE is 16% of the liabilities.

The above is the latest information.

Amount of Bullion paid into the Bank of England £1,308,000
Bar Silver Spot 26
Paid Coal Freights .. ..15 nominally
French Bank rate of discount 5%

MISCELLANEOUS MARKET REPORTS.

WHEAT

London, 20th August.

Wheat White Delhi, per 492 lbs. C.I F.
Aug-Sept. Hull arrived 41/6

LINSEED,

London August 20th.

Linseed Argentine (La Plate) Aug-Sept
Hull 49

BOMBAY MARKET

Bombay, 21st August 1914.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Nil.

SHIPMENTS OF TREASURE.

The next mail steamer which arrives here brings from London:—
£40,000 Bar Silver.
130,000 Bar Gold.
£10,000 Sovereigns.

MONEY.

The Bank of France rate is now five per cent.

EXCHANGE.

There has been a moderate enquiry for remittances during the week and Banks are now not such keen sellers. On the other side of the account there has been nothing doing. Rates quoted are as under.

We quote:—
Bank's selling:—

	s. d.
T. T. ready	1/3 13/16 to 25/32
D. D. mail	1/3 15/16 to 7/8
T. T. forward	Nil.

Bank's buying:—

Private D. D. ready	1/4 1/8
Credits 3 m/s.	1/4 3/8
60 d/s Japan	149 (with war risk covered).

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the Periodical Biddings on Wednesday last, no allotment of Council Bills were made. The total amount of Bills sold during the week ending on Tuesday evening last was 5 lakhs, which was taken by Madras at the previous Wednesday's sales.

BULLION.

During the week the market for forward bar silver has been closed. Ready bars have sold at the daily current quotations. Bar gold has been in demand. The rates quoted below are those of yesterday, the market being closed to-day on account of the eclipse. We quote:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
English bar gold	25	1	0
Australian	25	1	0
Sovereigns (dragon)	15	0	0
Ready bar silver (cum duty)	77	8	0

Spot silver in London yesterday was 26d.

Exports of Bar Silver from Bombay by rail on 19th August, 1914.

G. I. P. Ry.	11*	13,052
B. B. and C. I. Ry.	25	30,394

*Boxes and bars.

BANK OF BOMBAY STATEMENT.

The following is the position of the Bank of Bombay for the week ending Saturday last as compared with the previous week in lakhs and decimals.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.
	Inc.	Dec.
Public Deposits at Head Office	78.63	..
Public Deposits at Branches	48.73	..
Other Deposits	..	60.66
Post Bills	..	.01
Sundries	..	.38
ASSETS.		
Government Securities	..	4.63
Other Authorities	..	..
Credits on Government and other Authorised Securities	10.40	..
Loans on do.	..	21.37
Bills discounted and purchased	..	2.92
Dead Stock	..	..
Stamps	..	..
Bullion	..	.06
Balances with other Banks	.95	..
Sundries	..	.42
Cash	84.62	..

COTTON.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS.

Receipts of various growths of Cotton at Bombay as compared with the corresponding periods of the previous Season:—

Descriptions.	Week's Receipts	Total since 1st Sept. 1913.	Total same time last year
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
Khandeish ..	356	475,851	273,190
Central India ..	Nil	258,780	96,419
Barsee and Nagar ..	Nil	299,100	121,130
Berar ..	692	512,467	449,227
Central Provinces ..	524	296,958	268,946
Total Comrs ..	2,072	1,843,856	1,208,912
Dholleras ..	424	429,098	284,775
Broach ..	Nil	400,058	292,760
Compta and Dhawar ..	303	224,014	208,186
Westerns ..	5,913	126,119	117,391
Bengals (N.W. Provinces) ..	Nil	484 562	348,071
Bengals (Rajputana) ..	Nil	158,846	145,440
Sind ..	911	62,660	118,851
Persian ..	Nil	1,128	5,065
American ..	Nil	2,305	34,354
Egyptian ..	Nil	1,718	2,617
Other sorts ..	Nil	1,280	4,914
Total ..	9,623	3,734,644	2,769,236

BOMBAY COTTON TRADE ASSOCIATION WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales. 1913-14	Bales. 1912-13.	Bales. Differences.
Receipts from 13th to 20th Aug. ..	10,587	5,524 plus	5,063
Receipts from 1st Sept. to 20th Aug. ..	3,734,644	2,769,236 plus	965,408
Shipments for the week			
Europe ..	88	20,259 —	20,171
China Japan and Coast Ports ..	6,872	16,192 —	9,320
Total ..	6,960	36,451 —	29,491
Total Shipment from 1st Sept. to 20th Aug. ..	2,311,997	522,412 plus	789,585
Europe ..	20,887	48,249 —	18,362
China ..	1,210,027	971,683 plus	238,344
Japan ..	23,370	30,451 —	7,081
Coast Ports ..	2,575,281	1,572,795 plus	1,002,486
Total ..			
Afloat in harbour Europe ..	5,648	4,196 plus	1,452
China Japan and Coast Ports ..	Nil	Nil	Nil

Total export from Bombay by G.I.P. Railway from 1st Sept. to 1st August 1914, 15,108 Bales.
Total exports from B.B. & C.I. Railway from 1st Sept to 8th August 1914, 6,706 Bales.

STOCK OF COTTON IN BOMBAY.

	Bales.
Estimated stock on 1st Sept. 1913 ..	625,000
Receipt from 1st Sept. 1913 to 20th Augt.	3,734,644
	4,359,644
Less shipments from 1st Sept. 1913 to 20th Augt. 1914..	2,575,281
	1,784,363
Less afloat in harbour	5,648
	1,778,715
Less estimated mill consumption and upcountry by rail	1,035,000
	743,715
Less estimated burnt	80,000
Stock in Bombay in all hands on morning of 21st Augt. 1914 ..	663,715
Difference since last week	— 10,149

Cables have been received from Liverpool during the week giving the rates fixed from time to time by the Directors of the Liverpool Cotton Association for Spot Mid-Americans and Spot F. G. F. Egyptians as a basis for ready purchases. The rates for settlements of contracts of futures (now transferred to Jan. Feb. 1915) have also been received. The Liverpool Weekly Cotton Statistics and American Statistics duly came to hand. The Home Markets are closed for all business except the above.

In the Local Market, transactions for forward delivery have been confined to bazaar brokers and jobbers. Prices have given away sharply, but have been irregular with frequent daily fluctuations. Last Friday good Broach was Rs. 231. Several times during the week it had touched Rs. 217, but almost immediately recovered Rs. 3 to Rs. 5. In such a Market quotations can only be called nominal. Export houses are doing nothing. Owing to the relapse the Market is entirely closed to-day. Good Broach is quoted nominally Rs. 217.

Early in the week there was a small enquiry for ready cotton by Local Mills, but at low rates. Sales of a few hundred bales were made daily by dealers who were anxious to get out of the Market, but the bulk of holders were not prepared to accept the rates offered. It was then decided to close the Market for ready cotton for three days (i.e. until Saturday, 22nd inst.), and a meeting of sellers was held at which a resolution was passed to appoint a Committee to fix the rates of the various descriptions of cotton on classification; sales of ready cotton to be made on the basis of survey with mutual allowances.

Reports regarding the growing Indian crop are on the whole favourable. Here and there slight damage is reported by rain, but this is of no consequence and will be easily remedied by a week's sunshine.

In the Berar districts (Buldana, Akola, Amraoti and Yeotmal) the official report of the acreage under cotton this season gives a total of 3,096,112 acres against 3,291,865 last year, i.e. a decrease of 195,753 acres, or say about 6 per cent.

Bazaar quotations are nominal as follows:—

	Rs.
Good Broach	217 March.
Fully good Bengal.....	147 January.
Fine Bengal	157 January.
Fine Khamgaon Akola ...	175 January.
Khandeish	165 January.

LOCAL YARNS.

Under present conditions business with China is impracticable and exporters are out of the Market. Prices are easier, and are ½ to 3/16 lower for many counts. A small retail business in 6's is reported, and occasional small sales of 10's and 20's. The tone of the market is quiet.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

These Markets reopened during the week but there has been little or nothing doing and business is disorganised. The only quotations reported are as under, and owing to the relapse the Markets are closed to-day.

Linseed:—
Ready (nominal) .....Rs. 7-6-0 B.T.
September (nominal) ...Rs.8-4-0 R. T.
May (nominal) ...Rs. 8-13-0 R.T.

WEEK'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the Receipts of Cotton produce and principal food grains into Bombay for the week ending at 6 p.m. yesterday.

Cotton	9,623 Bales.
Wheat	75,215 Cwts.
Linseed	13,982 ,,
Rape, Rai etc.	272 ,,
Gingellyseed	3 ,,
Poppyseed	1,742 ,,
Groundnuts	1,070 ,,
Castorseed	5,438 ,,
Rice	15,799 ,,
Myrabolams	2,688 ,,
Cottonseed	25,988 ,,
Mowraseed	4,234 ,,
Gram	18,880 ,,
Maize	...
Barley	3,833 ,,

Summary of arrivals of Cotton, Produce and Principal Food-Grains in Bombay.

	Since 1st Jan. 1914.	Same period last year.
Cotton	2,844,163	2,200,214
Wheat	1,315,695	6,388,658
Linseed	2,029,191	3,782,684
Rape, Rai etc.	685,944	1,004,443
Gingellyseed	891,745	1,083,873
Poppyseed	175,531	387,177
Groundnuts	758,068	836,616
Castorseed	1,324,554	1,581,103
Rice	3,789,347	3,453,166
Myrabolams	794,401	544,088
Cottonseed	4,266,639	3,038,972
Mowraseed	147,939	348,598
Gram	419,138	661,781
Jowar	492,742	537,792
Maize	8,743	6,352
Barley	42,996	212,281

PETROLEUM.

The following are to-day's rates for the Asiatic Petroleum Co., Limited brands:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rising Sun Brand Bulk Loose per 8 Ip. Gl.	3	14	0
Rising Sun Brand New Tins per pair..	4	8	0
Deer Brand Bulk Loose per 8 Ip. Galls.	3	12	0
Deer Brand New Tins per pair . ..	4	6	0
Bull Brand Bulk Loose per 8 Ip. Galls.	3	7	6
Bull Brand New Tins per pair.. ..	4	1	6
Swan Brand Bulk Loose per 8 Ip. Galls.	3	2	6
Swan Brand New Tins per pair.. ..	3	12	6
Anchor Tins per pair	4	9	0
Rising Sun Cases per case	4	15	0
Anchor Cases per case	5	1	0

PETROLEUM.

The following are to-day's rates, for the Standard Oil Coy's brands:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Snowflake Brand 150deg. Amer	6	0	2 per case.
White Rose Brand 150deg.	5	12	2 ,,
Chester ,, 75deg.	5	2	2 ,,
Devoe's Imp. Brt. ,, 76deg.	5	0	2 ,,
Monkey ,, 125deg.	4	15	2 ,,
Tiger ,, 125deg.	4	15	2 ,,
White Camelia in tins ,, 125deg.	4	6	0 p. 2 tins
Elephant Bulk without tins ,, 125deg.	3	12	0 per Imp. Gal.
Camel in tin ,, 125deg.	4	6	0 p. 2 tins

The following are to-day's rates for the Burmah Oil Co., Ltd., products:—
Bazar rates delivery charges extra.

	Rs.	as.	p.
Kerosine Oil Waterlily per case of 2 tin	5	4	0
Kerosine Oil Firefly per case of 2 tin	5	1	0
Kerosine Oil Chaker per two tins..	4	6	0
Kerosine Oil Chaker per 8 gallons.	3	12	0
Kerosine Oil Victoria per two tins.	3	11	6
Kerosine Oil Victoria per 8 gallons	3	1	6
Burmah Wax 1st quality, per pound	0	4	0
Burmah Wax 2nd quality per pound	0	3	0
Candles per pound	0	4	6

The following are to-day's rates for the Asiatic Petroleum Co., Limited brands:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rising Sun Brand Bulk Loose per 8 Ip. Gl.	3	14	0
Rising Sun Brand New Tins per pair	4	8	0
Deer Brand Bulk Loose per 8 Ip. Galls.	3	12	0
Deer Brand New Tins per pair.....	4	6	0
Bull Brand Bulk Loose per 8 Ip. Galls.	3	7	6
Bull Brand New Tins per pair.....	4	1	6
Swan Brand New Tins per pair ...	3	12	6
Anchor Tins per pair	4	9	0
Rising Sun Cases per case 4	15	0	
Anchor Cases per case	5	1	0

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

August 21st.

S.S. Dalemoor	Taylor	Calcutta Aug. 4
S.S. Knight Companion	Sage	Calcutta Aug. 9
S.S. Erinpura	Reddock	Rangoon Aug. 14

DEPARTURES.

August 21st.

S.S. Java Maru	Fuchigami	Kobe etc.
S.S. Ozarda	Hodgson	Calcutta etc.
S.S. Palitana	Kripple	Persian Gulf via Karachi
S.S. Baron Erskin	Taakee	Batavia
S.S. Angus	Layzell	Calcutta

S. S. Dalemoor:—The steamer Dalemoor, 2,572 tons, Captain R. Tayler, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, which port she had left on August 4, with a cargo of coal.

S. S. Knight Companion:—The steamer Knight Companion, 4,624 tons, Captain W. A. Sage, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, which port she had left on August 9, with a cargo of coal.

S. S. Erinpura:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Erinpura, 2,759 tons, Captain J. S. Reddock, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon which port she had left on August 14, with ballast.

S. S. Baron Erskin:—The steamer Baron Erskin, 3,504 tons, Captain J. Tasker, sailed yesterday for Batavia, (Java), with ballast.

S. S. Angus:—The steamer Angus, 2,319 tons, Captain J. W. Layzell, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, with ballast.

S. S. Umvolosi:—The Natal Line steamer Umvolosi landed her passengers at Weymouth on the 20th inst.

S. S. Salsette:—The P. & O. Coy's steamer Salsette with the homeward Mails of the 15th instant arrived at Aden at 2 p.m., on Thursday the 20th August.

S. S. Arabia:—The P. & O. Coy's steamer Arabia is expected to arrive in Bombay at daybreak on Tuesday next.

S. S. City of Paris:—The steamer City of Paris homeward bound arrived at Liverpool on the 16th instant.

Friday, August 21st, 1914.

P. DOCK.

1 HED STEAMER	CAPT.	AGENTS
C. & R. Chakrata	Macfadyson	M. M. & Co
D & E African	Monarch. Dakers	W. & A. G. & Co
K Kowelt	Brewis	Arab Steamer
M Gramsbergen	Gock	T. M. & Co
N. Clan Macdonold	Swethward	J. F. & Co
F. City of Sparta	McKeller	K.N. & Co
P Penang Maru	Murazuime	N. Y. Kaisha

V. DOCK.

1 Clan Maclachlan	McLean	J. F. & Co
2 Wartura	Krull	Dock Manager
3 Elysia	Kinnard	W. & A. G. & Co
4 Steenbergen	Yonge	K. M. & Co
5 Boma	Andrew	Rubattono Line
6 Swazi	Abbey	T. M. & Co
7 Clan Macfarlane	Swanston	J. F. & Co
10 & 11 Devanha	Hickey	P. & O. S. N. Co
12 & 13 India	Talbot	P. & O. S. N. Co

M.W.D.D.

Barala	Holyoake	M. M. & Co.

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

2 Sumatra	Brewis	A. S. N. & Co
3. Taiyabi	Kass	R. B. Colin & Co
4 Assaye	Coldwell	P. & O. S. N. Co
5 Furnea	Piggott	M. M. & Co
6 Itaura	Chidley	M. M. & Co
8. Nurani	Lewis	T. M. & Co
7 Baroda	Horscroft	M. M. & Co
8 Castalia	Mitchell	W. & A. G. & Co
9 Barpeta	Minett	M. M. & Co
10 Teesta	Willis	M. M. & Co
11 Bangala	Cone	M. M. & Co
14 Rahmani	Cusack	T. M. & Co
15 Elephanta	Cope	M. M. & Co
16 Edwana	Walker	M. M. & Co
17 Bharata	MacDonald	M. R. & Co

H. W P. D.

Satrunji	Ebram	
Netravata	Fakira	Bo. S N Co Ld.
Mahanadi	Ahmed	Bo. S. N. Co Ld.

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Abydos	Davis	Bo. & A. S. N. & Co
Africanic	Kock	T. M. & Co
Bahadur	Dudley	T. M. & Co
Bleamoor	Blakey	H. M. Scostrl.
Bahrein	Bonnet	Arab Steamer.
Clan Farquhar	Wadge	T. M. & Co
Dwarka	King	M. M. & Co
Dalemoor	Taylor	
Erinpura	Reddock	M. M. & Co
Imani	Johnson	K. M. & Co
Hindu	Tucker	W. M. & Co.
Karadeniz	Mourad	
Knight Companion	Saye	
Linga	Cutbush	M M & Co
Mombasa	Smith	J. M. & Co
Meteor	Remmersen	W. & A. G & Co
Netherlee	Berry	W. & A. G. & Co
Rheinfels	Weiksmann	W. & A. G. & Co
Shwedagon	Creagh	J. B. P & Co
Scottish Monarch	Dalzil	W. & A. G. & Co
Umona	Rivers	W. & A. G. & Co
Vaidura	Bova	J. F. & Co
Virawa	Smith	M. M. & Co

EXPORTS.

Aug. 21.

FOR LONDON.

INDIA (s) 10 bales woollen carpets, King, King and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

SWAZI (s) 50 cwts. cashew nuts, 10 cwts. cardamom seed, E. Sooltanally.

FOR BARCELONA.

ROMA (s) 100 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR GENOA.

ROMA (s) 450 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 1,002 cwts. rape seed, 3,503 cwts. lin seed, C. Boggiano and Co.

FOR NAPLES.

ROMA (s) 500 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 1,001 cwts. linseed, 1,000 cwts. castor seed, C. Boggiano and Co.

FOR KOBE.

PENANG MARU (s) 200 bales cotton, H. Nensey and Co.

FOR OSAKA.

PENANG MARU (s) 300 bales cotton, H. Nensey and Co.

FOR NAGASAKI.

PENANG MARU (s) 124 bales cotton, C. Ebrahim and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

PENANG MARU (s) 250 bales cotton yarn, M. B. Kaisha; 350 bales cotton yarn, David Sassoon and Co.; 200 bales cotton yarn, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 6 cwts. Indian pickles, E. F. Kavarana.

DEVANHA (s) 25 tons old iron, Ali Brothers.

FOR HONGKONG.

PENANG MARU (s) 650 bales cotton yarn, David Sassoon and Co.; 250 bales cotton yarn, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 575 cwts. gum alibanum, 125 cwts. gum bysabole, M. Jaferbhoy.

IMPORTS.

S. S. Rheinfels from New York, Prize Ship.—166 bales cotton goods, 300 bales domestics, 20 barrels cement, 264 boxes 44 packages clocks, 15 barrels rosin, 180 cases oats, 11 cases locks, 397 cases 1,854 barrels lubricating oil, 1,000 cases colza oil, .. cases paraffin wax, 30 barrels wax, 38 cases paint, 24 cases paper, 25 bales old newspaper, 10 cases 1 box soap, 4 cases confectionery, 371 bags 450 bales cloves, 196 bars silver.

S. S. Bahrein from Jeddah, Agents The Arab Steamers.—25 bundles skins, 19 bundles dry fish, 11 bundles cotton.

S. S. Warturm from Hamburg, Prize Ship.—441 cases 262 bales cotton goods, 585 cases 2 bales woollen goods, 11 cases 2 bales wool, 2 cases wool yarn, 1 case 23 bales cotton yarn, 88 cases cotton and woollen goods, 66 cases cotton and silk goods, 225 bags 60 barrels sulphate of alumina, 100 kegs 100 bags epsom salt, 100 casks chloride of magnesium, 50 cases 55 kegs marble tiles, 227 cylinders carbonic acid, 140 casks 65 kegs alizarine, 508 cases 21 casks 225 drums 22 kegs aniline colour, 2 cases cigars, 960 bags farina, 30 cases glass bangles, 23 cases lamp glass, 227 cases 7 crates hollow glass, 13 cases 3 casks glass bottles, 23 cases glass bead, 1,046 cases window glass, 100 bags potato flour, 456 boxes candles, 60 cases iron nails, 48 cases locks, 184 cases beer, 60 cases gin, 3,061 cases 35 drums 4 casks spirits, 135 cases wine, 50 cases cheese, 125 cases milk and cream, 6 cases biscuits, 14 cases perfumery, 75 casks coal tar, 25 bales old newspaper, 343 bales 139 cases paper. 545 casks lubricating oil, 25 cans 20 crates 544 cases 193 casks 285 drums 1,028 kegs paints and colours, 81 bags cummin seed, 56 cases soap, 20 cases mineral water, 300 bags caraway seed, 1,350 bundles Y. M. sheets, 360 bundles copper sheets, 8 cases 10 crates 17 casks zinc sheets.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tids in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time; depth of water is a Prince's Dock sill.

Day of Week.	Day of month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Times	Depth on sill.	Day of month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.
	Aug.	h. m.	ft. in.	Aug.	h. m.	ft. in.
F	21	11 25	28 8	21	m 4 37	15 7
		m 11 24 a	27 5		m 5 37a	17 2
S	22	0 0 a	29 2	22	m 5 18	15 2
					6 2 a	16 6
S	23	m 0 9	28 2	23	m 5 59a	15 6
		0 35 a	29 4		6 38 a	15 8
M	24	m 0 53	28 6	24	m 6 41	15 8
		1 11 a	29 1		7 15a	15 4
Tu	25	m 1 37	28 5	25	m 7 24	16 7
		1 48 a	28 7		7 54a	15 8
W	26	m 10 13	27 0	26	m 3 5	17 3
		9 50 a	25 4		4 15 a	19 8
Thu	27	m 3 19	27 3	27	m 8 57	19 2
		3 10 a	26 7		9 28 a	16 2

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Aug.	Sunrise	Sunset
,, 21 (Friday)	,, 6h. 22m.	,, 7h. 3m.
,, 22 (Saturday)	,, 6h. 22m.	,, 7h. 3m.
,, 23 (Sunday)	,, 6h. 22m.	,, 7h. 2m.
,, 24 (Monday)	,, 6h. 22m.	,, 7h. 1m.
,, 25 (Tuesday)	,, 6h. 22m.	,, 7h. 0m.
,, 26 (Wednesday)	,, 6h. 22m.	,, 6h. 59m.
,, 27 (Thursday)	,, 6h 23m.	,, 6h. 58m.

PHASES OF MOON:—First quarter July 30th. 5h 21·0m a.m. Full Moon Aug. 6th 6h 20·7m a.m. Last quarter Aug. 14th 6h 26·0 m a.m. New moon Aug. 21st 5h 26·5 m p. m.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

Government Observatory, Colaba,
Bombay, August 20th 1914.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr	29.747 inches
Temperature of Air	80.6 degrees.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77.2 ,,
Dew Point	76.0 ,,
Relative humidity of Air	0.858 ,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy-10)	8.0 ,,
Maximum temperature of Air	83.2 ,,
Minimum do. do.	77.0 ,,
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	W.
Movement of Wind from midnight to to midnight	254 miles.
Fall of Rain	0.28inches.
Total fall during month	16.45 ,,
Total fall during year	58.31 ,,
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 19th..	0.11 ,,

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time on the 21st August 1914 was 29·99 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by 0.13 inch. for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature or correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 F. all aneroid reading should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the steam at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by 0.10 inch. for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 21.

Rainfall has diminished in Gujarat and West Coast has become fairly heavy in the central parts of the country and locally in the United Provinces.

Nearly a general rain has fallen in Lower Burma, Chota Nagpur, Central India, Central Provinces, Konkan, Mysore, Madras and Deccan; local in Upper Burma, Assam, Orissa, Bihar, United Provinces, North West Frontier Province, east Rajputana, South Hyderabad. A few falls have also occurred in Bengal, Punjab, Bombay Deccan and South-east Madras.

The chief falls are:—Tavoy one and half inches; Moulmein seven; Diamond Island and Maymyo two; Lashio, Chittagong, Jalpaiguri, Chaibassa and Hazaribagh one; Ranchi and Daltonganj one and half; Lucknow and Dehra Dun three; Bareilly one; Ajmer and Neemuch two; Sutna six, Jubbulpore and Raipur one and half; Pachmarhi two; Hanamkonda, Marmagoa and Mercara one.

Forecast:—Decrease in Central India, increase in East and North Punjab, north Madras Coast.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 21st August, 1914, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Hissar records 0.38" of rain. Skies are clear in the south-west Punjab and lightly clouded elsewhere. The air is drier than usual in the extreme north. Night temperature is above normal at Multan.

The United Provinces.—Local rain has fallen; Mainpuri has had 0.10" and Cawnpore 0.59". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rainfall has been nearly general in east Rajputana; Jaipur has had 0.33" and Ajmer 2.32". Skies are clear or lightly clouded in upper Sind and the adjacent parts of west Rajputana and moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. Day temperature is in defect at Jodhpur, Ajmer and Kotah and in excess at Bikaner and in Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Neemuch reports 1.79" of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Jubbulpore has had 1.36", Saugor 0.13", Hoshangabad 0.32", Amraoti 0.13", Nagpur 0.20", Chanda 0.80" and Raipur 1.68". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Bombay has had 0.29", Ratnagiri 0.70", Mormugao 1.01" and Karwar 0.61". Skies are heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Belgaum reports 0.15" of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has extended again to east Rajputana and increased considerably in Central India West and the Central Provinces and to some extent in the United Provinces, but has ceased or been insignificant in west Rajputana, Gujarat, Kathiawar, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Malabar, and on the north Madras coast. There has been some decrease in the precipitation in the Konkan also. Rainfall has been nearly general in the Konkan, the Central Provinces, east Rajputana and the Madras Deccan, fairly general in Central India West and probably Mysore, local in the east Punjab, the United Provinces and on the south Coromandel coast, while isolated showers have occurred in the Bombay Deccan.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula, fairly general rain in the Central and the United Provinces and Central India West, local rain in east Rajputana and a few showers in the Punjab, the Deccan and on the Coromandel coast.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a.m on FRIDAY, the 21st of August 1914.

STATIONS.	Temp- in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Temp- in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. S. A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total 1st June to date.	Variation 1st June to Date
PERSIAN-ARBA—						
Bushire†	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (18th)	.. 98.7	85.0	77	..	0.60	—0.01
Jask	.. 92.1	81.0	81	..	?	?
Muskat	.. ..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (18th)	.. 86.1	79.4	76	..	0.59	9.36
PUNJAB—						
Multan	.. ..	..	..	..	16.36	..
Rawalpind †	.. 96.3	79.2	68	..	14.68	—0.30
Lahore	.. 99.0	84.2	71	..	12.90	3.51
Sirsa	.. 93.2	76.7	78	0.08	12.62	..
Ambala	.. 90.7	77.3	93	0.08	16.76	—0.32
Delhi†	.. 92.3	..	76	..	14.95	—1.92
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	.. 93.4	80.3	88	0.06	21.83	4.54
Mainpuri	.. 92.3	80.1	94	0.10	15.07	—0.98
Jhansi†	.. 92.6	78.0	87	0.07	21.39	3.86
Cawnpore	.. 91.4	76.9	95	0.59	19.43	—2.38
Allahabad	.. 90.6	78.0	83	..	31.89	6.59
SIND AND RAJPUTANA—						
Jacobad	.. 107.5	82.8	75	..	4.43	2.31
Karachi†	.. 88.2	78.0	85	..	6.20	0.69
Ajmer	.. 74.7	72.4	90	2.32	14.16	—0.06
Jalpore	.. 91.2	75.5	86	0.33	21.62	6.29
Kotah	.. 87.4	77.8	80	..	20.28	1.69
GUJARAT, KATH AWAR AND CENTRAL IND A WEST—						
Bhuj	.. 91.0	71.2	74	..	..	..
Dwarka	.. 86.8	79.7	82	0.03	12.73

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

PUBLIC ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

B. V. A., Corps Parade, Headquarters, 5 p.m.

Lecture on "Armageddon"—The New Hall, opposite Watson's Annexe, Apollo Bunder, at 6-30 p.m.

General Meeting of National Financing and Banking Corporation, Apollo Street, 3-30 p.m.

MONDAY, Aug. 24.

Ramzan Id and Ganesh Chaturthi, Bank Holiday.

TUESDAY, Aug. 25.

Meeting at the Bombay Chamber of Commerce of Consignees of cargo per three steamers of the enemy now lying at Marmagoa, 4 p.m.

Bombay Improvement Trust, 4 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, Aug. 26.

Bombay Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Bombay Gymkhana Mud Sports, 5-30 p.m.

English Mail steamer Multan expected to arrive in Bombay.

DAILY.

Gaiety Theatre, Bandmann-Rickard Vaudeville Co. 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Excelsior Theatre of Varieties, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

America-India Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-15, 8-30 to 9-45 and 10 to 11-15.

Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-30, 8-45 to 10-15 10-30 to 12.

Olympia Cinematograph, Sandhurst Road, 5-15 to 6-45, 7 to 8-30, 9 to 10-30, and 11 to 12-30.

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Domestic Occurrences.

BIRTHS.

Dewar.—Aug. 5, at Mussooni, the wife of Douglas Dewar, Indian Civil Service, of a son.

SHOUBRIDGE.—Aug. 13, at Poona, the wife of H. O. B. Shoubridge, P. W. D., of a daughter.

TEW.—At Dharwar, on Aug. 11, Mrs. Tew, wife of Mr. G. Tew, M. and S. M. Ry., of a daughter.

WESTMACOTT.—Aug. 6, at 8, Minto Park, Calcutta, wife of Mr. Richard Westmacott, of a daughter.

DEATHS

WEBB.—August 21st. Phyllis Joyce ("Joy"), the dearly loved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W.F. Webb, Standard Mills, Dadar. Funeral leaves St. George's Hospital at 5 p.m. arriving 6 p.m. at Sewree Cemetery this evening.

GUTHRIE.—Aug. 5. at Lovedale, Nilgiris, John Guthrie, formerly of Rangoon and Mandalay, aged 71 years.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders by Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell, Commanding,

Aug. 22.

666. Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted as follows:—
Sunday 23rd Inst.—"G" Coy. Class Firing.
Monday 24th Inst.—"D" Coy. Class Firing.
Tuesday 25th Inst.—"G" Coy. Class Firing.
Wednesday 26th Inst.—Any Coy. Class Firing.
Thursday 27th Inst.—"G" Coy. Class Firing.
Friday 28th Inst.—Any Coy. Class Firing.
Saturday 29th Inst.—Any Coy. Class Firing.
Sunday 30th Inst.—"G" Coy. Class Firing.
Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-15 a.m.

667. Clothing.—It is notified for information that the Stores at Head-Quarters will be open for issues of clothing on Thursdays and Saturdays only from 6-30 to 8 p.m.

668. Parade.—All Buglers and Drummers will parade at Head-Quarters on Tuesday, August 25th, at 6 p.m.

669. The following are posted to the Motor Cyclists Section "E" Company:—
No. 7647 Lieut. H. L. Cass, as Sergeant.
No. 7933 Vol. D. M. Shuttleworth, As Corporal, No. 7796 Vol. J. R. Hamilton, as Corporal, No. 7795 Vol. C. J. MacLaren, as Corporal, No. 7779 Vol. R. P. Stoneham, as Corporal.
Th efollowing are transferred from the Bombay Light Horse to the Motor Cyclists Section "E" Company:—
No. 7934 Corpl. R. M. Aylward, as Corporal Artificer, No. 7935 Corpl. J. R. Webster, as Corporal, No. 7936 Trooper D. K. Johnstone, as Corporal No. 7937 Trooper H. L. Gilks, as Corporal.

670. Commands and Attachments.—The following postings of Officers are made:—
Captain N. W. Faith to command "D" Company.
Lieut. F. W. Sprott, to command 'B" Company.
2nd Lieut. D. R. M. Cates (M and S. M. Ry. Volrs.) to be temporarily attached to "C" Company.
2nd Lieut. A. W. Walker (Sind Vol. Rifles) to be temporarily attached to "D" Company.

671. Parades.—Company Parades for the week ending August 29th:—
"A" Coy. will drill on the same nights as "B" Coy.
"B" Coy. Tuesday and Thursday at 6-30 p.m.
"C" Coy. Monday and Friday at 6-15 p.m.
"D" Coy. Tuesday and Thursday at 6-30 p.m.
"E" Coy. Monday at 6-15 p.m. Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 6-15 p.m.
Dress.—Drill Order with caps.
Friday.—Lecture at Head-Quarters. at 9-30 p.m.
"F" Coy. Wednesday 26th, at 6-15 p.m.
Dress. for the above parades except when otherwise notified:—Drill Order with helmets. Those men who have not drawn uniform to parade in plain clothes.
Recruits "A", "B", "C", "D", "E".—Companies to parade every evening at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m. Dress. Plain Clothes.

672. Enrolments.—The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "E" (Cyclist) Coy:—
No. 7328 Cy. W. Wilkinson, No. 7938 Cy. E. C. Combridge.

(Sd.) C. N. MOBERLY, Capt.,
Actg. Adjutant Bombay Vol. Rifles.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Regimental Orders by Major J. W. Hawes V. D. Commanding.

Aug. 21.

249. Parades.—The E. E. Company will parade every Weekday evening expect Saturdays at Headquarters at 6-30 p.m. for Infantry drill and Rifle Exercises.
Dress:—Uniform and Caps.

250. Parades.—Nos. 1 and 2 Companies. All recruits of the Artillery Companies should parade at Headquarters on Weekday evening at 6-30 p.mm. for Infantry drill.
Dress:—Uniform or Plain Clothes.

251. Parades.—Nos 1 and 2 Companies parade on Saturday evening 22nd instant at Headquarters at 5-0 p.m. for Infantry drill and Rifle Exercises.
Dress:—Uniform and Caps.
Nos 1 and 2 Compaines parade at Headquarters on Sunday morning next at 8-0 a. m. for Company drill.
Dress:—Uniform and Helmets.
All members not on duty must attend these parades.

257. Parades.—It is proposed to hold a Gun drill parade for recruits at 10 a.m. on Sunday next 23rd instant at Mahaluxmi lasting about an hour, Will memebrs who can attend kindly give their names to the Sergt. Major at the office as soon as possible.

(Sd.) R. C. D. GRAHAM, Capt., R. A.,
Adjutant, Bombay, Vol. Artillery.

BAND AT BOMBAY GYMKHANA

By kind permission of Lt.-Col. R. M. Thomason, V.D., and Officers, the String Band of the 1st Battn., B. B. & C. I. Ry. Vols. will play the following programme under the direction of Mr. Geo. W. Salter, at Bombay Gymkhana this evening, commencing at 6-15 p.m.

March	The Light Horse — Blon.
Selection	Our Miss Gibbs — Caryll.
Gavotte	Stephanie — Czibulka.
Valse	Vision D'Umour — Joyce.
Intermezzo	Cupids Garden — Eugene.
Characteristique	Kismet — Markey.
British Nautical Songs	Binding.

National Authems.

1. Belgium ..... 2. Russia ..... 3. France.

STRING BAND AT THE COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel F. W. Bonner V. D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st. Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play this evening a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh, B. Mitchell Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p.m.

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION.

The fourth annual general meeting of this association will be held on sunday the 23rd inst. at 4 p.m. (S.T.) when there will be a social gathering also, as soon as the meeting is over. All members have been cordially invited to attend.

"THE FATHWAY TO PEACE."

The fifth public meeting of the Jain Students' Brotherhood, will be held tomorrow, at 7-30 p.m. in Hirabag near C. P. Tank, when Mrs. E. C. Getsinger (Wash. U. S.) will deliver a lecture on "The Path Way to Peace." The lecture is open to all.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Monday, the 24th August, 1914, being "Id-ul-Fitr" or "Ramzan" will be observed as a Post Office holiday. On that day all post offices will observe the same working hours as on Sundays. The Telegraph Branch of Combined Post Offices will remain open.

ARYAN EXCELSIOR LEAGUE.

Under the auspices of the Aryan Excelsior League, Prof. G. G. Barwe, will deliver a public lecture, to-morrow in the New English School, Kashi Baug, near C. P. Tank upon "Musical Notes and Their Influence" with experiments, at 4-15 p.m. (S. T.). Special seats will be reserved for ladies.

THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

A Conversational meeting of the members of the Students' Brotherhood will be held this evening at the Head Quarters of the Brotherhood between the hours of 6 and 7-30 p.m.

On Sunday the 23rd August the senior and junior class of the Brotherhood will meet as usual at 9 a.m., at their respective places. The senior class will be conducted by Mr. Mirza A. A. Khan B.A., Bar-at-law and the junior by Mr. D. G. Dalvi, M.A., LL.B.

DAILY MORTALITY RETURNS.

Three attacks and two deaths from plague, four attacks and three deaths from cholera and one attack of small-pox were recorded in Bombay City during the 24 hours ended at 6 a.m., on Friday. The plague attacks were reported from Sion, Byculla and Mazagon. The total mortality from all causes on Thursday was 87, as compared with 70 of the corresponding day of 1913 and 102 of 1912. On Thursday, 1,634 rats were caught by the Municipal rat-catchers, out of which 14 were found to be plague infected. A Ward contributed 1, of these later, B Ward 8, and C Ward 5, while the D, E, F and G Wards did not contributed any.

STREET ACCIDENT.

A Hindu woman, named Dhondibai, aged about 40, was going along Lamington Road, carrying a basket of sweetmeats on her head yesterday, when, near the Chowpatti Post Office, she was knocked down by motor car No. 2,835, driven by Mr. Crerar, I.C.S. The off-front wheel passed over her right shoulder. Mr. Crerar immediately stopped the car, and finding the woman injured, had her removed to the Sir J. J. Hospital. She was treated there and advised to stay, but she would not do so. Enquiries were made by Inspector Sykes, which showed that on seeing the woman, Mr. Crerar sounded the horn and shouted out to her, but she became confused and started dodging about in front of the car, which resulted in the accident.

COSMOPOLITAN BANK CASE.

THE ACCUSED'S STATEMENTS.

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Friday, Mr. Frank Oliviera, Third Presidency Magistrate, resumed the hearing of the case in which Inspector E. Morris, of the Bombay Criminal Investigation Department, charged Bhawanji Nagsi Merchant, lately manager of the Cosmopolitan Bank, with cheating one Haji Kasam, a dealer in furniture, in respect of Rs. 500. Gokuldas Chimandas, a broker of the Bank, was charged with abetment of the offence. Mr. P. Godinho, pleader, appeared for the complainant, while Mr. Fereira, solicitor, and Mr. Reuben Solomon, pleader, defended the first accused, and Mr. Balubhai T. Desai, pleader, defended the second accused.

After some more evidence was recorded, the accused made their statements.

The first accused in the course of his statement to the Court said that owing to circumstances over which he had no control his Bank could not make any profits. At the same time the Bank made no losses. He gave his services to the Bank free and had not taken a single rupee from the Bank for himself. From an examination of the balance sheet it would be found that the loss of Rs. 8,000 was due to there being no income but expenses in starting the Bank and keeping it up. On the day in question the second accused introduced the complainant to him and said that the complainant had purchased from him 50 shares of his and was going to buy 50 new shares of the Bank. He got the receipts prepared and asked the complainant for the money. The complainant promised to bring the money the next day. He came to the Bank the next day and Rs. 500 were produced by him or the second accused and it was stated that the Rs. 500 for the new shares would be paid subsequently. On the 23rd June the complainant saw the accused at the Bank and asked for a loan of Rs.3,000. The complainant and another person then said that the second accused had told them that under the Bank rules if the complainant subscribed to 100 shares; a loan of Rs. 3,000 would be given by him (the first accused) on an approved surety signing. They also said that Haji Abdulla Haji Sumar or the second accused would stand as surety. The first accused explained what the rules of the Bank were and asked them to pay the Rs. 500 for the new shares and then make an application for a loan. The next day when the complainant came again, the first accused asked for the Rs. 500 and told him that if they paid those Rs. 500 and got a substantial man to endorse the "hundi," he (the accused) would, it satisfied, grant a loan. The complainant and the others began to remonstrate, and they said they had arranged with the second accused that if Rs. 500 were paid the complainant should be given the loan. An altercation took place between the complainant and the second accused. The complainant then asked the first accused to return him the money already paid. The first accused told him he could not do that as the complainant had purchased the shares from the second accused and what money was due on those shares to the Bank had been received and the balance paid to the second accused. After some further dispute with the second accused, they took him (the second accused) away with them to the Police. The statement concluded by saying that the allegations contrary to what was therein stated were false.

SECOND ACCUSED'S STATEMENT.

The second accused in the course of his statement said he had taken one Abdulla Sumar to the Bank where they saw the first accused and had a talk about the loan matter. The complainant was then informed that if he held 100 shares of the Bank and if the "hundi" passed by him was endorsed by him (the second accused), arrangements might be made to get the required loan. By Abdulla Sumar's assurance he (the second accused) has induced to consent to endorse the complainant's "hundi." The complainant signed three transfer forms for 50 shares bought from him (the second accused) and signed an application for 50 new shares. The next day the complainant without informing him went to the Bank and paid Rs. 500 to the first accused and got three typed receipts. Later on the complainant refused to buy the new 50 shares for which he had signed the application and insisted upon the return of the money paid by him to the first accused, and threatened to prosecute the two accused in a Criminal Court. The first accused told him that he could not return the money but that he was ready and willing to get him a loan of Rs. 3,000 if the complainant performed his part of the contract. The statement further said that whatever had been done by him (the second accused) had been done in his capacity of a broker and in the ordinary and usual course of business. He had made no false representations to the complainant. He bona fide believed that the complainant would get the loan from the manager of the Bank. He had nothing to do with the management of the Bank, nor did he know how the books of accounts were kept and its affairs managed. He was innocent and prayed that he be discharged.

The further hearing was adjourned.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

ALLEGED ASSAULT.

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Friday, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Captain J. G. Metcalfe appeared in answer to a summons taken out against him by one Visram Ithuji, a peon at the High Court Law Library, on a charge of assault.

The complainant alleged that a few days ago he saw the accused standing near the door of the Law Library and asked him what he wanted. On the accused telling him that he wanted to see Mr. Bhimji, barrsiter-at-law, the complainant went to see if Mr. Bhimji was there, and not finding him, came back and informed the accused accordingly. The accused, who was then entering the library, kicked him on the abdomen.

The accused admitted having assaulted the complainant, but said he had done it under provocation. He pleaded extenuating circumstances. He denied having spoken to the complainant about Mr. Bhimji. He was waiting for Mr. Bhimji on the verandah about six feet from the door of the library and facing towards it. The complainant came out, and though there was ample room for him to pass well clear of him on either side, he elected to push him against his right side in a rude way, thus committing a technical assault. The complainant committed the assault on purpose, with the intention of annoying and insulting him. This naturally greatly provoked, him and he kicked the complainant on the shin.

The accused further said it was extremely regrettable that the law was entirely inoperative against rudeness, annoyance, insult, provocation and assault such as he had described. He added that rather than preventing, the law might be said to encourage such by protecting the perpetrators thereof, in that it said there must be no retaliation.

His Worship convicted the accused, remarking that a mere brushing past one was not such grave and sudden provocation as contemplated by law. His Worship fined the accused Rs. 3.

THEFT OF CLOTH.

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Friday, before Mr. Frank Oliviera, Third Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Pundit charged one Kirpashunker Mohanlal, aged 15, with the theft of pieces of cloth, valued at Rs. 200.

It appeared from the evidence that on Thursday evening the accused was carrying the cloth in a bundle, when he was arrested in the streets on suspicion by a policeman. The accused made a statement, in consequence of which his house was searched, when more pieces of cloth were found. The property was identified as his own by one Chaturbhuj Haridas, in whose shop the accused was employed as a servant.

The accused was convicted, and as this was his first offence, he was sentenced to receive twelve stripes.

MANCHESTER COTTON PIECEGOODS & YARN MARKET REPORT.

(From our Correspondent.)

It is possible, that a quiet market for some weeks more may have to be reported. The position in no way changes. A few large staple lines continue experiencing a fair demand, and side lines are bound to suffer, unless the up-country customers begin experiencing more of confidence and less of unreasonable panic.

The war is sure to raise a number of knotty questions. It is quite feasible that goods already in the docks could be shipped, the ship-canal certificates proving the correct date of shipment. But the 25 per cent. on freight claimed, as also the extra 5 per cent. as war risks required, are items worth discussing. Who is to pay them? The buyers purchase on F. B. H. terms, yet there is a clause that requires goods to be shipped per boats of the conference lines. What if the particular ships are not available? The clause re late shipments in case of war may be urged as deciding the matter. Again there is the question of extra insurance; the gainers must pay; In case of war, the belief is that the purchasers, i.e., in general our dealers are the gainers. This view for the present at least is not found correct. But what if the dealers refuse to pay these extras and have the goods? Again the late shipment clause may be put forward as a solution to the difficulty. The Bombay Native Piecegoods Merchants Association appears to base its refusal to pay any their own views. clause. The shippers have their own views. These are questions that require a settlement once for all. The unfortunate war may help the reduction of stocks, but in case the unnecessary panic or some such reasons did not permit sharp demand and small stock, it is possible, when these questions are discussed in normal times, the boycott principle may help towards the reduction. We dare say this will not be tried, as times and circumstances will then be different, we believe there may be a rush for trade. The stock list this week shows a grand total of about 132,000 packages, a reduction of about 600 packages being experienced. It is hoped however, the next stock list will show a substantial decrease.

Greys have moved steadily specially in well-known standards. In face of the fact, that the reputed quality of drills of a big European House has experienced a big advance, the demand for the same continues. The goods are, however, low in stocks, possibly the buyers were nervous to enter into huge contracts. This has not only allowed a further rise in the local price, but as already reported helped other similar cloths, and given an opportunity for the local produce in the style, a fresh impetus. Some good lines in these local drills are reported to have been sold at Rs. 6-12 a piece. The activity that helped the *bleached cloth*, last week is certainly not visible, though a slight increase in prices is noted. Nainsooks in 27 inches 18 yds. 16 by 14 counts of all leading firms, have advanced half to three-fourth anna a piece. Staple qualities in Mulls are changing hands in meagre quantities. Red End mulls in 38 inches by 20 yds. have met some demand, and stocks of these are small. These goods of a well-known European House have been sold at a rise of fully one anna a piece. A sharp Delhi demand for shirtings has emboldened the dealers to enhance their prices. Jacconets of the value of Rs. 4 and under are light in stocks and consequently, prices advanced from half to one anna a piece. As yet *Prints, dyed goods* and fancies have met nothing encouraging. There is little even of retail inquiry and the buyers are really having poor times.

The Manchester Chamber has a request that all goods meant for July, August may be accepted, of course without allowance if shipped in September-October. This is one opportunity to help in the present crisis and it is to be seen how matters are arranged.

Yarns:—Demand is fair, and sellers are cautious. The stock for July shows a rise of some 400 packages, the totals being about 10,200. This week some counts have further experienced a rise of ¼ to ½ anna a lb. The prospects of the yarn market are pretty encouraging.

SPORTING NEWS.

POONA RACING.

FOURTH DAY.

HORSES LEFT IN.

To be run on Saturday, 22nd August.

The following horses were left in after declaration of forfeit at 4 p.m., Thursday, 20th August.

THE ASCOT PLATE.—Distance about 5 furlongs.

Kempion 10-5, Polish 9-12, Lumination 8-4, Hoppner 8-1, Oropesa 7-11, Ute 7-9, Chobham 7-1, Twa Brigs 6-3, Sly Kiss 6-0, Lord Reay 6-0.

THE SATARA PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Harry Johnson 9-10, Nizam-ul-Mulk 9-9, Young Salanie 9-8, Valens 9-8, Solar Star 9-5, Tulwar 9-4, Tofic Pasha 8-13, Ajmer 8-2, Bhatty Chief 8-0, Shami 7-13, Grey Ghost II. 7-13, Tabashir 7-9, Brimo 7-6, Abdul Aziz 7-6, Guinea Merchant 7-6, Best Chance 7-3, Maidania 7-2, Welcome 7-2, Last Chance 7-0.

THE HARRIS PLATE.—Distance about 5 furlongs.

Silver Memory 10-2, Beroll 10-0, Bally Sand 9-11, Audlia 9-9, Katharas 9-3, Loch Sicker 9-0, Jorrocks 8-7.

THE LAMINGTON PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Spring Daisy 11-5, Winnie R. 10-10, Pelt 10-0, Millers Daughter 9-12, Imperialist 9-7, Polly Eccles 9-3, Kookaburra 9-0, Intrigue 8-12, Goldfinch 8-10, Friendship 8-10.

A NOVICE PLATE.—Division I.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Dhaidan 9-3, Anuz 9-3, Grequa 9-1, Old China 8-13, Saidan 8-10, Durban 8-9, Small Diamond 8-7, Biglig 8-5, Alwar 8-5, Hidalgo 8-5, Agent 8-2, Arabian Spot 8-2, Sirmust 8-1, Maurice 8-1, Filing Machine 8-1, Red Flag 8-1, Present 8-0, Khedavi Misser 7-12, Beethoven 7-11, Faleh Khan 7-11,

A NOVICE PLATE.—Division II.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Pretender II. 9-0, Flying Bird 8-13, American Spot 8-13, Ambassador 8-11, Cyprus 8-10, Jawan 8-10, Columbus 8-9, Saood 8-7, Guldasta 8-6, Lotus 8-6, Royalist 8-5, Meteor 8-0, Back Bay 7-13, Sweetlips 7-13, Red Prince 7-13, Investment 7-13, Crocodile 7-13, Quality 7-13, Soheil 7-12, Bahrain Girl 7-11, Triumph 7-10.

A NOVICE PLATE.—Division III.

Pepul 9-0, Bezar Beg 9-0, Miss Nagashi 9-0, Highborn 8-13, Cardiff 8-13, Abdul 8-13, Matadar 8-13, Pareed Beg 8-13, Kassum 8-12, Shatra 8-9, Cash Boy 8-9, Tawdry 8-9, Vellard 8-7, Hongkong 8-4, Baltic 8-2, Jingle 7-12, Crescent 7-10.

THE CRITERION.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Lakme, Solution, Meddling, Yvette, Pantomime II., Little Speed.

THE DEALERS NEW PLATE.—Distance about 1¼ miles.

Sunbeam, Mohsel, Kayid, Eldorado, Balkan Prince, Faleh Khan, Buttercup, Majbur, Huzaz.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL CINEMATOGRAPH.

The Management have booked the great exclusive film just received from Paris entitled "Napoleon." This is certainly one of the most brilliant successes of the Pathe studio and all through the film one must admire the wonderful stage management that controls the hundreds of men employed in the production. The life story of Napoleon has been often told, and indeed it is a well nigh inexhaustible subject. His character was so many sided that to judge every aspect of it is impossible—a brave soldier, a brilliant strategist, a far-seeing lawgiver; equally great amid the calm splendour of a Court as among the discomforts of a martial camp; absolutely unique, yet intensly human, such was Napoleon Bonaparte, whose story is vividly told in pictures in this great film.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.

"The Devil's Eye," a thrilling and sensational photo-play in three parts, is the standing feature of to-night's new programme. It is the tale of a lover and a gang of desperate diamond thieves who are caught after a succession of most thrilling episodes. With consummate skill the producer of the drama has made full use of the talent and unparalleled daring of an actor who is never more happy than when flaunting death in the face. Many times does he risk his life jumping from high bridges, climbing perilous heights, riding on horseback down steep precipices, and, in fact defying death in every possible form. Another good feature which has been introduced from this week is a series of animated cartoons dealing with Indian life by Frank Leah, the well-known cartoonit of Calcutta. Mr. Leah has a wonderful fund of humour and subtlety of expression.

OLYMPIA PICTURE PALACE.

A worth-while-film at this house is "Four World's Champions at Cricket" By means of this picture, the cricketer, amateur or professional, is enabled to enjoy a practical lesson on the four most essential departments of his game given by four of the greatest experts. Messrs. Hobbs, Hitch, Strudwick, and "Razor" Smith demonstrate the arts of batting, bowling, wicket keeping and fielding the pictures being taken at the historic Kennington Oval, and will be of the deepest interest to all the lovers of this national game. This film will be seen at the Olympia along with a select programme.

PROVINCIAL CO-OPERATIVE CONFERENCE

The Provincial Co-operative Conference of the Bombay Presidency, will be held in the Council Hall, Poona, at 11 a.m. on August 26th and 27th. His Excellency the Governor has kindly consented to open the proceedings.

STERLING BILLS ON LONDON.

The following is the result of the allotment of Sterling Bills and Telegraphic Transfers on the Secretary of State for India in London for £1,000,000 offered for sale on Thursday, the 20th August 1914, at 15 29/32d. and 15 27/32d. the rupee, respectively.

		Calcutta	Bambay	Madras	Total
		£	£	£	£
Total amount of tenders received.	Bills	53,000	80,000	—	133,000
	Telegraphic Transfers	29,700	105,000	97,000	499,000
				Total	632,000
Total amount accepted.	Bill	53,000	80,000	—	133,000
	Telegraphic Transfers	237,000	105,000	97,000	499,000
				Tota	632,000

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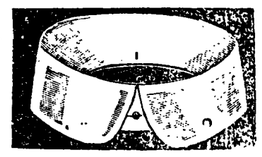

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Extra Assistant Commissioner.

Lahore, 10th October, 1913.

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Agents.

BUSINESS ANNOUNCEMENT.

All subscriptions for "The Bombay Chronicle" are payable strictly in advance. Intending subscribers who desire to pay by V.P.P. are supplied with an initial copy V.P.P. but, in such case, the regular supply cannot be commenced before receipt of remittance. Those who wish to obviate the delay thus involved are advised, therefore, to remit their subscriptions in advance either by Money Order or cheques on the local banks.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Saturday, August 22, 1914.

BOMBAY JAILS.

The Administration Report of the Bombay Jail Department for last year is melancholy reading. Of course, no report of jail administration, a sort of document which does not lend itself, under any circumstances, to vivacious treatment, can be read by the humane man with anything like pleasure. But, conceding that the prison is a necessary evil in our modern civilization, it is possible to find satisfaction in a record of a well-administered jail and of serious efforts for the improvement of penal methods. In some respects the Bombay Report discloses a state of affairs that calls for the immediate attention of the Government. Major Lowson, I.M.S., the acting Inspector-General of Prisons, seems to think that prison life in the Bombay Presidency during last year was a comparatively peaceful state of existence, as the number of prisoners punished by the jail authorities did not exceed 7,891 out of a total population of 28,311. One may be pardoned for suspecting that "punishment" in jail, according to jail "rules," is not always to be taken as a safe criterion of bad behaviour on the part of a prisoner, who, if he is not fortunate enough to conciliate his warder, is liable to receive punishment for even a fancied dereliction of any duty that might be imposed upon him. And when one considers the class from which warders are recruited, it is not unsafe to assume that, in nine cases out of ten, a warder is only too ready to make complaints. It is to be further noted that the popularity of flogging as a punishment for wholly trumpery offences has not abated in some of the jails of the Presidency, although, as the Report itself somewhat tritely declares, "ready resort to this form of punishment is generally the sign of an inexperienced Superintendent." The authorities of the Ahmedabad Central Prison, in particular, appear to have a child-like faith in flogging as a corrective, no less than thirteen cases of flogging for "short and bad work" having occurred out of a total of nineteen. In these cases, we are told, the stripes range from one to five, the significant statement being made that "it is not understood what the real deterrent effect must have been on a prisoner who was punished with one or two stripes for spoiling his work."

Major Lowson, we are glad to find, draws pointed attention to the callous treatment that seems to be accorded to juvenile adults under trial. He gives a lengthy list of "objectionable instances" in which such persons under twenty one years of age have been detained in prison longer than fifteen days pending trial. This is, of course, a matter in which no blame attaches to the Jail Department, the period and number of remands resting wholly with the district magistrates who, as a body, do not seem to have yet realised an obvious duty. We note that no less than 6,151 prisoners last year were between the ages of fifteen and twenty-five. This fact denotes the urgent necessity of improving the Indian prison system regarding youthful prisoners, whom it is the duty of the State to reclaim for the benefit of the community by assisting them to adopt an honest means of livelihood. But by far the most objectionable feature of the Bombay jails consists of the disclosures,—curiously enough, made somewhat guilelessly,—of the state of overcrowding in nearly every jail in the Presidency. The Sind gang prison, in particular, appears to be the most dreadful place of detention one can conceive of in India, and the official description recalls what we have read of Siberian prisons and Spanish dungeons. It says:—

Every extreme of temperature is encountered in this prison: the prisoners working in stone quarries, which are intensely hot in the summer and swept by the north and east wind in the winter. Very heavy rains resulted in the flooding of the prison enclosure and entailed great discomfort and exposure to prisoners and prison officials alike. Malaria was very bad in the surrounding district and to guard against it, quinine was issued as a prophylactic in 10 grain doses twice a week. On the whole, the health of the Gang was fair during the year.

The banality of the last sentence is striking, especially when it is stated that the death-rate in the Sind prison, where the luckless inmates have been condemned to "every extreme of temperature," rose from 23.6 per thousand in 1912, to 36.3 during the year under report. In every other important prison, too, the death-rate showed an alarming increase. In the Common Prison in Bombay it was 35.2 per thousand against 16.42 in the year previous. This is a matter that certainly needs a thorough investigation.

We should have liked to know something more of the effects of "separate and solitary confinement," beyond the cursory reference made to it in the Report. It is regrettable to find that this isolation form of punishment still appears to find favour in India. Modern humanitarianism has wholly condemned it as a form of cruelty which has hardly any parallel in the history of the inhumane treatment of criminals. We believe the majority of so-called "criminals" are victims of circumstances, environment and heredity forming the principal factors that lead to their downfall in life. For temptations, environment and heredity society is largely responsible, and, being aware of these things, it is necessary to take this fact into account, and make the most strenuous endeavours to convert the apparently waste products of society into sources of wealth and strength.

Notes of the Day

Re-occupation of Brussels.

Fortunately the public had been prepared for the news of the occupation of Brussels by the Germans, which arrived at about eight o'clock last night, by the trend of the operations of the last few days and a preliminary warning that the abandonment of the Belgian Capital would probably be desirable in the interests of the general strategy of the whole campaign. It must be assumed, and there is, in fact, no reason to doubt, that there are sound strategical reasons for allowing the Germans to enter the city without opposition, when, as we are told in another telegram, the Belgians were "fighting like demons" to resist the German advance previously. Brussels is a totally unfortified city and the flat and open ground around it would make it extremely difficult to use it as the venue of any defensive operations. It is significant that the forts at Liege are still holding out and those at Namur have not been attacked, while it is questionable whether the Germans can afford to ignore Antwerp. Moreover, it must not be forgotten that the Germans in this area of the war have not yet met the main force of the Allies. They are advancing only against the very much weaker force of a section of the Belgian Army, which has held their advance wonderfully at bay. The real struggle on the Belgian front has yet to come.

Indians and the War.

It is apparent from the wording of the letter of the Private Secretary to the Governor of Bengal to Messrs. Sinha and Chakravarti, the two leaders of the Calcutta Bar, who submitted a representation on behalf of 301 Bengali barristers, offering their services as volunteers that Government has not yet decided against the representation. According to a Calcutta telegram to-day, the Government of India are willing to avail themselves of the services of a Bengali ambulance corps to duty in the field overseas. This opportunity of serving the Empire at such a juncture is any way will, we are sure, be eagerly welcomed, but we trust it is not intended to refuse altogether the offers of service. As we said on a previous occasion, a little courageous statesmanship at this juncture would solve the problem to the complete satisfaction of Indians and the positive advantage of Government.

Indians as Volunteers.

It may be remembered that replying to a question last year in the Imperial Council regarding the enlistment of Indians in Volunteer Corps, Major-General Birdwood said that Indian Christians and Parsis are enlisted if they are acceptable to the Officer Commanding of the Corps concerned, and that individual Indians were also eligible for enrolment under the same conditions. There is thus no statutory disqualification of any Indian race or community to serve as volunteers, the preamble of the Indian Volunteer Act of 1869 stating that,

Whereas many loyal subjects of Her Majesty have volunteered their services for the protection of life and property and the preservation of the peace, and have with the sanction of Government associated and enrolled themselves as military corps under the command of officers appointed for that purposes; and it is expedient to provide for the good order and discipline of such corps and to invest their members with certain powers etc., etc.

No disability has been imposed on any loyal subject of His Majesty and it is quite open to Government to sanction the formation of any corps they may consider necessary. The problem of efficiency of such corps can be solved by fixing a sufficiently high standard of fitness and training. But if the thing is to be done at all, it should be done quickly.

Bombay A. D. C. and the War.

There seems to be a strong feeling among a certain section of the members of the Bombay Amateur Dramatic Society that the operations of the Society should be suspended and no entertainments given during the war. The feeling, however, as we are informed, is not altogether unanimous and a meeting is to be held in the course of next week to discuss the matter. The performances of "The Magistrate" which were to have taken place this month, it will be remembered, were abandoned on account of the war, but we think it would be a pity if the Society decided to continue this more than self-denying ordinance. If the members of the Society feel that the gravity of affairs at the present juncture prevents them from indulging in any little relaxation, or providing such relaxation for the public, no one else has the right to quarrel with their decision. But as theatrical and other public performances are not likely to cease either in India or England during the war, we should have thought that the Bombay A.D.C., rather than abandon their entertainments, might utilise them to swell the coffers of the Imperial War Relief Fund.

THE WAR-MAKER.

A PRUSSIAN NOBLEMAN AT HOME.

In the following article, which has been specially written for "The Chronicle" the writer, who possesses a wide cosmopolitan experience, gives an illuminating character sketch of a typical Prussian "Yunker"—the Prussian aristocrat who is the backbone of the war party in Germany.

My friend Freiherr von Sodawasser is a Prussian nobleman, (as his name and title imply) and he lies in a great barrack-like schloss on the frontiers of the Grand-Duchy of Posen, where he rules as a miniature king over his peasants. He is a scion of that caste which never changes, that is to say in Prussia, who are christened over crossed-sabres, swaddled in gun-cotton and rocked to sleep with battle-songs from the legends of the Rhine. I have often visited my friend von Sodawasser in that great house of his, hung with the portraits of his ancestors, all in uniform of course, for a civilian Sodawasser would be a scandal that would wake the very owls in the old forest and the forefathers in the old vault. There in the picture gallery frowns the redoubtable Sodawasser who fought for Protestantism at the battle of Namur, and was reputed to have captured seven guns from the legions of Louis; also that other Sodawasser who was aide-de-camp to Blucher and a third who rode at the head of the dragoons into Metz, and so throughout the whole length of this temple of dead warriors.

Von Sodawasser is really a good fellow, possessing some of the finest qualities required in a gentleman, and I must confess to liking him. Often I have met in Berlin and we have had a long chat together in one of those exclusive cafés, to enter which you must be either a "von," a foreigner, or an actress.

"GERMANIC PHILOSOPHY."

Quietly I have listened to the future of Germany carved out (with a cavalry sabre of course), and have heard of the ultimate fate of Europe "to be dominated by Germanic philosophy." These were my friend's actual words; but philosophy is an especial product of Prussia,—it is made in Krupp's gun-factory. In the way of politics von Sodawasser is a Conservative and sits in the Prussian Diet. He has an intense hatred for Radicals, Socialists, Papists, Poles and Jews. He said to me the last time I met him, (when von Sodawasser actually embraced me on both cheeks in token of what he termed in *one* German word—"bound-together-in-bonds-of-bayonets-brother-soldier's-love.") This was after the Balkan War when I had a baptism of the Allies' bullets. (a great recommendation in the eyes of von Sodawasser) that though that mere worm Herr Bebel (the late) might prattle with characteristic bourgeois ignorance, "Philosophy" (!) proves that an aristocracy *must* be at the head of the State." He follows the political situation with a commendable and astonishing zeal, and can give you authentic accounts of the British Naval Estimates, long before the House of Commons knows anything about them. His library is stocked with books,—all German, (von Sodawasser says there are *no* other books) for which he does not show much taste. He reads with avidity, however, the more recent publications of some of his Professor friends, books dealing with the land of "Our dear English Cousins," with much information of their Fleet and Army and mysterious maps and plans interspersed of Rosyth, Portsmouth and the North Sea.

CULTURE AND BOOTS.

Von Sodawasser marks with a blue pencil those lines in which the good Herr Professor chuckles over revolutions in India, and rebellions in Ireland, and other wierd paragraphs that make strange hints about Japan and Australia, Canada and the U. S. A. All these things von Sodawasser reads in the trains as he rushes up to Berlin from his Prussian miniature Konigreich, to assist at a meeting of the Navy League, of which he is a Vice-President. Although my good friend occasionally mutters cryptic things about "aristocratik-rule" or "plebian pigs" or gets quite excited about Heraldry, don't imagine for a moment, least of all to-day, that von Sodawasser (typical of his kind) is an antiquated and grotesque feudal fool Far from it. There is precious little that goes on in the world of finance of which he is not aware; he disperses his capital in a dozen different directions, but all with one end in view,—the expansion of "Germanic philosophy." I have seen in his study a beautiful model of a dredger, with exhaustive notes on the same in Turkish and Arabic. Von Sodawasser is "interested" in the Ottoman Empire in Asia. Sometimes he disappears for months, and you hear it whispered in Berlin that the good soul is negotiating with a Brazilian Railway in far off Manaos. In London he is to be met, and even at Nottingham. And now I must tell you a dead secret. Freiherr Otto von Sodawasser, Knight of the Red Eagle is "interested" in boots. Yes,—clodhoppers—6/6 a pair, "made in Germany," though not in Prussia where they only make war and history.

The Almanack de Gotha recites his long high-sounding names, his Turkish Orders, Austrian Orders, Prussian Orders,—but the English Orders for boots at 6/6 a pair, are of course not inserted.

But what makes von Sodawasser so interesting to me are his obsessions. He feels sure there are not enough sailors in England to man the Fleet, that all the English nobles are the illegitimate progeny of former kings. That Britain is on the verge of bankruptcy and Rome is fast regaining power at Canterbury. He is confident that the German Navy is better than the British, and that the U. S. A. would participate in a war with the English—whom he nevertheless calls "our English Cousins"!

Shakespeare, he says, is only understood in Germany and the British successes in S. Africa were the outcome of "advice" sent by the Kaiser to Queen Victoria. He was sure a year ago that Britain is on the verge of a revolution and that George V. is the last monarch who will sit on the Throne. For English business men he expresses a profound contempt, and he assured me that at Oxford or Cambridge one could get any degree by bribing the Vice-Chancellor. He also told me once with delicious complacency that Edward VII "threw himself into the arms of France from sheer fear of Germany." For France, however, von Sodawasser curiously professes vast admiration. He never tires of praising French culture and regularly reads the Illustrated Comics from Montmartre. His guttural conversation is interspersed with such words as "interessante," "elegante," "chic," "mignon," or "delicieuse," according to the last craze of aristocratic Berlin.

THE FATE OF AUSTRIA.

Austria he regards as an "appanage" of Prussia and calmly discusses the removal of the Dual Crown form the brow of the Hapsburg to the head of the Hohenzollern. For the S. German States he has a sort of contemptuous toleration and once remarked—"Der Kaiser ist nichte, der Konig ist Alles." In private life Otto von Sodawasser is essentially a gentleman. He pays his debts of honour, shrinks from a lie, is a firm friend and an honest foe. His loyalty to his sovereign is beyond reproach and his love of Prussia prodigious. His charm in society like his brutality in politics, he has inherited from his heavy half-Slavonic ancestors, of whose estates he is now the absolute despot. The village school and church are his, and in the latter each Sunday he listens to a sermon (preached at his dictation) by the pastor on the righteousness of the mailed fist, the divinity of kings, etc. The churchwarden is his gamekeeper and the verger his steward, the congregation are his subjects. Moreover never does von Sodawasser permit either the churchwarden, the verger or the congregation to forget their exact relation to him. He is their ruler. In reality Sodawasser is an athiest. He regards religion as an institution for the ignorant masses.

His tenants are his subjects when Prussians, and his slaves when Poles, but in all cases they are "the people."

Such tenants are also soldiers—but von Sodawasser does not despise them the less for that. His caste are not soldiers, they are "officers." Von Sodawasser once declared that an officer's mission was to make war,—while the soldiers merely fight when told!

How this theory will work I can't say, but I have no doubt I shall hear a glowing account of it when next I meet my charming friend Freiherr von Sodawasser.

Official and Personal.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon left Bombay for Ganeshkhind last night by the Poona passenger train from the Victoria Terminus station. Their Excellencies were met at the station by the Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy M. Chinoy, Sheriff of Bombay, Lieut. Egerton, of the Royal Navy, Mr. A. C. Rumboll, Agent, G. I. P. Railway, Mr. S. M. Edwardes, Commissioner of Police and Mr. O. A. Harker, Deputy-Commissioner of Police.

ENEMIES' VESSELS.

BAY OF BENGAL CLEAR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 21.

The Bengal Government notifies that the Naval Commander-in-Chief has intimated that so far as known, there are no enemies' vessels in the Bay of Bengal.

GERMANS OCCUPY BRUSSELS WITHOUT FIGHTING.

SACRIFICED TO TACTICAL EXIGENCIES.

DESPERATE RESISTANCE AT AERSCHOT.

"BELGIANS FIGHT LIKE DEMONS."

THE POSITION IN LORRAINE.

MULHAUSEN RETAKEN AT POINT OF BAYONET.

The Germans occupied Brussels on Thursday without fighting. It is explained that the Belgians have sacrificed their capital to tactical exigencies in order not to jeopardise any chances in the great struggle which is now proceeding along the front of 250 miles.

The anticipated Belgian retirement has taken place. Having fulfilled the duty assigned to them and delayed the German advance, the Belgians have fallen back; but not before they had given the Allies,—by which one supposes is meant the French and British troops,—time to complete their concentration without interference. As a result the position of the Allies along the whole front is reported to be excellent.

According to a Paris report the Liege forts are still intact and those at Namur have not been attacked. The Germans are, therefore, liable to be caught between Namur and Antwerp.

Two fresh French successes in Alsace are announced. The French troops have re-taken Mulhausen, from which town they had to retire ten days ago when attacked by a numerically superior German force; and they have also captured Guebwiller, another small town in Alsace. The operations in Lorraine were, however, not so successful on Thursday.

Further details of the three days' battle at Shabatz are given. The Austrians seem to have been thoroughly routed, and lost vast quantities of arms and ammunition.

After three days' fighting the Russians are reported to have penetrated twenty miles into East Prussia.

GERMANS OCCUPY BRUSSELS.

SACRIFICED ON TACTICAL GROUNDS.

GREAT BATTLE PROCEEDING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug 21. 3-35 a.m.

The Germans occupied Brussels yesterday without fighting.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Aug. 21, 2-55 p.m.

There is good deal of speculation regarding the fate of Brussels. Many experts deduce from official messages that Brussels will be sacrificed to tactical exigencies. If so, the Belgians' gallant subordination of themselves for local co-operation with the Allies shows splendid grit and courage.

The military experts show how the South African campaign was compromised by demands for the protection of certain important places.

The Belgians, however, prefer to allow the Uhlans to over-run Brussels than to jeopardise any chances in the great battle.

The Belgian War Office explains that the German attacking force would not be sufficiently strong to hold Brussels more than temporarily.

Fighting is now proceeding along the front of 250 miles. While only the most stupendous efforts can prevent the Germans from piercing the Allies' line at some points it will be the army which has the greater number of successes which will have the decisive victory.

BELGIAN ARMY'S RETIREMENT.

DICTATED BY STRATEGICAL SITUATION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 20, 11-20 a.m.

The Press Bureau announces that the Belgian army, confronted by superior numbers, has fallen back. Communication with Brussels has been difficult since early this morning.

The Belgian troops admirably performed their duty of delaying the hostile advance, enabling their Allies to complete their concentration without interference.

The Belgian retirement had been anticipated for some days. It has been dictated by the strategical situation.

BELGIANS' RETREAT ON LOUVAIN.

"AFTER FIGHTING LIKE DEMONS."

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Aug. 20, 6-30 p.m.

Despatches received to-day by a round-about route go far to explain the cutting of the connections with Brussels.

An action was fought on Saturday at Aerschot. German infantry with guns attacked the Belgians. The latter were ten times outnumbered, but they fought like demons. Two regiments which had been at Liege behaved gloriously. The Belgians retreated on Louvain.

Major Gilson of the Belgian army, though wounded, covered the retreat of the main body with 288 men. Only seven of Major Gilson's men returned to the base.

The city of Louvain is in the Belgium province of Brabant, 19 miles by rail, east of Brussels. Population, 42,308.

Aerschot is a fortified town on the left bank of the Demer, 18 miles north-east from Brussels.

A STRATEGIC MEASURE.

CLOSE FIGHTING AVOIDED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Aug. 21, 12-35 p.m.

Experts seem to be generally agreed that the Belgian withdrawal is a strategic measure and that therefore it need not be regarded pessimistically.

The Belgians apparently desired to avoid close fighting from which they could not extricate themselves without heavy loss.

LIEGE FORTS STILL INTACT.

NAMUR NOT ATTACKED.

LONDON, Aug. 21, 12-35 p.m.

An official Paris despatch says that the Liege forts still hold out and those at Namur have not been attacked.

Thus in their forward march the Germans are liable to be caught between Namur and Antwerp.

ALLIES' POSITION.

EXCELLENT ALONG THE WHOLE FRONT.

LONDON, Aug. 20, 4 p.m.

An official announcement issued in Paris says that the position of the Allies is excellent along the whole front.

BRILLIANT FRENCH SUCCESS.

TWENTY-FOUR GUNS CAPTURED.

LONDON, Aug. 21, 5-0 a.m.

The French troops have achieved a brilliant success in Alsace between Muelhausen and Altkirch, capturing 24 guns.

The Germans are retreating on the Rhine.

AT THE POINT OF THE BAYONET.

MULHAUSEN OCCUPIED AFTER SHARP FIGHTING.

LONDON, Aug. 20, 4-50 p.m.

It is officially announced that the French have occupied Mulhausen at the point of the bayonet after very sharp fighting. They captured six guns and six ammunition wagons.

Mulhausen was one of the first towns taken by the French in Alsace. This took place after a fierce battle on August 8th, but two days later a large force of Germans attacked the town, whereupon the French force which was smaller retired. Later, on the 15th, it was reported that the German troops stretched from Liege to Mulhausen, with a marked density in the north, and the fact that the town has now been re-taken by the French is of some importance.

ANOTHER FRENCH SUCCESS.

LONDON, Aug. 20, 11-20 a.m.

It is officially announced that the French have occupied Guebwiller. The Russians are advancing along the whole line.

Guebwiller is another town in Alsace at the foot of the Vosges, and 15 miles S. S. W., of Colmar, which was taken by the French a few days ago.

FRENCH ADVANCED GUARD FORCED BACK.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Aug. 21, 1-20 p.m.

A French official communique says:—"Our operations were less successful in Lorraine yesterday than they had been on preceding days.

"The French advanced guard encountered very strong positions and was forced back by a counter-attack on the main body which had taken up a strong position on the river Seille and the canal connecting the rivers Marne and Rhine."

AUSTRIAN ATTACK ON KRASNIK.

REPULSED BY RUSSIANS.

SIX OFFICERS AND 200 MEN CAPTURED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Aug. 21.

An attack delivered against Krasnik by an Austrian infantry division, supported by four batteries of artillery, was repulsed by Russians who captured six officers and 250 men.

Krasnik is a small town in Poland, 52 miles W. N. W. of Zamosc. The latter is a fortified town of Russian Poland 154 miles S. E. of Warsaw.

RUSSIANS IN EAST PRUSSIA.

PENETRATE TWENTY MILES AFTER THREE DAYS' FIGHTING.

LONDON, Aug. 21.

After three days fighting the Russians have penetrated twenty miles into East Prussia, and have occupied Lyck.

THE FIGHTING AT SHABATZ.

AUSTRIANS LOSE MUCH AMMUNITION

SERVIANS STILL PURSUING THE ENEMY.

LONDON, Aug. 21.

The wounded are arriving at Nish from Shabatz. The battle there lasted three days. The Austrians numbered about 100,000.

The Servians are still pursuing their enemies. The latter lost 36 quick-firers, vast quantities of rifles and ammunition and a large number of horses.

The first batch of prisoners has arrived at Nish.

PRESIDENT POINCARE'S BIRTHDAY

THE KING'S MESSAGE.

VICTORY OF RIGHT AND CIVILISATION.

LONDON, Aug. 21. 5-0 a.m.

The King telegraphed birthday congratulations to President Poincaré, expressing the firm conviction that success would attend the arms of the Allies in the great struggle against a common enemy.

President Poincaré replied that he shared the confidence of the King as to the outcome of the war which would be pursued until right and civilisation had achieved a definite victory.

RECESSION OF KIAO-CHAU.

CHINA APPROACHES THE UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Aug 21. (3-40 p.m.)

A message from Peking states that China has sounded the American Charge D'Affaires regarding the attitude of the United States, should Germany cede to the United States the territory of Kiao-chau for immediate recession to China. It is believed that the inquiry was based on a suggestion from Germany. It is, however, predicted in official quarters that the United States will not consent unless assured of the acquiescence of Great Britain and Japan.

JAPANESE STUDENTS IN ENGLAND.

FRENCHMEN AND RUSSIANS ILL-USED IN GERMANY.

LONDON, Aug. 21.

One hundred Japanese students have arrived in England from Germany. They make no complaint of ill-treatment, but they had heard of many instances of Frenchmen and Russians being ill-used, and feared that the Japanese might be treated in a similar manner also if diplomatic relations between Tokio and Berlin were broken off.

RETIRED INDIAN OFFICERS' OFFER OF SERVICE.

INDIA OFFICE INFORMATION BUREAU.

LONDON, Aug. 21. 5 p.m.

The India Office has received many letters from retired Indian civilians and officers offering their services to the State. With a view to using these valuable offers as far as possible an information bureau has been constituted at the India Office to communicate with the other Government departments and voluntary organisations.

The India Office further says that officers on leave from India will, of course, understand that they must be prepared to return to India at any time if required.

THE INDIAN SERVICES.

CONCESSION TO CANDIDATES SERVING WITH THE FORCES.

LONDON, Aug 20. (2-25 p.m.)

The Marquis of Crewe has decided that candidates for the Indian Civil Service, Police, Public Works Department, Railways, Finance Department and Customs Department will be allowed to deduct from their age at the time of examination any period of service in the Regular Army from August 5th, or in the Special Reserve or Territorials during mobilisation.

The concession only applies to those eligible by age to compete in 1915, and who would be over age in the next and following years

THE MAHARANI OF BARODA.

STILL STRANDED AT KARLSBAD.

LONDON, Aug 20. (2-25 p.m.)

There is no news of the Maharani of Baroda, who is stranded at Karlsbad. The Gaekwar is at Vichy, from where Mr. Gokhale has returned to London much improved in health.

CANADA'S WAR BUDGET.

INCREASED TAXATION TO BRING IN 15 MILLION DOLLARS.

OTTAWA, Aug. 21, 5-40 p.m.

The War Budget of Mr. White, Minister of Finance, increases the taxes on sugar, coffee, spirits and tobacco to yield 15,000,000 dollars per annum additional revenue.

CANADA DURING THE WAR.

DUKE OF CONNAUGHT TO REMAIN GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

LONDON, Aug. 21.

At the request of the Canadian Government the Duke of Connaught will remain Governor-General of the Dominion during the war.

THE R. I. M. DALHOUSIE.

PLACED UNDER COMMAND OF SENIOR NAVAL OFFICER.

LONDON, Aug. 21.

The "London Gazette" contains a proclamation placing the R. I. M. steamer Dalhousie under the command of the senior naval officer of the station where she lies.

MOBILISATION OF DUTCH SEA MILITIA

REQUEST FOR A FURTHER GRANT BY GOVERNMENT.

LONDON, Aug. 21.

The Dutch Government has asked for a further vote of 5,000,000 florins to meet the cost of mobilisation of the sea militia.

BANK OF FRANCE DISCOUNT RATE.

LONDON, Aug. 20, 11-20 a.m.

The rate of discount of the Bank of France has been reduced to 5 per cent.

FRANCE AND GERMAN TRADE.

LONDON, Aug. 21.

France is taking measures similar to England to gain possession of German trade.

RESUME OF THE WAR.

The following Official Press Note was issued last night:—Representations have been made to the Government of Bombay that the public would appreciate the daily issue of an official statement on the progress of the war. Government have therefore arranged to publish a press note every evening which will give all available information. The position to date appears to be as follows:—The allied armies extend over a front reaching from the south of Alsace to the centre of Belgium, roughly a distance of between 250 to 300 miles. The Belgium War Office explain that it may always be possible for the enemy to break through the line in places, though not in sufficient force to hold their positions more than temporarily. It seems possible that the Belgians will be ready to abandon Brussels if the strategy of the war demands it. The German forces in Belgium are making great efforts and are throwing large bodies of troops across the river Meuse between Liege and Namur. In the south the French appear to be making considerable progress. In Alsace they have crossed the Vosges mountains, have re-occupied Mulhausen and captured Guebwiller 10 miles further north. The latest news is that the Germans are retreating on the Rhine, having lost 24 guns. The French have also penetrated into Lorraine, and occupied Hosrchingen which lies on the east of Mutz on the important Mutz-Strassburg railway. The Russians have penetrated 20 miles into East Prussia and claim to have captured 12 guns and many prisoners at Gusbinnen. They have also repulsed an Austrian attack. There is no naval news from Europe. At the request of the Canadian Government the Duke of Connaught will remain Governor-General of the Dominion during the war. King George has telegraphed congratulations to the French President on his birthday. The President replied that he shared the confidence of the King as to the outcome of the war which which would be pursued until right and civilisation had achieved a definite victory.

EGYPTIAN COTTON CROP.

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS MEET ON FINANCING SCHEME.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

CAIRO, Aug. 21.

A meeting of the cotton merchants and cultivators has been held at the Ministry of Agriculture to discuss the question of financing the cotton crop. No scheme was determined upon and the meeting adjourned.

DEATH OF FATHER WERNZ.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Aug. 21.

The death is announced of Father Wernz, General of Jesuits.

GENERAL CARRANZA'S ENTRY IN MEXICO CITY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 21.

General Carrranza has entered Mexico City. He was enthusiastically received.

ELECTION OF NEW POPE,

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 20, 4 p.m.

The Conclave for the election of the new Pope will meet on September 3rd.

LATEST CABLES

(Received after 2 a.m.)

OCCUPATION OF BRUSSELS.

CITY ENTIRELY UNDEFENDED.

LONDON, Aug. 21. 1-0 p.m.

After the decision not to oppose the occupation of Brussels had been reached, the Burgomaster issued a proclamation urging the people to remain calm and not to molest the German troops. The Civic-guard, numbering twenty thousand men, then disbanded and was transferred to Ghent. Thus the city was entirely undefended when the Germans entered and formally took possession of it.

FIGHTING ON FRONTIER OF EAST PRUSSIA.

LONDON, Aug. 21, 1-0 p.m.

A series of communiques issued by the Russian General Staff indicates that fighting is proceeding along an extensive line on the frontier of East Prussia.

EARL KITCHENER'S ARMY.

LONDON, Aug. 21, 1-0 p.m.

Seventy thousand men have joined Earl Kitchener's new army.

GERMAN AEROPLANE FIRED AT.

LONDON, Aug. 21. 1-0 p.m.

A Sentry fired at a German aeroplane which was flying over Oostburg. The shots smashed the engine and the pilot was forced to descend. He was disarmed.

Oostburg is a village of Holland, in the province of Zealand, 15 miles S. S. E. of Middleburg.

INDIA AND THE WAR.

PROPOSED CALCUTTA HIGH COURT VOLUNTEER CORPS.

GOVERNOR'S APPRECIATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 21.

On the 11th of August last Messrs. S. P Sinha and B. Chukerbutty submitted a representation to the Governor containing 301 of members of the Bar Library of Calcutta High Court and others connected with the Court who had offered to serve as volunteers during the present crisis. The Private Secretary to the Governor has sent an acknowledgment in which he says that his Excellency had greatly appreciated the spirit of loyalty and devotion which actuated these gentlemen to offer their services for defence of the Empire.

BENGAL'S AMBULANCE CORPS.

FOR SERVICE OVERSEAS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 21.

At a meeting of the Calcutta Bar Library Club it was decided to raise an Ambulance Corps consisting of two thousand Bengalis and to place their services at the disposal of the Government. This Corps will help those who are actually engaged in war and will do ambulance duty in the field of battle. It is understood that the Government is willing to avail itself of services of an Ambulance Corps from Bengal for service overseas. Already six centres have been opened in Calcutta and names are enlisted of those willing to go to the front.

MILITARY DUTY OF ARMY RESERVISTS.

ENTRY AND MOVEMENT OF FOREIGNERS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 21.

A Gazette Extraordinary calls out for military duty of Army Reservists residing in India including Burma and Aden.

An ordance is notified empowering authorities to control the entry and movements of all foreigners in India and requiring householders, under pain of imprisonment and fine to report the presence of any foreigner they may harbour.

OFFICERS ON SPECIAL DUTY.

ARE NOT LIKELY TO BE RECALLED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, August 20.

It is understood that it has now been decided not to recall to India officers on special duty in England. This affects the members of the Public Services Commission who will therefore remain at Home to complete their report.

NO LEAVE OUT OF INDIA TO VOLUNTEER OFFICERS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 21.

It is notified that for the present leave out of India will not be granted to Volunteer Officers.

CONCERT AT Y. W. C. A.

A Grand Ballad Concert, will be given at the Y. W. C. A. Hall, on Thursday, Aug. 27, at 9-30 p.m. The programme is arranged by Mrs. Ben Hick.

BOMBAY AND THE WAR.

LADIES' MEETING.

SCHEME FOR AMELIORATING DISTRESS.

THEIR EXCELLENCIES' SPEECHES.

The meeting of the women of Bombay, called by her Excellency Lady Willingdon at the Town Hall, yesterday, to discuss the best manner in which they can help the Empire in the present crisis, was largely attended.

His Excellency Lord Willingdon who was also present, opened the proceedings and in the course of his speech said that they were working with a common object under a common citizenship—the citizenship of a common Empire—and they were all determined to show to the whole world that this great country of India was true as steel and was loyal to the core and was determined, whatever might eventuate in future, to do all she could to uphold the greatness of our cause, the victory of our arms and the prestige and honour of our King-Emperor and his dominions.

Mr. J. A. D. MacBain and Surgeon-General Lyons, who were among the few gentlemen invited to be present, then outlined the scheme to provide extra comforts for the sick and wounded in the war.

A committee was appointed to carry out the scheme and subscriptions of about Rs. 29,000 were announced by her Excellency.

In response to the call of her Excellency Lady Willingdon, the women of Bombay met in very large numbers at the Town Hall yesterday evening with a view to give a practical start to the work of "Women's Branch of the Bombay Presidency War and Relief fund." An hour before the time fixed for the meeting, ladies of all castes and creeds began to arrive and at 5-30 the hall was packed to its utmost capacity, while the gallery which was reserved for purdha ladies was also full. At the request of her Excellency, there were several gentlemen present at the meeting, the most prominent of them being His Excellency the Governor,—who opened the proceedings by making a speech—the Hon. the Surgeon-General Mr. Lyons, Mr. P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Mr. A. Maconichie and the Hon. Mr. J. A. D. McBain.

On arrival their Excellencies were conducted to the plattorm by the prominent ladies after they had passed through a detachment of "girl guides" and they received a splendid ovation

HIS EXCELLENCY'S SPEECH.

The proceedings as stated above were opened by his Excellency the Governor, who, on rising to speak, was greeted with loud cheering. He said:—

It was only a very few days ago that a great meeting was held here—the enthusiasm of which I am told has never been surpassed in Bombay,—of the citizens of Bombay to express their loyalty and devotion to the King-Emperor and their determination to help the Empire in every way they could in this crisis of war. To-day, it is the part of the women of Bombay, who have come here to show the same spirit—and it seems to me in equally great number—to show their loyalty and devotion, and their willingness and desire to help in every way they can to the great cause that we can have at this moment in the Empire. Now, ladies and gentlemen, as you are all aware you are met here at the invitation of Lady Willingdon. I a few days ago started a fund, a fund which I am glad to say is receiving the most splendid response right through the Presidency, a fund which, I hope, may prove so large that it may relieve to a very large extent the distress and the pain, and the suffering and the sorrow, which is always inevitable at such times as these; and which, I hope, also will prove sufficient to give some very practical assurance from the Bombay Presidency of our desire to help another part of the Empire. Now, you, ladies, at the invitation of Lady Willingdon, have arrived to take measures to do another thing. It is for you to make or purchase those comforts and those necessities for our sailors and soldiers, the soldiers who day by day are leaving these shores to do their practical work for the Empire, and to provide for those comforts and necessities which would do something at all events, and, I hope, a considerable thing to give relief from the stringent terrors of a hard and strenuous war. May I say on behalf of Lady Willingdon and myself, we are proud to be here to-day, I as Governor and Lady Willingdon as Governor's wife, are proud to feel that at this anxious time we are supported by every citizen, male and female, in Bombay city and throughout the Presidency (cheers), proud to feel—and we are confident in the feeling—that we are going to, through our funds and our efforts, do something really practical for the good of the Empire at this time of the crisis.

A RIGHTEOUS STRUGGLE.

Now, ladies and gentlemen, I think you will agree with me that this is no time for speeches. No, it is time for us all to do hard and serious work. But I would just like to say, before I conclude, one or two words with regard to the general situation as I see, one or two words with regard to what, I hope, should be our action during the future months. You are all aware that our Empire is plunged in a terrible and devastating struggle, a struggle not of our calling, a struggle which we, endeavoured to prevent by every means in our power, a struggle which we know in our heart and conscience to be just and righteous struggle. Therefore, I will say that it is a struggle, which, we are all confident, nay, we are all determined, shall be brought to a successful and victorious issue (loud and continued cheers). To all of us, men and women, there must be in the months to come a time, a period, of great strain and anxiety. I am going to ask every citizen in this city and in this Presidency to face that future with patience and calmness in full confidence of the success and the justice of our cause and by the example of that patience and calmness, I think, we shall do something to dissipate, or, at all events, to diminish very considerably those false and discreditable rumours which have been spread abroad of late in this city, rumours which have no foundation in fact and which unfortunately from day to day excite considerable unrest and unsettlement among the more uneducated classes in our town. Ladies and gentlemen, for all that we are working with a common object under a common citizenship—the citizenship of a common Empire and we are all determined to show to the whole world that this great country of India is true as steel and is loyal to the core and is determined, whatever may eventuate in future, to do all she can to uphold the greatness of our cause, the victory of our arms and the prestige and honour of our King-Emperor and his dominions (applause).

MR. MCBAIN.

His Excellency then called upon the Hon. Mr. McBain, who had been good enough to act as general secretary, to read out the names of the Secretaries and to explain the proposed organisation.

Mr. McBain then read the names of the following as office-bearers and also those of a committee, which was representative of all the different communities, to carry out the proposed scheme:—President, H. E. Lady Willingdon; Vice-President, Mr. P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., I.C.S., Chairwoman; Mrs. Hayward; Honorary Secretaries., Mrs. Stanley Reid, Mrs. J. B. Petit, Mrs. Sirur, and Dilshad Begam; Honorary Depot Manager, Mr. Duncan Fraser; Honorary General Secretary and Treasurer, the Hon. Mr. J. A. D. McBain.

SCHEME OUTLINED.

He then said:—I will explain as shortly as possible the lines upon which her Excellency proposes that the women of Bombay should combine. An office has already been opened at "Waterloo Mansions," Mayo Road, opposite Wellington Foutain. Here the secretaries—European, Parsi Hindu and Mohamedan—will, under her Excellency's guidance, direct operations. It is intended to get groups or "circles" of ladies in all parts of the City to join together in collecting comforts for the troops and in making up quantities of suitable garments. As it would be impossible to keep in touch with every individual worker, it is proposed that each circle should be controlled by one lady, to be disignated the "Convener" who will be in touch with the secretaries. The conveners will keep the central office advised as to the number of workers in their respective circles and also as to the nature and quantity of the work each circle will, from time to time, undertake. It is not suggested that circles must necessarily meet together at stated times or places for the purpose of completing their work, although in some cases it may be deemed perferable to do so. It is her Excellency's particular wish that such matters be left entirely for each circle to determine. In order to ensure that only suitable medical comforts and garments be made, it is proposed that as far as possible, all "cutting out" should be done at the central office by expert cutters whose services have been offered voluntarily. Thus if any circles provide material as well as make it up, it is suggested that they should consult the central office before cutting it out. Probably the majority of the circles will not be in a position to provide the material, and in that case they will be supplied from the central office. When work is ready it will have to be promptly returned to the central office for distribution or shipment.

SUGGESTIONS INVITED.

But clothing is not the only thing we hope to deal with. Any one may send direct to the central office miscellaneous articles in the way of comforts, which are likely to be of use to the troops whether on transports at sea or on active service. Comforts for others—men, women and children—who are sufferers from the effects of the war will also be acceptable. It must be borne in mind that it is not only European troops, but also our Indian soldiers who will have to be thought of. Those ladies who do not have the time or inclination to do actual sewing work themselves need not be deterred from forming or joining circles. If they undertake to assist, it is immaterial whether they do the work themselves or employ dirzies or shops to do it for them. There is also no limit to the number of articles, which ladies may purchase and hand in as their contribution. Severel ladies have already signified their desire to form circles, and others who wish to do so are invited to inform the honorary secretary of their community, or, to write to or call at the central office, where all informations will be given. If any ladies have suggestions to make—one lady has for example stated her intention to promote a concert, the proceeds of which will go towards the purchase of material—the secretaries will be glad to receive them and lay them before her Excellency. Gifts of raw material in large quantities—woollen, cotton, and linen cloth, knitting wool, needles, buttons, sewing cotton, etc., etc., are urgently required, and may be sent in to the central office at once. As troops are on the point of embarking it is necessary that we get to work without a day's delay. Ladies are therefore requested to lose no time in offering their services as conveners and forming circles.

SURGEON-GENERAL LYONS.

The Hon the Surgeon-General Lyons was next called upon to address the meeting. He said:—Your Excellencies, ladies and gentlemen,—Her Excellency Lady Willingdon, has called us together to-day for the purpose of forming an organization of women in India who will work together to provide extra comforts for our sick and wounded in the war. Let us consider for a moment when and how we can best assist our sick and wounded in the field.

In order to relieve the fighting line, sick or wounded soldiers are passed back as quickly as possible from the front to Clearing Hospitals and General Hospitals in rear, from which they are eventually transferred by rail or steamer to the Base Hospital formed to receive them, or to their own country. Until they reach the Clearing Hospital or General Hospital on the Railway, they have to suffer all the inconvenience of travelling by road under war conditions. But as soon as they arrive at a Hospital on the Railway many little comforts can be provided which will render their lot less hard and it is to assist in supplying these that we are met to-day.

GREATEST NEED.

When addressing a meeting of women we naturally think of nursing as being the first and greatest need of the sick. But unfortunately nursing is a skilled service, which it is beyond our power to provide hurriedly seeing that it requires years of training as well as a natural aptitude. But we can provide medical comforts and clothing, both of which are highly appreciated by the wounded and can be arranged for quickly. To provide Medical comforts in civilized countries during war-time, when traffic is disorganized the most convenient and best plan is to supply money with which the Medical Officers in charge of Hospitals can purchase what they most require. With clothing it is different. Suitable ready-made Hospital clothing cannot always be procured locally and it is the greatest possible boon to patients. When wounded men have been travelling by road, through dust and heat, in ambulance waggons, perhaps for days, without having been able to obtain any change of clothing, the comfort of fresh clean garments and bed-linen can hardly be overestimated, and it is to aid in every way we can to provide these that Lady Willingdon has called us together this afternoon,—a call which I am sure is heartily responded to by every one here.

Let me say by way of explanation that Military Hospitals are provided with such clothing and bedding as is absolutely necessary. But this can only be done on a fixed scale owing to difficulties of carriage, and it is to make up the deficiency, when the supply of any particular article fails, and to provide little luxuries which cannot be included in Military equipment, that your sympathies and assistance are asked for.

The following is a list of articles which will prove most useful:—Cotton:—Cloth in piece; socks; shirts; undervests; drawers; pyjamas; sheets pillow cases; handkerchiefs; woollen—Dressing gowns; socks; undervests; drawers; mufflers; cardigan jackets; jerseys; blankets; soft slippers; bed socks.

Miss Shirin M. Cursetji then translated the speech of his Excellency in Gujerati and also explained the scheme as outlined by the Hon. Mr. McBain. She then observed that they, Indian ladies, were most thankful to her Excellency Lady Willingdon for giving them this glorious opportunity of doing their part in this hour of their trial.

Mrs. Ranade then gave a Marathi translation of the Governor's speech and her Excellency's scheme and she too spoke in the same strain as Miss Cursetji, remarking that the work which they were called upon to do was the work of Mercy and in the cause of the suffering humanity.

MRS. PALMER.

Mrs. Palmer, the wife of the Lord Bishop of Bombay, spoke next. He said that they had already learnt from the previous speakers how to help most effectively the work they had so much at heart and they had also been shown the way in which that work was to be done and organised. And there now remained two questions to be answered. The first was: what was it they were doing it for? The answer came at once, because it meant so much to them as persons, because so many of their friends and relations were in it and they would naturally do all in their power to alleviate the sufferings of war. The second reason was this. They had all been learning history during the last fortnight in the way in which they had never learnt before—history of foreign nations of the last five years—and they had been thoroughly convinced that England had no choice but to go to war. She had gone in the defence of the weak—in the defence of a small country, which was in the danger of being crushed. She had gone to war for the sake of justice and right, the two qualities on which she prided herself. England was giving her best—she was giving all her men to work in that just and righteous cause. What were they women then going to do? That was why they had met and they had been told the outlines of their organisation.

Mrs. Palmer then appealed to them to do their part well and ask their friends to co operate in that work not in apologetic terms but by putting it to them in a straight manner and thus give them a chance of helping this cause. She also exhorted them not to carry out this work at the expense of their old charities and remarked that England had gone to war without counting the cost in lives as well as the cost in money and were they going to grudge the cost in money? Were they going to give clothing to their soldiers and sailors by robbing the poor or were they to give a little bit of self-sacrifice by giving up some of their comforts and amusements? They believed in the righteousness of their cause and they would therefore give it their support whole heartedly and unselfishly.

She concluded by saying: "Let us respond to this call of duty gladly and confident that if we do out part, God will defend the right."

LADY WILLINGDON'S APPEAL.

Lady Willingdon rose to speak next, when she received a splendid ovation. She said:

Ladies, I really feel proud and honoured to see that so many of you have responded to my appeal and have met here this evening. I have two great regrets. One is that the solar eclipse was not discovered too late today for this meeting. I apologise most humbly to the Hindu ladies, who could not come here to-day on that account, but I hope the ladies present here will tell them what has taken place at this meeting. I must also apologise to the Mahomedan ladies for not being to get a Mahomedan lady to speak on their behalf.

I have received great many letters of apology among others from Mrs. Pattani and Lady Jijibhoy expressing their regret for their inability to attend and promising to send money to our fund. I am glad to announce the following subscriptions; Lady Bharucha, Rs. 15,000; Maharani of Dhrangadhra, Rs. 3,000; Maharani of Dharampur, Rs. 5,000; Rani of Bansda, Rs. 500; and Mr. Baker, Rs. 300, (cheers). I may add that since we have met here, Lady Jehangir has promised a sum of Rs. 5,000 (cheers). Ladies you have heard all the speeches and you know we have got our funds and we have got our organisation, we have got our depot in charge of St. John's Ambulance Association, where we can send our goods. Now, all we want is work and let us have plenty of it. I appeal to you to work side by side with one another, quite regardless of classes and creeds, and with all your might and main, and to show to the world how proud we are to belong to this great British Empire and how much we love it. (Applause).

The meeting then sang the National Anthem and dispersed.

(*Bombay and the War.—Continued.*)

BOMBAY CITY POLICE

DECLINE IN CRIME.

FORCE IN A SOUND STATE OF EFFICIENCY.

The Bombay Government's Resolution on the Report on the Police of the Town and Island of Bombay for 1913, is as follows:—

The rapid increase in genuine reported crime which had been a marked feature of the three previous years in Bombay City suffered a check in 1913. The number of true cognizable police cases under the Indian Penal Code, in 1909, as low as 4,552, had risen by 1911 to 7,086. In 1912 it was 7,599. In 1913 it showed an increase of 16 only upon that figure, the number being 7,615.

2. The explanation of the rapid increase in crime recorded in the last few years must be sought partly, no doubt, in the various changes which have taken place in the police force during those years. In 1910 three new sub-divisional police stations were opened, and have been worked on an improved system. A reorganization of the force commenced in 1912, and a gradual increase in the actual strength of the force has been carried out in the last few years. All these factors have contributed to increase facilities for the reporting and detection of crime. It is less easy, however, to account for the standstill at which the upward movement of the figures arrived in 1913. Two more subdivisional stations were opened at the commencement of the year, and the actual strength of the force exceeded that reported in the previous year by 85 men. The rapid increase in registered crime in 1910 and 1911 was no doubt due only only in part to the opening of the three new stations, and must be attributed largely to the improvement in registration which has been conspicuous not only in the city but throughout the Presidency. Increases due to this cause could not be expected to continue indefinitely. Nevertheless, the absence of appreciable growth in the crime register in 1913, is unexpected, and is probably due to temporary causes, the nature of which is obscure.

3. The total number of cognizable and non-cognizable cases reported to the police and magistracy during the year was 60,861, as against 66,844 in 1912. The number of cognizable cases reported to the police was 40,492, against 46,752 in 1912. Of these the great majority were under class VI, i.e., offences under special and local laws, such as the City of Bombay Police Act and the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, and other petty offences. The number of cases reported under class VI fell from 38,894 to 32,497. This decline more than accounts for the decline in the totals of cases reported, and is attributed to a decrease of prosecutions under the heads "cocaine" and "hawkers." The decrease under "cocaine" is reported to be due in some measure to the prosecution and imprisonment of certain notable traffickers in the drug, and partly also to the fact that the officers of the Abkari Department have now been empowered to prosecute their own cases without reference to the police.

COGNISABLE CASES.

4. During the year, 40,492 cognizable cases were reported to the police, 39,810 were classified as true, and 35,225 resulted in conviction. The number of convictions under the Penal Code (classes I to V) was 3,639 as against 4,369 in 1912. The percentage of convictions to true cases was 98.10 under class VI and 47.78 in cases under the Penal Code. The latter percentage has shown a decided downward tendency for a number of years past, the number of convictions, however, varying but little. This state of affairs is not so satisfactory as might be wish

5. The percentage of true cases of all classes which remained "undetected" rose from 5.96 to 8.32. The bulk of the increase is traced to cases of lurking house-trespass, theft, and criminal breach of trust, in the C. Division, where the opening of two new police stations led to increased registration of complaints. Out of 24 cases of murder and attempt at murder, 9 were undetected and 2 remained pending at the end of the year. As regards recovery of stolen property, although there was a slight increase in the absolute value of property recovered, the percentage of that recovered to that alleged to have been stolen fell from 39.52 to 33.72.

6. The number of officers and men punished was 397 as against 399, and the rewards granted fell from 1,499 to 1,127. It is observed that good service tickets were granted much less freely, and silver stripes more freely, than in the previous year. The percentage of literacy in the force continues to improve. The lectures and instruction in English which are being given to constables cannot fail to have beneficial results.

7. The number of recruits enlisted was 309 only, against 386 in 1912. Great difficulty is reported to have been experienced in finding sufficient men to bring the force up to its sanctioned strength, and the Commissioner makes some interesting remarks on classes from which the force is recruited. Marathas from Ratnagiri and Muhamdans both from the Bombay Presidency and from Northern India are the classes from the tendencies and preferences of the various which recruits are most readily obtained. Government consider it important, however, that the force should be recruited on as broad a basis as possible, and trust that the Commissioner will not relax his efforts to attract Ghati Marathas and Upper India Hindus into the service. The schemes for the construction of new police stations, the lack of which latter is referred to by Mr. Edwardes as delaying the progress of reorganization, are being pushed forward as rapidly as possible.

MISCELLANEOUS WORK.

8. Police had, as usual, much work of a miscellaneous nature to carry out. There were 450 motor-cars registered during the year, and 319 licenses and certificates of competency were issued to drivers of public motor vehicles. There were 338 accidents, of which 9 were fatal, caused by motor vehicles, as compared with 1,421, of which 46 were fatal, caused by all classes of vehicles. The arms census threw a large amount of extra work upon the police during the year.

9. A few of the statistics quoted in this resolution give, at first sight, a not altogether favourable impression of the work of the police for the year. Statistics can however, be as misleading in police work as in any other subject. The returns of the year under review probably give a far more accurate account of existing crime than was given by the reports of some years back. If convictions under the Penal Code decreased in number in 1913, it is at least satisfactory that true crime, so far as can be judged, did not increase. In a review of the year's work, it is impossible for Government to pass over the deplorable effects which were caused by the misconduct of a commissioned officer of the force. Government are satisfied however, that the City police force as a whole is in a sound state of efficiency, and continues to do work. Their acknowledgments are due to the Commissioner of Police for this result.

IMPERIAL RELIEF FUND.

TO BE USED FOR INDIA ONLY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 21.

The following is published:—The Prince of Wales Fund is to provide in Great Britain alone, relief of distress of all kinds resultant from the war. It is not confined to naval and military services though these naturally occupy a prominent place but embraces all classes of persons in the United Kingdom. The Imperial Relief Fund is to afford corresponding relief in India.

SCOPE OF WORKING.

SIMLA, August 20.

The scope of the Imperial Indian Relief Fund not having been clearly comprehended in all quarters it may be stated that this fund has been started by the Viceroy with the approval of the King-Emperor with a view to affording relief to all classes of war-sufferers in India.

It differs from the Prince of Wales' Fund, therefore, which is confined to helping members of the military and naval forces sent from England and those dependent upon them, in that it is to help not only members of both British and Indian units of military contingents despatched from India but also all other classes of war sufferers in India, civil as well as military, whether affected by high prices, loss of employment, bereavement, or any other misfortune consequent upon war.

A portion of the fund eventually devoted to the relief of those connected with the Army will probably be distributed through the agency of that admirable organisation, the Indian Patriotic Fund, which has been doing good work amongst soldiers and their dependents in India ever since the Afghan War.

SIMLA, August, 21.

The following additional subscriptions to the Imperial Indian Relief Fund are announced:—The Maharaja of Nabha and the Raja of Dhar, Rs. 10,000 each, Rani of Dhar Rs. 2,000, H. E. Commander-in-Chief, Lieutenant Colonel C. Archer and Sir Alfred Mackenzie Rs. 1,000 each, Sir R. Craddock 750, Mr. H. Sharp, Mr. H. Wheeler, Mr. W. H. Wheeler, Mr. W. H. Michael, Mr. A. R. Anderson, Rao Maharaj Singh (Kasganj) and Mr. R. E. Enthoven Rs. 500 each and various smaller subscriptions bringing the total to Rs. 3,60,000.

RANGOON "NAVJOT" DEFAMATION CASES.

ACCUSED'S APOLOGIES ACCEPTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Aug. 21.

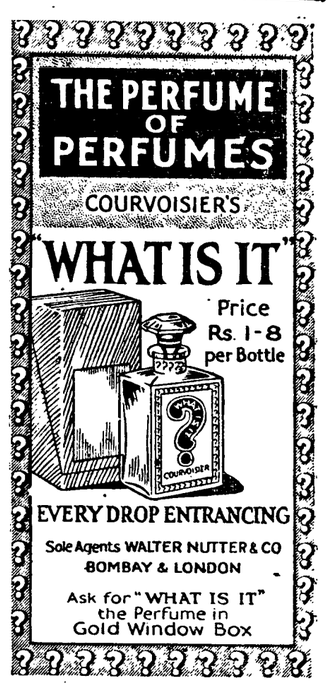
In connection with the two defamation cases brought by S. Cowasjee against the editor of the "Sanj Vartaman" and the editor and proprietor of the "Jame-Jamshed" the accused offered a written apology to-day in the District Magistrate's Court.

The accused stated that they unreservedly withdrew all insinuations against the personal characters of Mr. and Mrs. S. Cowasjee and their adopted daughter and apologized for wounding their feelings by publication of the letters and articles complained of and for all insinuations therein against their characters. They also undertook to publish an apology in a prominent part of their respective papers both in English and Guzarati. In each case the accused paid Rs. 4,000 towards the costs of the complainant.

The Magistrate accepted the apologies and acquitted the accused.

FATAL FALL.

A Hindu girl, named Mulabai, aged about 18 years, fell from a gallery over a parapet wall on the third floor of her house in De Souza Street on the 14th instant, and she succumbed to her injuries on Thursday.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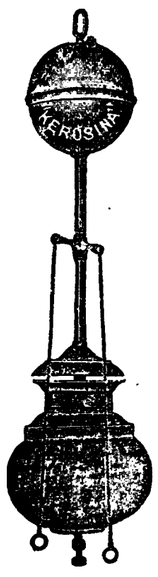

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HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL APPELLATE COURT

QUESTION OF ONE DECREE BEING SET OFF AGAINST ANOTHER DECREE.

(*Before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Davar.*)

RAJA BHADUR SIVLAL MOTILAL *v.* THE LAKHMIDAS KHIMJEE SPINNING AND WEAVING CO., LTD.

The facts out of which the above case arose are as follows:—

Shivlal Motilal advanced from time to time various sums of money to the Lakhmiads Mills as fixed deposits and current loans. On 17th September 1909 an order was made to wind up the Lakhmidas Mills. On the 6th October 1909, the official liquidator under Rule 656 published advertisements requiring the creditors to send in their claims. In pursuance of that Shivlal made his claim and the official liquidator made an affidavit before the Chamber Judge about the various claims made before him admitting the claim of Shivlal as correct. The claim was for Rs. 1,52,823-15-5. On that admission the Chamber Judge allowed that claim.

On August 5th 1912 the liquidator filed a suit against Shivlal Motilal being suit No. 859 of 1912 for recovering Rs. 1,94,866-7 and interest thereon.

This suit was filed by the liquidator on the ground that a sum of Rs. 1,95,000 had been advanced by Shivlal, really to Dwarkadas Dharmsey, on the condition that the receipt for the same should be passed in the name of the plaintiff company. The bank never received these monies which were taken away by Dwarkadas. The company repaid these monies to Shivlal on the strength of the receipt passed in the company's name. The suit was filed to recover these monies back from Shivlal.

The suit came on board and the parties came to consent terms on the 9th January, 1914 by which there was a decree against Shivlal for Rs. 62,500. The official liquidator, before he arrived at the settlement, took sanction of the Chamber Judge and he made an affidavit on which the Chamber Judge sanctioned the settlement.

Then on 2nd March 1914 Shivlal Motilal took out a summons by which he claimed that the sum of Rs. 62,500 should be set off against his claim of Rs. 1,52,000 which had been admitted by the liquidator.

On this summons Mr. Slanders Slater, the liquidator, made his affidavit in which he said that he had discussed with his attorney Mr. Girdharlal whether the sum of Rs. 62,500 was to be set off against the claim of Shivlal for Rs. 1,50,000 and he only agreed to the said compromise on the assurance of the attorney that no suggestion as to set off had been made by the grandson of Shivlal who conducted the negotiations on behalf of Shivlal. Besides the consent decree directed an absolute payment to him of Rs. 62,500 and the present contention of Shivlal was an afterthought.

Mr. Justice Maclod decided against Shivlal discharging the summons with costs.

From this order the defendant appealed.

Mr. Setelvad and Mr. Kanga appeared for the appellant and Mr. Desai and Mr. Jardine appeared for the respondents.

Mr. Setelvad urged that they absolutely had no knowledge of the assurance given to the liquidator that a set off would not be claimed. His client was no party to the atrrangement and would not be bound.

The Chief Justice: What right of set off have you got? Is there any statutory right?

Mr. Setelvad:—On authorities we have equitable right of set off in the winding up of the proceedings.

The Chief Justice:—The liquidator is entitled to be paid in full, you are only entitled to be paid dividends. It is clear under our procedure you cannot set off against a decree anything but a decree. You cannot stay execution of a decree passed against for that's what you application comes to?

Mr. Setelvad said that outside the Civil Procedure he had a claim for an equitable set off under the campany's proceeds. That was held by a series of decisions in England. His client would have got a decree but for the winding up order. If he had got a decree he would have been entitled to a set off and it made no difference that his claim was proved by admission on the liquidator's part.

Their lordships in confirming the order and dismissing the appeal remarked that under the terms and provisions of the Civil Procedure Code only the decree of the court can be executed. But in order to avoid circuity of proceedings it was provided by order 21 rule 18 that one decree could be set off against the other. But for this provision each decree would be executed separately.

The order of the court passing the defendant's claim against the company was not a decree and under that the plaintiff had only a claim to the dividends. Their lordships were of opinion that that could not prevent the execution of a decree passed against the plaintiff.

A QUESTION OF TRUST MONIES.

(*Before the Chief Justice and Justice Davar.*)

RUSTOMJEE HERJEEBHOY HORMUSJEE SHROFF, *v.* SORABJEE DOSSABHAI NADIRSHAW AND OTHERS.

This litigation arose out of a trust made by one Hirjeebhoy Hormusjee Shroff, now deceased, the father of the plaintiff and of defendants 8, 9, 10, and 11, and husband of the sixth defendant, Dinbai.

By a trust deed dated 26th April, 1880, among other things, some shares of the Bombay Bank and a property in Bombay situated in Sleater Road were settled by the said Hirjeebhoy on trust in favour of his wife Dinbai, on himself if he survived her, and then in favour of such of his children as might be living at the death of the survivor of them. Three trustees were appointed by the settlor, two of whom were the defendants one and two; the settlor himself being the third constituted himself the managing trustee under the deed. The deed also contained a full indemnity clause making the trustees responsible only for their own acts and for monies received by them.

The Bank of Bombay shares were mortgaged to Ritchie Stewart and Co., and were by them sold off in satisfaction of their mortgage claim.

The only property before the Court was that situated in Sleater Road. This property was equitably mortgaged to a Hindu whose representative Moghibai, held the title deeds as security. On May 4th, 1882, this property was conveyed by the trustees, the settlor and the first and second defendants, to one Dr. Byramjee Nowrojee for Rs. 16,000. It appeared from a Gujrati document given by Dinbai to Dr. Byramjee that he was a mere nominee of Dinbai, who had herself given Rs. 11,000, the remaining Rs. 5,000 being advanced by Byramjee.

On May 22nd, 1882, the first and second defendants wrote a letter addressed to Hirjibhai, Dinbai, and Soonabai, their daughter, giving them notice of the resignation of their office as trustees in which they disclaimed and renounced all property conveyed to them by the trust deed of 1880; they also stated that they had never received or kept any property or knew anything about accounts or interfered in management of the trust property which had always been in the hands of Hirjibhoy.

On Feb. 21st, 1883, the property was again conveyed to one Pestonjee Cowasjee for Rs. 14,000. To this conveyance Moghibai, the mortgagee, the settlor, his wife, Byramjee Nowrojee and the purchaser Pestonjee Cowasjee were parties. It appeared that Rs. 9,000 was paid to Moghibai in settlement of her mortgage debt, and Rs. 5,000 to Byramjee Nowrojee as being the amount he had advanced to Dinbai at the time of the conveyance of May 4th, 1882. The plaintiff did not dispute the payment of Rs. 9,000 but claimed that for the balance of Rs. 7,000 which he alleged were received by the trustees, there was a breach of trust, wilful default and negligence on the part of the first and second defendants in allowing Hirjibhai to receive these monies himself, and for having allowed him to spend them for his own purposes and he claimed this sum and interest from the defendants and for accounts.

The appellant relied upon an account produced by Dinbai from the papers of Hirjeebhoy and headed "Account of the trustees." This account showed monies received by Hirjibhoy in respect of trust property which included the amount of consideration for conveyance of the May 4th, 1882, namely Rs. 16,000. It appeared that monies were paid into the Chartered Mercantile Bank and were almost immediately drawn back by the settlor.

The plaintiff also relied upon the recital clause in the conveyance which was signed by all the trustees.

The defendant trustees denied their liability to account to the plaintiff for Rs. 16,000 on the ground that the consideration monies did not come into their hands but went into the hands of the settlor Hirjeebhoy. They said that the account produced was not their account at all. They further said that they retired from the trusteeship on May 28th, 1882, and the settlor continued to be the sole trustee after that date. As regards the sale to Byramjee for Rs. 16,000 which the plaintiff described as "fraudulent illegal and in breach of the trust," it was a perfectly proper and bona-fide sale and in exercise of the power of sale conferred upon the trustees by the trust deed.

They also submitted that the suit was barred by limitation.

Mr. Justice Macleod who heard the suit in the lower Court decided against the plaintiff, holding that the conveyance of May 4th was made under the power of sale contained in the trust-deed. His Lordship further held on evidence that consideration money was received by Hirjibhoy only, who used them for paying his debts with the knowledge of Dinbai.

On the question of limitation his Lordship after stating that a suit for account would fall under Sec. 10 of the Limitation Act and would not be barred continued:—"As the trustees were entitled to sell the property and as it has been proved that the sale proceeds did not come into the hands of the first and second defendants, it seems to me that the plaintiff is not entitled to sue for an account of such property or its proceeds but only for damages for negligence in that the defendants did not take the precaution before they resigned to see that the money was re-invested as it should have been according to the come within art. 120 of the Limitation Act and was clearly barred."

Against this judgment the plaintiff appealed.

Mr. Setalvad and Mr. Desai appeared for the appellant.

Mr. Kanga and Mr. Taraporewalla for the respondent trustees.

Mr. Setalvad on behalf of the appellant, urged that the monies were received by the trustees. The account showed that as also the receit clause in the conveyance. In the first place, he argued that if all the trustees had received, and, secondly, if only Hirjibhoy had received it defendants Nos. 1 and 2 were guilty of the breach of trust in not seeing to their proper investment. "Signing for conformity" was not a good defence in the case of trustees. As to the indemnity clause, counsel cited English cases to show that to confer protection on the trustees it should be in much wider terms and an ordinary indemnity clause would not be sufficient. Even supposiig that Hirjeebhoy had appointed himself the managing trustee that would not divest the other trustees of their duties.

As to limitation the learned counsel urged that it was a suit for accounts and not for damages for negligence as held by the lower court and so fell under Sec. 10 of the Limitation Act. 1908. Though Sec. 10 of the Limitation Act of 1877 which governed the present case did not contain the word "for an account of such property" still it was always held by the Bombay High Court that it included a suit for accounts. The learned counsel said that the monies in this case were actually received by the defendant trustees and a suit for accounts cannot be barred against them.

Their Lordships did not call upon Mr. Kanga to reply. After stating the facts they said that the first and second defendants were sought to be made liable for sale proceeds whether sale proceeds under the conveyance of May 4th 1882 or of February 22nd, 18833 was not correctly proved. The plaint however was not correctly framed to obtain such relief. To obtain such relief what is asked for was not that sale proceeds should be followed in their hands but that they should be ordered to render full and complete account of their management.

In so far as an account was sought of their management the answer was simple. They never managed nor had opportunity of management as the settlor had reserved management to himself. And the evidence showed that he exercised that right to the fullest extent.

There was no suggestion there that the sale proceeds were ever received by the first or second defendants and unless they had received it, it was difficult to see how a suit for compensation for breach of trust could lie against them at the present time, for the provision of the Limitation Act were only applicable in cases of suits "to follow trust-property or proceeds in the hands of trustees or account of 'such' property" i.e. property in their hands.

Their Lordships did not think that the case cited by Mr. Setalvad for the appellant which showed that under ordinary circumstances it was for trustees to see how the monies were invested and not to leave them in the hands of their co-trustee applied to this case. They were concerned with the terms of Sec. 10, Limitation Act, and agreed with the learned judge that it being conclusively proved that the sale proceeds never reached the hands of trustees, Sec. 10 could be of no avail to the plaintiff. The appeal was dismissed with costs.

GUARDIAN AND WARDS ACT.

DHUNJIBHAI BURJORJI PATEL APPELLANT AND APPLICANT *v.* DHUNJISHAW MERWANJI CONTRACTOR, RESPONDENT AND PETITIONER.

(*Before the Hon. Sir Basil Scott and the Hon. Sir Dinshaw Davar.*)

This was an appeal from an order of Mr. Justice Macleod dated February 28th 1914 refusing the application of the appellant to remove the respondent Dunjishaw Merwanjee Contractor from his office as a guardian of the person of one Jamsetjee Rustamjee Patell, a minor. The respondent was appointed a guardian in 1910 by an order of Mr. Justice Robertson. It was alleged by the appellant that this order was made without jurisdiction, and was irregularly made, Mr. Justice Macleod held that there was nothing wrong in the order beyond the fact that certain formalities required by secs. 10 and 11 of the Guardian and Wards Act had been complied with. His lordship refused to set aside an order made four years ago on that ground, and said that it was very desirable that the minor should remain a ward of court. The summons was discharged with costs. Against this order of dismissal the appellant appealed.

Mr. Kanga appeared for the appellant, and Mr. B. J. Wadia for the respondent.

Mr. Wadia asked their lordships to consider a preliminary point, whether an appeal lay from an order of the court refusing to remove a guardian.

The learned counsel urged that such an order was not judgment according to Letters Patent. Counsel also urged that under section 47 of the Guardian and Wards Act no appeal lay to the High Court from the order of a District Court refusing to remove a guardian and by way of anolagy argued that similarly no appeal could be from an order of the Chamber Judge.

The Chief Justice (to Mr. Kanga). What right or liability has been decided by this order?

Mr. Kanga.—The right of the minor to come into majority has been thrown back three years,—his right to marry without consent of the guardian and his right to make a will and to take possession of his property. Mr. Justice Robertson's order was absolutely without jurisdiction.

The Chief Justice.—We are not sitting in appeal on that order at all. You cannot appeal unless some right or liability is decided. Here is a minor who for four years is a ward of court; and your failure to get that order rescinded does not affect his right but leaves it intact.

Mr. Kanga said that sec. 141 of the Civil Procedure Code enacted that the procedure in that Code in rogard to suits should be made applicable in all proceedings in any Court of Civil Jurisdiction. Counsel urged that this proceedings under the Guardian and Ward's Act were in the nature of suit, and therefore the order was equivalent to a decree within the meaning of sec. 2 and therefore appealable.

Their Lordships, in dismissing the appeal, after stating the facts said "It was contended that this appeal does not lie under Class 15 of letters patent on the ground that the order was not a judgment within that section, and we are of opinion that that objection must prevail. M. 8 Bengal L. R. 433 The Justices of the Peace for Calcutta v. The Oriental Gas Co., Couch, C. J. said "We think' 'judgment' in class 15 means a decision which affects the merits of the question between the parties by determining some right or liability," and it is impossible to contend here that the order appealed from decided any right or liability.

SPECIAL BENCH.

DIVORCE CONFIRMED.

(*Before the Chief Justice and Justices Davar and Beaman.*)

W. GILES v. MRS. A. GILES.

At the Bombay High Court a Special Bench consisting of the Chief Justice, Justices Davar and Beaman, was formed yesterday to consider a reference made to their lordships by the Judicial Commissioner of Sind in the matter of W. Giles v. Mrs. A. Giles under the Indian Divorce Act.

W. Giles an employee of the N. W. Railway at Sukkar Kad applied to the Judicial Commissioner in Sind for a divorce from his wife. He stated that he was married to Mrs. Collins, a widow at Mhow in 1897. By that marriage he had six children of whom two were twins. His wife was leading an immoral life and deserted him about three years ago.

After recording evidence the Judicial Commissioner passed an order dissolving the marriage of the parties. The record was sent to the High Court for confirmation of the said order as required by the Indian Divorce Act.

Their lordships confirmed the order of the Judicial Commissioner of Sind.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR SATURDAY, THE 22ND OF AUGUST. 1914.

Chambet Board for Saturday the 22nd of August 1914.

Before the Honourable Mr. Justice Macleod.

In the Division Court No. 43.

Summary Suit for Disposal (in Chambers).

747-14—Khunderao L and M, Samaji Jagmalji and Co a firm v Khumbhar Jugjiwan Raisey Raje.

Chamber Matters for Disposal.

1733-10—Shroff D and Dh, Gajanan Chintaman v Wasudev Chintaman, 1-10-12.

857-10—Sabnis and Gore, Chunilal Lalchand v Basdeodas Gopaldas, 10-8-14.

692-11—Kanga and Sayani, Amin Cassam a firm v Cassam Hoosein and anr, 11-8-14.

51-11—Motichand and D, Keshowlal Chotalal a firm v Velji Canji a firm, 13-8-14.

258-11—Motichand and D, Keshowlal Chotalal a firm v Dossabhai Abhechand a firm, 13-8-14.

In re Ind Co's Act VI of 1882, Shroff D and D, In re the Bombay Banking Co Ltd (in Liquidation) v Balwant Ramchandra Somau Applicant, Matubhai J and M, 14-7-14.

1194-13—Payne and Co, The Credit Bank of India Ltd (In Liquidation) v Choti widow and ors, Little and Co, 10-8-14.

In Re G and Wards Act VIII of 1890—Sabnis and Gore, In Re His Highness Shrimad Sukrituntra Teertha Swami of Kashi Mutt a minor v Bantwal Lakshaman Baliya Petitioner, Raghavayya N and Co, 11-8-14.

In re Indian Co's Act VIII of 1913, Smetham B and Co, In re Maidania Ltd v John Hewat Hardie Liquidator, 11-8-14.

197-14—Captain and V, Karsan Purshotam v Jadhowji Devkaran and ors, Mulla and Mulla, 17-8-14.

354-14—Jamsetji R and D, Hemaji Vajechand a firm v Bhana Rupaji and anr, Jehangir S M and H, 18-8-14.

O S 723-14—Mehta D and Lalji, Sakharam Visram Kir v Dhaktoo Atmaram and ors, Mehta D and Lalji, 11-7-14.

O. S. 802-14—J A Walles, Roger Mathias De Silva v Rogue Stephen Pereira, Patel and Ez, Edgelow G W and Co, Hiralal and Co, Madh K and C, Little and Co, Captain and Vaidya, Unwalla P and P, J A Walles, 30-7-14.

In re Indian Co's Act VI of 1882, In person, In re the Indian Specie Bank Ltd (in Liquidation) v J Sanders Slater Official Liquidator, Dhanjishaw and B To settle list, Amin and D of Contributories, Jam E and D, Smetham B and Co as per J's order, Pandia and Co, Payne and Co of 4-7-14, Motichand and D, Bick M R and Co, Bhaishanker K and G, Ard H D and Co, Craigie B and C, Crawford B and Co, Mulji and Th, Edgelow G W and Co, Hiralal and Co, Madhowji K and C, Little and Co.

In Re Indian Cos. Act VI of 1882—Matu J & M—In Re the Bombay Banking Co. Ltd. (In Liquidation) v B N Lang official Liquidator Chitvis B & K Captain & Co. Mulji and Tha Shroff D & D Hiralal & Co. Daph F & D. Judah & S Ragh N & Co. Malvi H M & E Amin & D Dhanjishaw & B To settle list of contributories as per J S order of 28-7-14.

In Re Indian Co's Act VI of 1882—In Re the Bombay Mg & Captain & Vaidy Mg. Co. Ltd. (In Liquidation) v. Bhanji Dharamsey Saparee Wadia G & Co. Petitioner Unwalla P and Papa. To settle list of Debts & claims filed on 16-7-14.

Suits for hearing and final disposal (in Court).

Long Causes.

672-12—Bhaishanker K and G, Vallabhdas Madhowji and anr v Haridas Premji and ors, Matubhai J and M, Edgelow G W and Co, Raghavaya N and Co, Part heard.

720-13—Ardeshir H D and Co, Bai Bhagubai widow v Kashibai widow and ors, Matu J and M, Un P and P, Vachha and Co, Manch and N, Part heard, 8-8-14.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of August 21th, '14		Total since 1st June '14		June 1st to August 21th			
					1913		1912	
	In.	Ct.	In.	Ct.	In.	Ct.	In.	Ct.
Colaba [Observatory] ..	0	29	58	37	62	01	43	34
Fort [St. Geo's Hospital] ..	0	61	60	12	72	31	47	86
Esplanade [Gok. Tej. Hospital.]	0	73	62	55	71	55	47	98
Byculla [J. J. Hospital] ..	0	32	69	56	74	99	47	05

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High Life in the East	„ „	„ 5	0
Cortado Deliciosos	„ „	„ 4	8
Cortado de la Reina	„ 100	„ 7	8
Londress	„ „	„ 7	12

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½ „ „	„ 0- 8	„ 4-8
¼ „ „	„ 0- 4	„ 2-8

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No. 2 „ „	„ 1-0	„ 9-0
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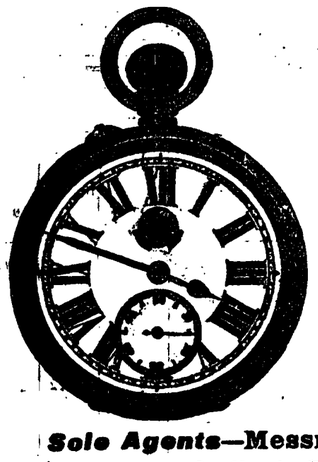

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RUSSIAN ARMY.

WHAT IS HER MILITARY STRENGTH.

VALUE OF "IVAN IVANOFF."

The following article in the "Manchester Guardian" is by a military correspondent, who is also a well-known war correspondent and has personal knowledge of the Russian Army.

All eyes in Europe are turned towards the army of the Tsar. It is the most gigantic military machine in the world, and no one really knows its fighting value. On its peace strength it disposes of a million of men between the German and Austrian frontiers in Europe and the seaboard of Vladivostok in Manchuria. If mobilised in its entirety it would quadruple the astounding numbers of its peace strength. We are not, however, concerned with this vast military machine in its entirety. The European army corps of Russia from the point of numbers are considerable enough to give pause to both Germany and Austria if their efficiency is equal to their ponderous numbers.

Russian military efficiency has always presented an enigma to the students of contemporary military history. By all the laws of production the Russian army in Europe should be as formidable as any trained force in the world. It has the crowning advantage of experience in modern war. It is accepted by military students that after a protracted campaign which has not been decided by exhaustion the beaten army emerges from the struggle with a knowledge and experience that is almost superior to that of its successful enemy. The question is—Was the Slavonic temperament of such a quality that it would profit by the lessons learned so bitterly in the Far East? This is one of the questions to which the students have never yet been able to give a confident answer. Again, is the army, recruited as it is from nearly a dozen races, many of which are secretly hostile to the central Government, a trustworthy instrument? Again the students are at fault.

THE RUSSIAN STAFF.

The historical record of the Russian Army does not give one great hope that the Muscovite, with all his numbers, will ever be able successfully to initiate a campaign against an enemy with whom overwhelming numbers are not the chief esential to success. Russia may mobilise her armies in their millions, but has she the staff accommodation to manipulate them? Judging by the story of her failure against the Japanese in Manchuria one would say that the Russian officer of to-day is little better than he was a generation ago. The Slav mind, quick though it may be to make plans and estimates, is slow in interpreting them into action and movement. This seems to be a congenital fault, and it discounts much of the experience which the rude shocks of Liau-Yang, the Shahoy, and Mukden brought to an army which at that time military students believed to be capable of all requirements.

Russia can doubtless mobilise twenty army Corps to bring her weight into the balance of affairs upon her European frontiers. Of these numbers, however, how many can she move and how many can she move as rapidly as the situation, if war comes, will demand? It may be presumed that the German and the Austro-Hungarian General Staffs can give a shrewd guess.

THE RUSSIAN SOLDIER.

The main asset of the Russian Army is "Ivan Ivanoff," the Russian soldier. Unimaginative, uneducated, docile by the circumstances of his lot, he is the best material for the manufacture of the soldier that has to die in heaps in the world. Unimaginative, he is tenacious and fearless; uneducated, he is devoid of class ambitions and sensitiveness; docile, he may be herded to death or led to victory with equal lack of interest in the event in which he is but an animate pawn. We speak, of course, of the Russian moujik and not of the Poles and Jews that are serving against their will. It is not likely that the Russians will experiment with Polish troops in Galicia or East Prussia.

These distinctions, however, do not add to the simplicity of the labours of the General Staff, nor do they make for the efficiency of the railway services, upon which will depend any success that Russia could hope for in operations against her German enemies.

THE DIRECTING MIND.

In material the Russians are well equipped. Though material of war goes a long way, yet it is not the last weight in the balance of success or failure in war. In Manchuria the Russians had the better material in the way of artillery, cavalry, and engineering equipment. It was not the material nor the men behind the material that failed. It was the directing mind. Nothing will make the writer believe that the Russian officers taken *en masse* are good. Those who have graduated through the war schools are often brilliant theorists, but little more. Those that have not graduated—and this is the huge majority—have, it is true, a little more education than the men they command, but about the same limit of imagination. It is a case of the blind leading the blind. The writer's opinion is that the General Staff in St. Petersburg knows within its inner conscience the truth of these assertions, and it is upon this thesis that he doubts the sincerity of the pro-Slav utterances in the Russian capital.

Thirty-nine cases of cholera and 21 deaths occurred in Srinagar and its suburbs from the 17th June to the 10th Aug. Of these, three were amongst Europeans of which one has proved fatal.

When other remedies fail to cure that headache, here's the cure. Stearns' Headache Cure, headache goes in a few minutes.

TEMPERANCE REFORM IN INDIA.

LORD CREWE'S DEFENCE OF LOCAL OPTION.

THE LOCAL O FICIAL ATTITUDE.

The comments of the Government of India's Department of Commerce and Industry on the proposals laid before Lord Crewe two years ago by a temperance deputation headed by Sir J. Herbert Roberts, M.P., are contained in a White Paper on Indian Excise administration issued on July 28 by the India Office. Included also is an interesting despatch from Lord Crewe traversing the comments of the Government of India, and especially important by reason of its advocacy of local option in India, writes the "Manchester Guardian."

Regarding the recommendation of the temperance deputation that licences should be steadily reduced in number and that hours of sale should be further restricted by later opening and earlier closing, the Government of India state that replies received from the local Governments indicate considerable progress in the matter of reduction, and that though some limitation of hours has been undertaken in certain localities they do not consider that it would be advisable to press for further limitation at present.

With regard to the deputation's suggestion that the system of advisory committees should be extended to all municipalities and given power to deal with all licences, the Government of India state that advisory committees are at work in some urban areas, and that the system is being extended, but it is considered that the danger to be anticipated from the grant of full licensing powers to committees possessing a non-official majority is that a system of local option would thereby be created, the general effect of which would be antagonistic to temperance, since by retaining this power in the hands of experienced officers or of committees with official majorities they ensure its exercise by the one authority capable of forming an unbiassed opinion of getting or withholding licences.

THE AUCTION SYSTEM

The third recommendation of the deputation—"that the auction system of licensing should be superseded by a system of fixed licence fees"—the Government of India regards as admittedly controversial, and they remark upon the danger that under the system licences may pass into undesirable hands and practices encouraged which the local Excise staff will find a difficulty in suppressing. But they think an alteration may be desirable when possibly conditions governing prosperity become more settled, and for the present they do not regard the question as closed. As to the proposal of the deputation that the licensing functions be removed from the control of the Revenue Department and (with proper safeguards) placed in the hands of local committees or some other independent authority, the Government of India state that they can find no evidence that officers aim at securing a large Excise revenue through the increased consumption of intoxicants or receive any encouragement to do so from their superiors. They claim, in conclusion, that their policy is realising its avowed object of checking the increase of consumption, but they emphasise the desirability and necessity of resolute and sympathetic work by temperance leagues among the people themselves.

LORD CREWE'S REPLY.

Lord Crewe in his despatch replying to this communication observes that the general conclusion that the action of the Government has checked any widespread expansion of consumption over India as a whole is unfortunately qualified by the fact that in certain areas an increase, alike of consumption and of intemperance, must be faced. "Higher wages and a rising standard of prosperity, the growth of industrial and urban conditions, the relaxation of social and religious restrictions, and an imitation of Western manners in an unfortunate direction tend to and account for these local increases of consumption apart from any action of the Government." Lord Crewe states that he is watching with interest the experiments in the limitation of hours, and that these, if successful, may be followed in other parts of India which are not at present prepared for any change.

He expresses the hope that it may be found possible not to limit the functions of advisory committees merely to questions of the number and location of shops, and suggests that they should serve as a channel through which local opinion may be consulted in the matter of Excise. "It might," he suggests, "also be within their recognised sphere to call attention to special cases and localities in town or country in which it might seem desirable and likely to be in consonance with the wishes of the inhabitants that the ward or special area should be kept altogether immune from the sale of intoxicants. As to the granting of executive power to advisory committees, Lord Crewe says he can see no reason why, while their powers are of a consultative nature, these bodies need necessarily have an official majority.

As to the auction system of licensing, Lord Crewe refers to the success of the Bombay fixed fee system, and adds that while he would hesitate to override the objections felt by some local governments to the fixed fee system, he trusts that before long it may be possible to try experiments of a similar nature in different localities. In conclusion, Lord Crewe suggests the adoption for schools in India of the syllabus of lessons on temperance approved by the British Medical Association.

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(*Vide "The Lancet," March 30th 1912, page 897, and leading articles of the Medical Times," 30th 1911 page 781, et seq.*)

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The Cathedral (St. Thomas the Apostle), Church Gate Street. Clergy: Rev. C. D. T. Mason.—Senior Presidency Chaplain, Bombay.—7 a.m. Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m., Matins, 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral). Woodward in E. Flat. Hymns. 516, 255, 313, 558; 5-30 p.m. Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon; Canticles—Chants; Litany; Hymns 419, 270, 440. Collections for Choir Fund. Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m., and Evensong at 5-15 p.m., Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m., On Wednesday Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m.

St. Mary the Blessed Virgin, Parel.—Chaplain—Rev. H. Martindale, 8 a.m. Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 5-15 p.m.; Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon; Preacher: Rev. H. Martindale.

Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.—Chaplain: Rev. C. E. de Coetlogon; 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 10 a.m., Parade Service; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum.—Clergy: Rev. Canon R. S. Heywood, Rev. H. W. Lea-Wilson, Rev. T. W. Sharpley, Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi and Rev. L. Hari. 8 a.m. Holy Communion; 11 a.m., Morning Prayer, Litany and Sermon; 6.30 p.m. Evening prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon. Collection for the C. M. S. Up-country Missions. Marathi Service 9 a.m., Gujerati Service 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's Kamatipura (S. P. G.), Foras Road—Clergy: Rev. A. J. P. French, M.A., (Hindustani). Rev. J. Martin (Tamil). 7-30 a.m., Matins, Litany and Holy Communion (Urdu); 10 a.m., Matins, Litany and Holy Communion alternately (Tamil); 5 p.m., Evensong (Urdu).

All Saints Church, Malabar Hill. There will be no services at this Church till further notice.

Christ Church, Byculla.—Clergy: Rev. R. C. V. Hodge. 7-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 8-30 a.m. Matins; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

St. Nicholas Church, opposite Prince's Dock.—Chaplain (Vacant.) 9-45 a.m. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; 7 p.m. Evening Service and Sermon, Week days: 9 p.m. Evening Prayer.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road. Clergy: Rev. A. L. Bradbury. 8 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkadi (Chapel of Ease to St. Peter).—Clergy: Rev. Father Moore; Rev. J. H. Lord and Rev J. Londhe. 6-30 a.m., Holy Communion (English), 7-30 Holy Communion and Sermon (Marathi); 9 a.m., Morning Prayer and Sermon (Guzarati); 6-30 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon (Marathi).

St. Stephen the Martyr, Bandra Hill.—Chaplain: Rev. H. Martindale. 11 a.m., Matins, and Holy Communion.

The Good Shepherd, Dharavi (by Sion)—(Chapel of Ease to St. Paul)—Service by the Clergy of St. Paul's. 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion or Matins alternately; 5-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Tamil services conducted by Rev. J. Martyn.

St. Peter's Mazagon—Clergy: Rev. Fathers Biscoe, Tovey and R. Pearce. 6-30 a.m. Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m. Matins and Litany; 8 a.m. Choral Eucharist with Hymns; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon Alms for the Poor.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St. Andrew's Church (Church of Scotland), Apollo Street, Fort—Chaplain: The Rev. R. E. Lee, M.A., B. D. 9-30 a.m., Joint Service with United Free Church; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service. Collection for Imperial Indian Relief Fund.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—Chaplain: Rev. R. M. Gray, M.A.—9-30 a.m., United Service in St. Andrew's Church; 5 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Classes; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service; Preacher: Rev. R. M. Gray.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyterian Church. Girgaum Back Road.—9 a.m., Morning Service (Marathi). Preacher: Rev. M. B. Nikambe; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service (English).

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Clare Road, Byculla. Pastor: Rev. W. E. Blancroft 8-30 a.m., Sunday School; 9-45 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service; 8-45 p.m. Men's Social Hour in Union Hall.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder—Pastor: Rev. A. N. Warner, M.A.—11 a.m., Morning Service. Preacher: Rev. A. N. Warner; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service. Preacher: Rev. A. N. Warner.

WESLEYAN.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—8-30 a.m., Morning Service: Preacher: Rev. Frank Hart; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service: Preacher: Rev. A. Yeomans Wright; 5 p.m. Sunday School.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a.m. Morning Service: Preacher: Rev. A. Yeomans Wright; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service: Preacher: Rev. Frank Hart; 5 p.m. Sunday School.

BAPTIST.

Bombay Baptist Church (opposite Post Office) Middle Colaba. Minister Rev. Mr. A. E. Hubbard. 9 a.m., Morning Service, Rev. A. E. Hubbard; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service, Rev. A. E. Hubbard. Sunday School from 5 to 6 p.m. Bible Classes for Adults from 5-30 to 6-15 p.m.

CONGREGATIONAL.

American Mission Church—Hume Memorial Church, New Nagpada Road, Byculla—Pastor: Rev. John Malelu. 9 a.m., Sunday School, 10 a.m. Sunday School Teachers' Class; 3-15 p.m. Gospel Spreading Society; 4-30 p.m. Afternoon Service. Prayer meeting on Friday at 8-30 p.m.

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R. C. Cathedral, Kalbadevie. Vicar, Rev. Dr. B. De Monte.—7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy. The Jesuit Fathers, 6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

St. Anne's Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers; Vicar, Rev. Father Hutemacher, S. J.—6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m., 8-30 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

Rosary Church, Mazagon.—Vicar: Rev. M. X. Gomes.—Sunday Service, 5-30 a.m., 7 a.m., 8-30 a.m., and 6 p.m., Week days 6-15 a.m., and 6-45 a.m.

Holy Cross Church, Lower Parel, Clergy: Rev. P. E. Saldanha and Rev. J. A. Gomes.—6 a.m., Mass; 8 a.m., High Mass; 6 p.m., Benediction.

Gloria Church, Parel Road, Byculla, Vicar, Very Rev. L. C. Pera, Hours of Mass: 5-30; 7; and 9 a.m.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar, Acting Vicar: Rev. J. J. Dias, Sunday Services. Low Masses at 5-30, 7-30 a.m., 9 a.m., Evening Service 4-30 p.m., Daily Masses 6-30 and 7-30 a.m.

Cavel Church (Our Lady of Health). Vicar; Rev M. D'Sa.—Mass 7 and 8-30 a.m.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill, Bandra.—9-30 a.m., Mass.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul, (Barrow's Lane), Girgaum Road—Vicar: Rev. Fr. J. N. Coutinha 5, 5-30, 6-30, 7-30, 8-30 and 10-30 a.m., Masses; 6 p.m., Benediction.

St. Tersea's Chapel, Girgaum Tram Terminus.—Chaplain Rev. D. Remedious.—6-30 a.m., and 7-30 a.m., (Children's Mass); 8-30, 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Garrison Church (St. Joseph's Colaba)—Chaplain: Rev. Fr. F. Hillenkamp; S. J., Sunday, 8 a.m., Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p.m., Service of Benediction. Daily Mass at 7 a.m.

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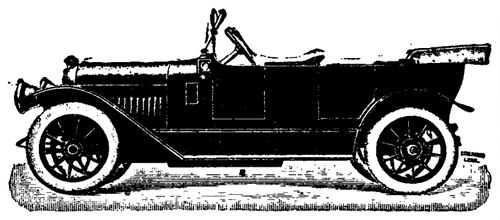

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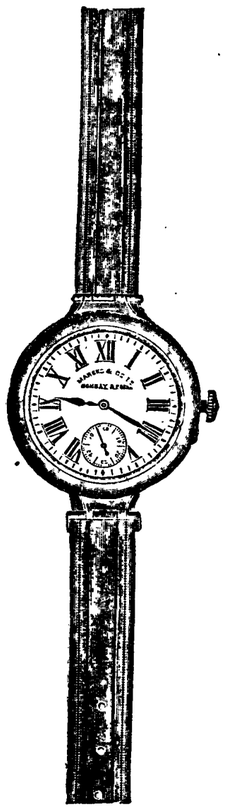

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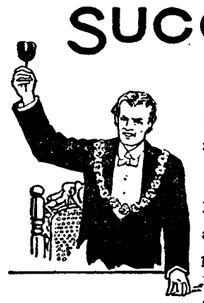

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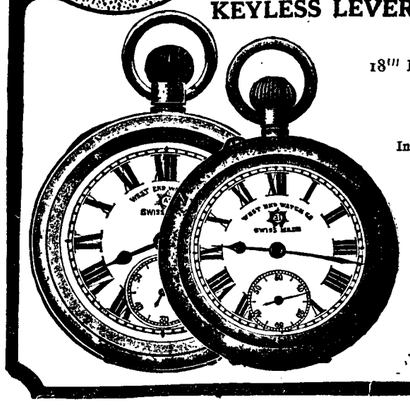

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TANGLE OF MANY MARRIAGES.

THRICE-WEDDED MAN AND WOMAN.

An extraordinary marriage tangle claimed the attention to Sir Samuel Evans, President of the Divorce Court, when the suit of Windle and Others v. The Attorney-General came before him on July 29th, says the "Daily News and Leader."

"The laws of wedlock seem to have been rather elastic in the view of some of the family" Sir Samuel remarked, after hearing details of the problem.

The petitioners were the three young children of Mr. Albert Bardsley Windle, of Blackpool, and they asked for a declaration that their father legally married their mother, Margaret Keelie, on Jan. 28 1909.

Mr. Barnard, K.C., for the petitioners, said the Attorney-General had put in an answer in which he did not admit the allegations made in the petition. On Jan. 28, 1909, Albert Bardsley Windle married Margaret Keelie widow, at the Independent Chapel, Victoria-street, Blackpool, and the three children were claiming to be the lawful children under that marriage.

MARRIAGE IN 1874.

It appeared that on Dec. 28, 1874, the petitioners' father went through a ceremony of marriage with Sophia Annie Elms at St. Mary's Church, Hull, and the question was whether that was a legal marriage. On July 17, 1907 Windle married Mary Ann Batchelor, who died in September of the same year, there being no children.

Last year there were proceedings in the Lancashire Chancer Court, and inquiries were made with the result that petitioners' father commenced divorce proceedings with regard to his marriage with Sophia Elms, who was still alive.

It was ascertained, counsel explained, that Sophia Elms had been married to a Thomas Christopher Rayner on Feb. 29, 1874, with whom she had lived at Cefnybodd, near Wrexham, where he worked in a paper mill. The divorce petition of Mr. Windle was dropped and these proceedings commenced on behalf of the three chilren.

After Sophia Elms left Mr. Windle she "married" another man named Houghton, and was now residing at Huddersfield She would be called to give evidence of her marriage to Rayner at the registry office, Wrexham. Another witness would state that she last saw Rayner in May, 1875, when he went away with a party to Brazil.

"NO CLAIM UPON HIM."

Sophia Annie Houghton (formerly Elms), residing at Wilson-yard, Castlegate, Huddersfield, gave evidence of marrying Rayner on the date stated. She added that after six months she saw him for the last time at Pendleton, Manchester. In December, 1874, when she went through a from of marriage with Mr. Windle, she was given to understand that she was not Rayner's wife, as Rayner had told her she had no claim upon him, as she had been married before.

The Judge: Had you any knowledge that Rayner was alive when you married Mr. Windle?—No, sir,

Albert Bardsley Windle, petitioner's father, said Elms, left him at Bolton in 1878. In July 1907, he married Mary Ann Batchelor, who died in the same year. In January, 1909, he married his present wife, with whom he was still living.

The Judge: By this time you had become a man of practically independent means?—Yes.

Did you ever hear of the marriage between Rayner and Elms?—Not until afterwards.

Did you know Rayner was alive?—I did not.

Did you think she was a widow?—No, a spinster.

Did she never tell you she had been married?—No.

EVIDENCE OF REGISTERS.

An official who was called said he had searched the marriage registers and could find only one marriage by Rayner, and that was with Elms.

His Lordship: I think the legitimacy of these three children has been established.

A declaration was made accordingly.

MORE CARLYLE LOVE LETTERS.

NEW LIGHT ON A GREAT ROMANCE.

New light is thrown on the relations of Carlyle and his wife by a number of letters published in the August "Nineteenth Century." Like the "New Love-Letters of Jane Welsh," published in January last, these letters, writes the "Daily News and Leader," were "stolen from Carlyle by a dishonest clerk whom he had engaged to do copying for him in the autumn of 1853, and dismissed for incompetency in the spring of 1857."

Mr. Alexander Carlyle, in giving them to the public, describes them as "perhaps most important documentary evidence that has yet come to light" in proof of the happiness of the Carlyle marriage. They will certainly add to the reputation of the happiness of the Carlyle marriage. They will certainly add to the reputation of the Carlyle and Jane Welsh letters as the most remarkable love-letters in the English language.

"AWFUL, YET DELICIOUS THOUGHT!"

Mrs. Carlyle's passionate devotion to her husband finds expression in a letter to "Dear, dear Cheap Cheap," dated 1827.:

Nay, it is no joke; to be separated from you even for one week, is *frightful*, as a foretaste of what it *might* be. But I will not think of this—if I can help it. And after all why should I think of *life without you?* Is not my Being interweaved with yours so close, so close that it *can* have no separate existence? Yes, surely we will live together and die together, and be together through all Eternity. Awful, yet delicious thought! But you will be calling this "French sentimentality," I fear; and even "the style of mockery" is better than that.

The most revealing of the letters were written in 1831, after the Carlyles had been married five years.

Carlyle having left Craigenputtock for London, his wife wrote after him:

I went to bed when the sound of your wheels could no longer be heard; and cried myself into a troubled sleep. The first thing that met my eyes on waking was your nightcap lying on my pillow; whereupon I fell a crying anew, and actually kissed it, I believe, tho' you know I hate red nightcaps.

WHEN MRS. CARLYLE SMOKED.

Her transports on receiving two letters from Carlyle simultaneously are described in one she wrote from Craigenputtock in September of the same year:

And now I was happy, happy—indeed too happy, for the intensity of the feeing was sickening. My fire burned clear, my candle was lit all in readiness; and I seated myself at my little taole (for one) and spread out both the letters before me, and tried to read them both at once; and finding that impossible even to Love, finally began with the beginning and read on to the end; at which point I felt a strong disposition to rush out into infinite space, and tell the dead craigs and running brooks that my Husband was well and took up with no other women! God help me! I am a great fool. "Now you will put yourself off your sleep, Mam," said Betty when she came in with porridge and found me walking at quick time about the room; and she never said a truer thing; for not one wink of sleep have I got this night. About one I rose. put on my dressing-gown lit my candle, looked vacantly on the "Dumfries Courier" for two hours, and—smoked half an inch of a cigar; not, I declare to thee, for the love of the cigar, but because I had a pleasure in mimicking thee. Then I returned to bed again.

A few days later she wrote in protest against their out-of-the-world life at Craigenputtock:

At Craigenputtock we have always had a secret suspicion that we were quite wrong; removed out of the sphere of human activity fully as much thro' cowardice as superior wisdom (am I not right in regard to you as well as myself?), and thus all our doings are without heart and our suffering without dignity. With a goal before me I feel I could leap six-bar gates. but how dispiriting, tethered on a barren heath, running round and round! Yet let it not be forgotten that at Craigenputtock you have written Teufelsdreck! Yes, the candle sometimes burns its way thro' the bushel; but what a waste of light!

JANE WELSH ON HERSELF.

Very interesting is the letter in which Jane Welsh sets down an estimate of her own talent in the days of her engagement:

I have less difficulty . . . in writing for the public. Love I find is a far more inspiring thing than ambition; but still I have no genius—no particle of genius. I write neither easily nor well; and my little narrative is so ennuyeuse that it will be an affliction for you to read to the end of it. However, there is no use in vexing myself about the matter. As Nature has made a sheep of me, and not an eagle, I cannot with all the straining in the world raise myself off the ground. Oh, Heaven! if I were not a sheep!

Her letters, however, leave us in no doubt about her genius. The love letters of the Carlyles will endure as surely as the letters of Horace Walpole or Charles Lamb.

TREATMENT OF CANCER.

AMERICAN SURGEONS ON NEED OF EARLY OPERATION.

American surgeons who are visiting England in connection with the Clinical Congress gave their impressions of visits paid to London clinics to representatives of the press. Twelve general and thirty special hospitals, in many of which are conducted both morning and afternoon clinics, are being visited daily by the American delegates, writes the "Manchester Guardian."

An interesting feature of the proceedings was the lecture given by Mr. Shattock at the Royal College of Surgeons on the origin of tumours on July 25. In general, Mr. Shattock said, cancer is not hereditary and not transmissible from one person to another, though it might be auto-inoculation of a direct contact be transferred from one portion of a person's body to another portion. At the London Hospital, he went on, a large number of operations on the stomach were performed. One of them was remarkable by reason of the fact that practically the entire stomach was removed by cancer. In such a case the upper part of the intestine takes up the work of the stomach, and in expert hands practically four-fifths of the persons undergoing the operation recover.

X-RAYS AND RADIUM.

The medical visitors were unanimous in urging that the cure of cancer is entirely dependent upon early operation. When the growth is removed in its early stage, they said, the patient is permanently cured. Taking cases as they actually occur, one-fourth of the patients remain well permanently, whereas they all perish in something like three years under any and all other forms of treatment. The medical profession, said the delegates, is looking forward with a great deal of hope for some cure by X-rays or by radium, but as yet nothing of the sort had been prefected, and the world's supply of radium was too small for its extensive use. At the present stage of knowledge of the subject the operation is the only method of cure for deep-seated cancer.

Other delegates witnessed some interesting surgery of the palate by Sir Arbuthnot Lane. This particular phase of surgical work is of especial interest, because in accordance with the most advanced views the proper time for operating in cases of cleft palate is in early infancy, as soon as the deformity is observed.

The delegates generally were highly commendatory in their general views on what they observed. "We were very much impressed with the nature of the organisation," they said. "When you enter a hospital in London everyone seems to know what is going on. The average of skill is what is going on. The average of skill is tcrs is perfect."

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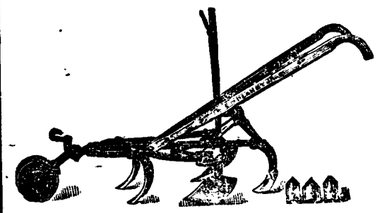

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PRIZE-GIVINGS.

THE BOY'S REAL THOUGHTS.

The few last prize-givings and praise-days, festivals for the body and the schoolmaster, are being held all over England in this last week of July; before the wonderful summer holiday begins, which to the boy seems likely to last as long as Time itself must, and to be an endless season of days spent out-of-doors, afterwards to be looked back upon, as by the poet in middle-age:—

And summer days, when we were young;
Sweet childish days that were as long
As twenty days are now.

It goes without saying that we envy them their sense of summer. We are not sure, however, that we envy them their prize-givings, says a correspondent in the "The Times."

The other day, at one of these, a certain depression seemed to descend upon all of us from the white-washed, but not white, walls, and to hover, as the evil genius of dullness, over the head of the headmaster, as he emitted sentiments of a racial and national importance from a platform. It was, indeed, not what one would call an important school. But what does that matter? All young people, in any school, are important, being, in themselves, to-morrow and the future as many of those present, parents mainly, were to-day; and the headmaster (as he would not forgive us for saying if he knew we were talking about him)—the headmaster, thus president on the platform, doubtless was yesterday and the past.

A DEPRESSING OCCASION.

The depression indicated came in great measure from his speech; though it may also have come a little from the heat of the hall, and from a vision of inky desks, thin-veiled by a red bunting; or perhaps, again, from the tablets on the walls to people who had once been at the school and died gloriously and been a credit and an advertisement to it. Or was it the singing of a hymn that depressed people?—or of a famous school song which reminded all the boys that, in 40 or 50 years, most of them would be bald and dull and perhaps successful—we will hope so for the school's sake—or, possibly, dead? If dead, please, gloriously dead, in a manner likely to do credit to the school! In the melancholy mood, first of Gray and "Eton College," then of the admirable Jowett urging youths to be an honour to Balliol, did the proceedings go. It was certainly not exhilarating.

We grew weary of seeing the head boy being given an unhealthy number of books, atrociously bound in livid calf, stamped with commemorative lettering. Again and again, this boy emerged, the other boys seeing an opportunity for a little row, and making, each time, more and more clatter of applause. His name, an abrupt, monosyllabic one, was read out, with the initials necessary to identify him, each time. Could they not have given him his calf-bound volumes all at once? And what were they giving him? Long ago—we of the present remembered—they gave such things as Wood's "Animal Life" with disgusting frequency. I received Wood, his "Animal Life," on five occasions; and I have never read it. Good Wood! But once would have been enough for him.

THE COMMONPLACES OF DUTY.

Thinking it over, dreamily, in the heat of that July afternoon, surrounded by hot faces, Eton jackets, tail coats, black cloth, white collars, and white gloves, I became aware that the head was again making a speech. Surely he had made one already—a racial and national one? Now he was making another. He was talking about the head boy. He was talking about other head boys, dead or distinguished. He was, in his pitiless speech, making the bald, the middle-aged, the boring young again by his reminiscences; and he was adding, at the same time, the first wrinkles of age, in the perplexity of *ennui*, to the youthful foreheads about him. He was mentioning names, and the names he mentioned were being noisily applauded. An irresistible stupor, induced by reminiscences and incitements to success, and if possible, virtue with success, or succes with virtue, came upon me. My attention, fixed on the great necessary commonplaces of Duty and Honour, Empire and Paternity, Germany and England, slowly flagged and ultimately failed.

And the eyes of several amongst us—parents or uncles or brothers—strayed to a minor flyhunt, going on by the window between several indifferent boys, not of an "Imperial" age. Moreover, the row behind ours contained two boys, whose, caseless fidgeting had by now reached a crisis in that kind of sporadic movement, and one of them—as, indeed, is frequently done in the stalls of London theatres—had lodged a firm foot full into the back of the man in front of him. That made the man fidget too, and a nervous disintegration set in all about, just as the head was approaching a peroration. There, at one end of the hall, fell upon us, as depressing rain, the mighty commonplaces of Duty. Boys, be this! Boys, do that! Boys, never forget! Boys, if you forget! And not one of the boys near me seemed to be heeding in the least. How, then, could they hope to remember? At last, from one of them behind me, to another situated near him, came, in a hissing whisper, this:—"I say, what price the feed afterwards?"

THE SPEAKER AND THE AUDIENCE.

Refreshing phrase, in that prize-giving ceremony! It foreshadowed the future for us, yet recalled the past, as it struck against us, the present, and against him, the head. Past, prehistoric, he rolled on, very like a school-master, genial, and seeming to "understand boys," and showing how well he understood them by expecting them to listen to all that. But, perhaps, confessedly, he preached only to the parents. Then why did he cry, "Boys, boys," vainly? He should have remembered the "feed" after that.

That remark about the feed—query, as to the price or prospects of it—seemed, in our fancy, to symbolize, but not to bridge, a chasm between the platform, the peroration, and the dim last bench, with its boots planted in one's back and its expectation of edibles. Of course, of course! We, too, once knew that appetite, those pangs of the stomach; and, while we knew them, what thought had we of Empire, or at any rate of being this, doing that, remembering the other, and not forgetting the rest? "Boys, boys," as a cry, rang out most vainly upon us. We loathed speeches. For prizes—or their absence—how little did we care! Food, lovely food that followed, strawberries, ices, coffee, cream—these were the boy's thoughts at a prize-giving.

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